## Faculty Senate Minutes #361

**September 30, 2010** 

3:20 PM

**Room 630 T** 

<u>Present</u> (40): Andrea Balis, Spiros Bakiras, Elton Beckett, Ben Bierman, Erica Burleigh, Elise Champeil, Sergei Cheloukhine, Demi Cheng, Kathleen Collins, Lyell Davies, Virginia Diaz-Mendoza, Edgardo Diaz Diaz, James DiGiovanna, Jennifer Dysart, DeeDee Falkenbach, Beverly Frazier, Robert Garot, Jay Gates, Katie Gentile, Lior Gideon, Norman Groner, Maki Haberfeld, Jay Hamilton, Olivera Jokic, Karen Kaplowitz, Tom Litwack, Vincent Maiorino, Xerxes Malki, Evan Mandery, Isabel Martinez, David Munns, Frank Pezzella, Raul Rubio, Richard Schwester, Francis Sheehan, Staci Strobl, Patricia Tovar, Fritz Umbach, Monica Varsanyi, Valerie West

<u>Absent</u> (9): William Allen, Marvie Brooks, Terry Furst, Nivedita Majumdar, Roz Myers, Paul Narkunas, Richard Ocejo, Richard Perez, Rick Richardson

<u>Invited Guests</u>: Professor Lou Guinta, Professor Bonnie Nelson

**Guest:** Professor Ned Benton

#### **AGENDA**

- 1. Adoption of the agenda
- 2. Announcements & Reports
- 3. Approval of Minutes #360 of the September 15, 2010, meeting
- 4. Ratification of election slates
- 5. Proposed change to the Honorary Degree Procedure
- 6. Technology Advisory Committee: Professors Bonnie Nelson & Lou Guinta
- 7. Proposed Forgiveness Policy: Faculty Senate Executive Committee
- 8. Report on the Budget: Senators Jay Hamilton, Karen Kaplowitz, Francis Sheehan
- 1. Adoption of the agenda. Approved.
- 2. Announcements & Reports [Attachment A]
- 3. Adoption of Minutes #360 of the September 15, 2010, meeting. Approved.

## 4. Ratification of election slates: [Attachment B]

The election slates were approved.

A motion was made and unanimously adopted that the Faculty Senate's position is that faculty members on the Online Task Force and on the Year Round Task Forces and on all task forces/committees having to do with academic matters, including but not limited to curriculum and pedagogy, should comprise at least a majority of the membership.

# 5. <u>Proposed change to the Honorary Degree Procedure</u>: Executive Committee [Attachment C]

The proposal from the Executive Committee to extend eligibility for membership on the Committee on Honorary Degrees to tenured assistant professors was approved by unanimous vote. This proposal will now be sent to the College Council for its approval.

# 6. <u>Student Technology Fee Committee:</u> Invited Guests: Professors Bonnie Nelson & Lou Guinta, Co-Chairs, Faculty Senate Technology Advisory Committee [Attachment D]

Professors Bonnie Nelson and Lou Guinta, co-chairs of the Faculty Senate's Technology Advisory Committee and members of the College's Student Technology Fee Committee, reported that they had just come from a Student Tech Fee Committee meeting and that, having learned that the issue of faculty membership on the Committee was on the agenda of today's Faculty Senate meeting, VP Pignatello announced he is expanding the Committee membership so that in addition to the additional two administrators who had been added to the Committee membership, there will also be two additional faculty members and two additional students, as recommended by the Senate's Technology Committee and also by Senate President Karen Kaplowitz. Professor Guinta noted that the Student Tech Fee now generates about \$2.8 million a year at John Jay and both he and Professor Nelson said that the Student Tech Fee Committee has worked very well with its equal membership of three administrators, three faculty, and three students. And so there will now be five administrators, five faculty, and five students, which had been the proposal the Senate would have voted on today, had this not already been resolved. Professors Guinta and Nelson were thanked and applauded by the Senate for their excellent co-chairship of the Senate's Tech Committee and for their dedicated work, along with Professor Peter Shenkin, on the Student Tech Fee Committee.

## 7. Proposed Forgiveness Policy: Faculty Senate Executive Committee [Attachment E]

The Senate requested further information on the following questions and topics:

#1. How would the proposed policy be fair to students who work really hard and who really, really struggle and maintain, for ex, a 2.2 GPA, and stay at JJ, are therefore are not dismissed for academic reasons, and therefore do not have any of their grades wiped out? The question is: would we be advantaging students who fail and must leave over those who succeed.

- #2. How many students are we talking about?
- #3. Should we put limits on the number of credits students can have forgiven? Can a student transfer with 45 credits earned at a community college and have all those 45 credits forgiven? Should that be limited?
- #4. What would the impact be on our retention?
- #5. Would/could/should the policy apply to students who are not dropped for academic reasons, have a 2.1 GPA (for example), who decide to transfer to a community college earn a 2.5 gpa and an associate degree? If not, why not? If so, is this unfair to those who do not transfer out?
- #6. What are our transfer policies: do students get credit for all courses they pass at JJ when they transfer to a community college, even courses for which they've received the grade of C-, D +, D, and D- grades?
- #7. What are the financial aid implications of such a forgiveness policy?
- #8. Is the rule that the grades a student receives while at a community college (or at another senior college) do not count when a student transfers to John Jay a John Jay rule or a CUNY rule?
- #9. Would not this policy mean that students who do really poorly, fail out, then transfer back with a clean slate, have an advantage over students who struggle and manage to be above a 2.0 gpa when it comes to awards, scholarships, etc, in cases where gpa is taken into account?
- #10. What are the forgiveness policies at the other CUNY colleges?

# 8. Report on the Budget: Senators Jay Hamilton, Karen Kaplowitz, Francis Sheehan [Attachment F, G]

President Kaplowitz walked the Senate through the Power Point budget presentation given to the College Budget & Planning Committee on September 20 [Attachment F]. The Senate was also directed to a transcript of statements by CUNY Board of Trustees Chair Benno Schmidt on August 30 about the budget situation [Attachment G].

The meeting was adjourned at 5 pm.

## PMP 2009-10 Year-End Data Report Road Map

KEY INDICATORS					-			
	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009	Change Since Previous Year	Change Since Baseline Year	Running
Percentage of instructional FTEs taught by full-time faculty	37.9	40.5	41.6	42.7	45.1	€ 2.4	<b>★</b> 7.2	41.6
	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
Mean teaching hours of veteran full-time faculty	7.7	6.9	6.9	7.2	7.7	\$ 0.5	- 0.0	7.3
Mean teaching hours of full-time faculty eligible for contractual	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009	_		
elease time	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.6	₹ -0.4	♣ -0.4	6.9
Percentage of students passing freshman composition with C or petter (Eng 101, Eng 201, EngS 095)	F 2005	F 2006 76.7	F 2007 77.5	F 2008	F 2009	<b>-</b> -0.1	<b>▲</b>	70.2
	11.9	10.1	11.5	82.2	82.1	▼ -0.1	4.2	79.3
ercentage of students passing gateway mathematics courses	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009		}	
vith C or better (Math 104, Math 105, Math 108, Math 141)	61.4	63.0	60.1	61.6	59.8	₹ -1.8	<b>₹</b> -1.6	61.2
Percentage of required test-takers passing the CUNY Proficiency Exam (CPE pass rate)	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
	93.7	91.8	89.9	91.8	89.7	₹ -2.1	<b>₹</b> -4.0	91.4
verage number of credits earned by full-time first-time freshmen n baccalaureate programs in the first 12 months (fall, winter, spring	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008			
nd summer terms)	22.8	22.7	23.5	23.4	23.8	<b>1</b> 0.4	<b>1 1.0 1.0</b>	23.2
-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008			
n baccalaureate programs still enrolled in college of entry 1 year ater	72.7	74.0	74.1	72.3	74.9	\$ 2.6	<b>1</b>	73.6
-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008			
n associate programs still enrolled in college of entry 1 year later	64.0	62.5	63.0	63.1	67.3	常 4.2	₡ 3.3	64.0
-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time reshmen in bachelor programs who graduated from college of	F 1999	F 2000	F 2001	F 2002	F 2003			
entry within 6 years	35.7	42.3	42.1	42.7	41.7	<b>♥</b> -1.0	<b>★</b> 6.0	40.9
-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time reshmen in associate programs who graduated from college of	F 1999	F 2000	F 2001	F 2002	F 2003			
ntry within 6 years	24.7	25.2	26.0	24.3	26.6	常 2.3	常 1.9	25.4
	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
otal Enrollment	14,295	14,645	14,841	14,844	15,330	₩ 486	<b>№ 1,035</b>	14,791
lean SAT score of regularly-admitted first-time freshmen enrolled	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
i baccalaureate programs	958	941	931	943	942	<b>₹</b> -1	<b>₹</b> -16	943
		FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	]		
otal Voluntary Support (weighted rolling average)		\$986,184	\$2,227,428	\$3,597,305	\$6,364,597	\$2,767,292	\$6,364,597	\$2,635,10
stitutional Support Services (administrative services) as a ercentage of total tax levy budget	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009			
,	26.1	25.1	25.3	24.4	23.9	-0.5	<b>♣ -2.2</b>	25.0
	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010			
Grants & contracts awarded (weighted, rolling, 3-year average)	\$6,583,688	\$9,705,446	\$12,896,015	\$15,275,879	\$18,277,464	\$3,001,585	<b>\$11,693.776</b>	\$12,547,69

## PMP 2009-10 Year-End Data Report Road Map

**GOAL: Improve Student Success** 

Objective 3: Ensure that all students receive a quality general education and effective instruction.

Target 3.2: Colleges will improve basic skills and ESL outcomes.								
Percentage of non-ESL SEEK bachelor degree students who pass	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	Change Since Previous Year	Change Since Baseline Year	Running Average
all basic skills tests within one year	71.2	80.1	66.3	75.5	72.5	<b>♣</b> -3.0	£ 1.3	73.1
Context: Number of non-ESL SEEK students	177	141	187	159	229	4 -0.0	1.0	, 0.1
Context. Number of Horrest Seek Students	177	141	107	109	223			
Percentage of ESL students (SEEK and regular) who pass all basic	F 2003	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007			
skills tests within two years (Note: fewer than 25 students)	33.3	33.3	60.0	60.0	42.9	<b>₹</b> -17.1	₾ 9.6	45.9
Context: Number of ESL students (SEEK and regular)	6	15	5	5	7		1-	
No. of the state o	SU 2005	SU 2006	SU 2007	SU 2008	SU 2009			
Percentage of entering first-time freshmen who increased their reading basic skills test score over the summer	87.5	83.3	90.5	93.1	96.0	1 2.9	<b>8.5</b> 8.5	90.1
Context: Average increase in basic skills reading test score	14.8	14.6	14.9	15.8	17.1	* Z.5		30.1
	011.0005	611 2000	C11 0007	011.0000	CILORO			
Percentage of entering first-time freshmen who increased their	SU 2005	SU 2006	SU 2007	SU 2008	SU 2009	<b>⊣</b>	l <b>.</b>	
vriting (essay) basic skills test score over the summer	75.9	65.4	75.6	86.1	71.0	♣ -15.1	<b>♣</b> -4.9	74.8
Context: Average increase in basic skills essay test score	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.9	1.5			
Percentage of entering first-time freshmen who increased their	SU 2005	SU 2006	SU 2007	SU 2008	SU 2009			
nath COMPASS 1 (arithmetic) basic skills test score over the	87.0	89.2	91.0	90.8	96.2	- 5.4	9.2	90.8
Context: Average increase in math COMPASS 1 test score	13.1	15.3	13.4	14.1	20.1	<sup>80</sup> 5.4	§ 3.2	30.0
Onext. Average increase in main Compass 1 lest score	13.7	10.0	10.4	(7.1	20.7			
Percentage of entering first-time freshmen who increased their nath COMPASS 2 (algebra) basic skills test score over the	SU 2005	SU 2006	SU 2007	SU 2008	SU 2009			
ummer	90.3	89.5	88.9	87.2	90.2	<b>7</b>	<b>₹</b> -0.1	89.2
Context: Average increase in math COMPASS 2 test score	12.2	10.7	10.5	11.4	15.8	* 5.0	1 30.1	03.2
oniexi. Average increase in main compass z test store	12.2	10.7	10.5	11.4	75.0			
ssociate Programs: Exiting Remediation	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
ass rate in reading on exit from remediation	56.1	69.0	58.2	67.6	62.4	<b>♣</b> -5.2	<b>1</b> 6.3	62.7
ass rate in writing on exit from remediation	65.4	62.1	65.7	65.6	59.1	♣ -6.5	<b>₹</b> -6.3	63.6
ass rate in math on exit from remediation	68.4	51.6	42.2	41.1	53.6	₡ 12.5	₹ -14.8	51.4
ercentage of associate degree students not fully skills proficient	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
pon initial testing who have met basic skills proficiency by the 0th credit	53.4	67.5	72.5	71.5	74.9	- 3.4	\$ 21.5	68.0
Context: % initially not proficient in reading who have met proficiency	80.2	84.5	77.5	86.6	92.0	2 3.4	* 21.5	00.0
Context: % initially not proficient in reading who have met proficiency	77.9	86.0	89.8	84.6	91.4	1		
Context: % initially not proficient in math who have met proficiency	45.0	62.9	71.1	71.3	69.1			
Percentage of instructional FTEs in lower division courses	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
lelivered by full-time faculty	32.3	35.1	38.7	39.3	1 2000	1		
arget 3.3: Colleges will improve student academic performance partury.	articularly in t	he first 60 cre	dits of					
Percentage of students passing freshman composition with a C or	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
etter (Eng 101, Eng 201, EngS 095)	77.9	76.7	77.5	82.2	82.1	<b>▼</b> -0.1	\$ 4.2	79.3
	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F <b>2009</b>			
ercentage of students passing gateway mathematics courses vith a C or better (Math 104, Math 105, Math 108, Math 141)	61.4	63.0	60.1	61.6	59.8	<b>♣</b> -1.8	<b>♣</b> -1.6	61.2
Context: Percentage of students passing freshman composition and	01.4	03.0	00.1	01.0	33.0	1.0	-1.0	01.2
ateway mathematics courses with a C or better	69.7	70.0	69.0	72.0	71.0		<u> </u>	
arget 3.4: Show and pass rates on the CUNY Proficiency Exam wi	l increase.							
•	1	E 2006	E 2007	E 2000	E 3000			
ercentage of required invitees who took the CUNY Proficiency exam (CPE show rate)	F 2005 70.9	F 2006 82.8	F 2007 85.3	F 2008 86.4	F 2009 83.6	-2.8	€ 12.7	81.8
·								
ercentage of required test-takers passing the CUNY Proficiency	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009	<b>↓</b> _	_	
Exam (CPE pass rate)	93.7	91.8	89.9	91.8	89.7	<b>₹</b> -2.1	-4.0	91,4

## PMP 2009-10 Year-End Data Report Road Map

**GOAL: Improve Student Success (cont.)** 

Objective 4: Increase retention and graduation rates and ensure students make timely progress toward degree completion (cont.).

Target 4.2: Retention rates will increase progressively.								
Baccalaureate Programs:	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	Change Since Previous Year	Change Since Baseline Year	Runnin Avereg
1-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs still enrolled in college of entry 1 year later	72.7	74.0	74.1	72.3	74.9	<b>1</b> 2.6	\$ 2.2	73.6
2-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen	F 2003	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007			
in baccalaureate programs still enrolled in college of entry 2 years later	62.8	57.2	56.3	58.7	59.6	1 0.9	₩ -3.2	58.9
1-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008			
baccalaureate programs still enrolled in college of transfer 1 year later or earned degree pursued	74.4	77.9	74.5	74.1	77,4	\$ 3.3	\$ 3.0	75.7
2-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into	F 2003	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007			
baccalaureate programs still enrolled in college of transfer 2 years later or earned degree pursued	64.7	62.7	66.9	67.3	63.1	₩ -4.2	<b>♣</b> -1.6	64.9
Associate Programs:						- )		
1-Year Retention Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in associate programs still enrolled in college of entry 1 year later	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	_		
Context: 1-year Retention Rate (System rate): Percentage of full-time	64.0	62.5	63.0	63.1	67.3	<b>★ 4.2</b>	\$ 3.3	64.0
first-time freshmen in associate programs still enrolled in any CUNY college 1 year later	68.7	66.6	68.2	68.2	71.5			
Target 4.3: Graduation rates will progressively increase in associate  Baccalaureate Programs:	e, baccalaure	ate and mast	er's programs					
1	F 2001	F 2002 20.7	F 2003 23.1	F 2004	F 2005 19.0	-2.2	₩ -0.4	20.7
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years	F 2001 19.4	F 2002 20.7	F 2003 23.1	F 2004 21.2	19.0	<b>↓</b> -2.2	<b>4</b> -0.4	20.7
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of	F 2001 19.4 F 1999	F 2002 20.7 F 2000	F 2003 23.1 F 2001	F 2004 21.2 F 2002	19.0 F 2003			
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time	F 2001 19.4	F 2002 20.7	F 2003 23.1	F 2004 21.2	19.0	<b>♣</b> -2.2	<b>4</b> -0.4	
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into	F 2001 19.4 F 1999	F 2002 20.7 F 2000	F 2003 23.1 F 2001	F 2004 21.2 F 2002	19.0 F 2003			20.7
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7	19.0 F 2003 41.7			40:9
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7 F 2001 50.4	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8	19.0 F 2003 41.7 F 2005 52.8	♣ -1.0	₡ 6.0	407.9
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7 F 2001	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004	19.0 F 2003 41.7 F 2005	♣ -1.0	₡ 6.0	40:9 50.4
Baccalaureate Programs: 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years 4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years 6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years	F 2001  19.4  F 1999  35.7  F 2001  50.4  F 1999	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0 F 2000	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002	19.0 F 2003 41.7 F 2005 52.8 F 2003	<b>↓</b> -1.0	<b>\$ 6.0</b>	40:9 50.4
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within	F 2001  19.4  F 1999  35.7  F 2001  50.4  F 1999	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0 F 2000	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002	19.0 F 2003 41.7 F 2005 52.8 F 2003	<b>↓</b> -1.0	<b>\$ 6.0</b>	
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7 F 2001 50.4 F 1999 50.0	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0 F 2000 50.5	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001 58.6	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002 57.3	19.0 F 2003 41.7 F 2005 52.8 F 2003	<b>↓</b> -1.0	<b>\$ 6.0</b>	40:9 50.4 54.5
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years  Master's Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of master's students graduating within 4 years of entry into master's program  Associate Programs:	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7 F 2001 50.4 F 1999 50.0	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0 F 2000 50.5	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001 58.6 F 2003	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002 57.3 F 2004	19.0  F 2003  41.7  F 2005  52.8  F 2003  56.0	<b>4</b> -1.0 <b>4</b> 4.0 <b>4</b> -1.3	<ul><li></li></ul>	40:9 50.4 54.5
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers within 6 years  Master's Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of master's students graduating within 4 years of entry into master's program  Associate Programs:  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in associate programs graduating from college of entry	F 2001  19.4  F 1999  35.7  F 2001  50.4  F 1999  50.0  F 2001  60.2	F 2002 20.7 F 2000 42.3 F 2002 50.0 F 2000 50.5 F 2002 61.5	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001 58.6 F 2003 54.6	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002 57.3 F 2004 65.5	19.0  F 2003  41.7  F 2005  52.8  F 2003  56.0  F 2005  61.9	<ul><li>4.0</li><li>4.0</li><li>4.3</li><li>4.3</li></ul>	章 6.0 章 2.4 章 6.0	40:9 50.4 54.5 60.7
Baccalaureate Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in baccalaureate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 4 years  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time transfers into baccalaureate programs graduating from college of transfer within 6 years  Master's Programs:  4-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of master's students graduating within 4 years of entry into master's program  Associate Programs:  6-Year Graduation Rate: Percentage of full-time first-time freshmen in associate programs graduating from college of entry within 6 years	F 2001 19.4 F 1999 35.7 F 2001 50.4 F 1999 50.0 F 2001 60.2	F 2002 20.7  F 2000 42.3  F 2002 50.0  F 2000 50.5  F 2002 61.5	F 2003 23.1 F 2001 42.1 F 2003 49.8 F 2001 58.6 F 2003 54.6	F 2004 21.2 F 2002 42.7 F 2004 48.8 F 2002 57.3 F 2004 65.5	19.0  F 2003  41.7  F 2005  52.8  F 2003  56.0  F 2005  61.9	<b>4</b> -1.0 <b>4</b> 4.0 <b>4</b> -1.3	<ul><li></li></ul>	40:9 50.4 54.5
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## PMP 2009-10 Year-End Data Report Road Map

## GOAL: Enhance Financial and Management Effectiveness

Objective 7: Increase or maintain access and enrollment; facilitate movement of eligible students to and among CUNY campuses.

·	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009	Change Since Previous Year	Change Since Baseline Year	Runnin
Total Enrollment	14,295	14,645	14,841	14,844	15,330	↑ 486	<b>®</b> 1035	Average 14,79
Total FTEs	11,076	11,385	11,468	11,348	12,042	<b>1</b>	₩ 1655 ₩ 966	11,46
First-time Freshmen	2,704	2,783	2,813	2,442	2,872	<b>3</b> 430	168	2,723
ransfers	1,022	1,080	997	1,207	1,193	<b>₽</b> -14	± 100 ★ 171	1,100
Context: New Non-degree Undergraduates	107	113	225	294	137	<b>■</b> -157	1 30	175
ontext: Continuing Undergraduates (degree & non-degree)	8.005	8.116	8,253	8.317	8,389	↑ 72	\$ 384	8,216
Context: Undergraduate Re-admits	598	692	608	683	755	₩ 72	± 157	667
otal Undergraduates	12,436	12,784	12,896	12,943	13,346	<b>1</b> 403	\$ 910	12,88
lew Graduates	585	506	567	573	582	1 100	₩ -3	563
Context: New Non-degree Graduates	80	103	119	15	67	<b>№</b> 52	<b>₹</b> -13	77
Context: Continuing Graduates (degree & non-degree)	1,147	1,201	1,189	1,240	1,245	* 52 * 5	± 98	1,204
Context: Graduates Re-admits	47	51	70	73	90	± 17	± 43	66
otal Graduates	1,859	1,861	1,945	1,901	1,984	* 17 * 83	125 125	1,910
	.,,	1,001	1,010	.,00	.,	* 03	* 123	',510
	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10			
lumber of seats filled in Adult and Continuing Education courses	8,707	11,208	9,098	16,613	9,380	<b>₽</b> -7233	<b>1</b>	11,00
taribus of boats fined in Addit and bolishang Education sources	-,, -,	,====	2,000	,	5,000	7 - 7200	** 0/3	11,00
Mean SAT score of regularly-admitted first-time freshmen enrolled	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
n baccalaureate programs	958	941	931	943	942	-  	<b>₽</b> -16	943
Context: Mean SAT score of regularly-admitted first-time freshmen	000	<b>V</b> 1.	•••	0.10	V-1=	1	1 -10	343
nrolled in baccalaureate programs, excluding ESL	960	943	934	944	943			
Mean College Admissions Average of regularly-admitted first-time	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
reshmen enrolled in baccalaureate programs	79.9	80.5	81.6	81.1	81.2	1 0.1	<b>1.3</b>	80.9
i Farget 7.2: All colleges will increase the percentage of their TIPPS e	equivalency e	valuations by	May 1, 2009.			İ		
Percentage of course evaluations completed in TIPPS (excluding		2007	2008	2009	2010	,		
pecial courses, electives and non-credit courses)		61.5	98.2	100.0	99.8	₩ -0.2	\$ 99.8	71.9
Context: % of evaluated courses designated as non-transferable		6.6	4.2	3.9	3.9			
laccalaureate Programs:	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
Context: Number of transfers to JJay from CUNY AA/AS programs	276	306	155	337	338	_		
Context: Number of transfers to JJay from CUNY AAS programs	53	50	66	66	86			
Context: Total number of transfers from CUNY AA/AS/AAS	329	356	221	403	424			
ssociate Programs:								
Context: Percentage of JJay AS recipients who transferred to a CUNY	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09			
accalaureate program	62.4	72.8	60.7	62.9	58.7			
Context: Average first term GPA of transfers from AS programs to	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009			
accalaureate programs	2.37	2.44	2.41	2.40	2.55			
						1	I	ſ
Context: 1-year retention rate of JJay AS recipients who transferred to	F 2004	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008		}	

## PMP 2009-10 Year-End Data Report Road Map

GOAL: Enhance Financial and Management Effectiveness (cont)

Objective 9: Improve administrative services.

Target 9.2: Student satisfaction with administrative services will ris	e or remain hi	gh at all CUN	Y colleges.					
	\$ 2002	S 2004	\$ 2006	S 2008	S 2010	Change Since Previous Year	Change Since Baseline Year	Running Average
Student satisfaction with administrative services	2.80	2.95	3.01	2.89	2.90	₡ 0.01	\$ 0.10	2.91
Target 9.3: The percentage of instruction delivered on Fridays, nigh students and use facilities fully.	nts, or weeken	ds will rise C	UNY-wide, to I	better serve				
	F 2005	F 2006	F 2007	F 2008	F 2009		ļ	
Percentage of FTES offered on Fridays, evenings or weekends	35.9	37.4	38.9	37.3	40.3	<b>☆ 3.0</b>	<b>\$ 4.4</b>	38.0

#### **ATTACHMENT B**

## Agenda Item #4: Ratification of Election Slates

## **Ceremonial Occasions Committee:**

Karen Kaplowitz – English Ekaterina Korobkova – Science Patricia Tovar – Anthropology

## **Faculty Senate Technology Committee**

Anthony Carpi – Science

Joshua Clegg - Psychology

Lou Guinta – Communication & Theater Arts (Co-Chair)

Bilal Khan – Mathematics

Richard Lovely - Sociology

Peter Mameli – Public Management

Peter Moskos - Law, PS & CJA

Bonnie Nelson – Library (Co-Chair)

Patrick O'Hara – Public Management

Jason Rauceo - Science

Alexander Schultz - English

Ellen Sexton – Library

Peter Shenkin - Mathematics

Maggie Smith - Law, PS & CJA

Liliana Soto-Fernandez – Foreign Languages & Literature

Robert Till – Protection Management

Adam Wandt - Public Management

Valerie West - Criminal Justice

Alan Winson – Communication & Theater Arts

liaison to Senate Executive Committee: Karen Kaplowitz

## FYI (Appointed membership):

## Task Force on Online Instruction (revised membership)

Anthony Carpi - Science

Robert Garot – Sociology

Norman Groner – Protection Management

Staci Strobl - Law, PS, CJA

Adam Wandt – Public Management

#### **ATTACHMENT C**

## John Jay College Procedure for Awarding Honorary Degrees

## Proposed additions are underlined; proposed deletions are bracketed:

Honorary degrees shall be awarded in accordance with the City University of New York Bylaws and the Guidelines of the Board of Trustees. The procedure shall be as follows:

- Any member of the John Jay community may nominate a person for an honorary degree. To be valid, nominations for honorary degrees must be received by the Committee on Honorary Degrees by a date established and publicized to the College community by the Committee.
- 2. a. The Committee on Honorary Degrees shall consist of seven tenured full-time members of the faculty, who hold the rank of <u>assistant professor</u>, associate professor, <u>professor</u>, <u>distinguished professor</u> [or above], and who are nominated by, but not restricted to, members of the Faculty Senate and who are elected by the full-time faculty in a mail ballot to serve three-year terms. Members of the Committee may stand for election to additional three-year terms, upon nomination by the Faculty Senate. The counting of ballots shall be conducted by the Committee on Faculty Elections.
  - b. The members of the Committee on Honorary Degrees shall elect the chairperson of the Committee, for a two-year term, from among the members of the Committee. The Chair may be elected by the Committee for additional 2-year terms.
- 3. The Committee on Honorary Degrees shall examine, on a confidential basis and, except for the chairperson of the Committee, without knowledge of the identity of the nominators, the credentials of nominees for honorary degrees and shall recommend, in a timely fashion, worthy candidates to the Faculty Senate.
- 4. The Faculty Senate shall meet in closed session, which shall be open only to members of the Faculty Senate and any guest(s) invited by the Senate or its Executive Committee, to consider the candidates recommended by the Committee. After confidential deliberation, and without knowledge of the identity of the nominators, the Faculty Senate shall vote on the proposed candidates and shall forward the names of those candidates who have been approved for an honorary degree by a three-quarters affirmative vote of those members of the Faculty Senate present and voting to the President of the College for his or her approval and transmission to the Chancellor and the Board of Trustees for their approval.
- 5. If the number of honorary degree candidates approved by the Faculty Senate exceeds the number of honorary degrees that the CUNY Board of Trustees permits be granted at an academic convocation or commencement ceremony, then the Faculty Senate shall vote by secret ballot to rank order the approved candidates and shall transmit its recommendations to the President of the College.

- 6. It shall be the responsibility of the President of the College, or of his or her designee, to inform forthwith each candidate approved by the Faculty Senate and by the President to receive an honorary degree that he or she has been so selected. In addition, the President of the College, or designee, shall inform the candidate that the conferral of the honorary degree is conditional on the approval of the CUNY Chancellor and of the CUNY Board of Trustees and that it is also conditional on the candidate's attendance at the commencement or convocation ceremony at which the award is to be conferred, which is a requirement of the CUNY Board of Trustees.
- 7. If a candidate approved by the Faculty Senate and informed by the President of the College agrees to accept the honorary degree but is unable to attend the commencement ceremony or convocation, then the invitation shall be extended by the President of the College until the following commencement or convocation, but such an extension shall be for a maximum of one year.
- 8. An invitation or an extension of an invitation to receive an honorary degree shall be rescinded if the Faculty Senate, in consultation with the Committee on Honorary Degrees, or the President of the College, in consultation with the Faculty Senate and the Committee on Honorary Degrees, determines that this is in the best interests of the College.
- 9. The Faculty Senate shall recommend to the President of the College which candidate or candidates shall be invited to speak at the commencement or convocation ceremony, although it shall be the right of the President to make the final decision as to who shall be the speaker(s).
- 10. The awarding of honorary degrees shall accord with the principles of pluralism and diversity to which the University is committed.

Faculty - definition: Faculty for the purposes of this Procedure comprises those full-time members of the faculty who hold the rank of distinguished professor; professor; associate professor; assistant professor; instructor; lecturer; distinguished lecturer.

These procedures were proposed by the John Jay Faculty Senate and Approved by the John Jay College Council in 1989

They were subsequently revised by the Faculty Senate and College Council 2009

**Explanation:** Currently, only tenured associate, full, and distinguished professors may serve on the Committee on Honorary Degrees. The proposal is to add tenured assistant professors to those eligible to serve. The current rule eliminates many faculty members who could serve with distinction and the 7-year tenure clock makes the current rule onerous.

#### ATTACHMENT D

To: Faculty Senate

From: Professors Bonnie Nelson & Lou Guinta

Re: Student Technology Fee Committee membership

In 2002, the CUNY Board of Trustees adopted a policy whereby every full-time student must pay a \$75 per semester fee to be used for technology that will benefit students, including instruction of students. (Part-time students pay half that fee.) This adds up to more than \$1.5 million per year at John Jay. The Chancellor mandated that every college create a Student Technology Fee Committee which is to include faculty and students, as well as administrators and that the appropriate governance bodies select the members. At John Jay it was decided, in consultation with the Faculty Senate, that the membership would be 1/3 students, 1/3 faculty, and 1/3 administrators and that the committee would have 9 members. The Faculty Senate elected Professors Bonnie Nelson, Lou Guinta, and Anthony Carpi. (When Professor Carpi stepped down, the Senate elected Professor Peter Shenkin.) As you will see from the emails below, VP Saulnier and VP Hoexter have asked to be added to the Committee (or to have their designee added). VP Pignatello consulted with me and I said that 2 additional faculty and 2 additional students should also be added. Upon receiving an email from Bonnie and Lou (email #1) I learned that that was not done. Email #2 is an email that Bonnie sent to Rob Pignatello about this matter before a decision had been made and Email #3 is an email I sent to Rob Pignatello the following day. Karen

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#### EMAIL #1:

**From**: Bonnie Nelson **To**: Karen Kaplowitz

**Cc**: factech@listserver.jjay.cuny.edu <factech@listserver.jjay.cuny.edu>

**Sent**: Tue Sep 21 16:25:51 2010

**Subject**: Student Technology Fee Committee

Karen Kaplowitz

President, John Jay Faculty Senate

Dear Pres. Kaplowitz

The Faculty Senate Technology Committee met this afternoon and discussed the recent addition by President Travis of two additional high-level administrators, VP Vivien Hoexter and VP Richard Saulnier to the Student Technology Fee Committee.

In this regard, the Faculty Senate Technology Committee voted unanimously to object to the unilateral addition of these two administrators, which will dilute the voice and the vote of both the faculty and students on the Student Technology Fee Committee. The Committee asks that the John Jay Faculty Senate address this matter as soon as possible.

Respectfully for the Faculty Senate Technology Committee Lou Guinta Bonnie Nelson Co-chairs

## \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### EMAIL #2:

From: Bonnie Nelson

To: Technology Fee Advisory Committee <TECHFEE@LISTSERVER.JJAY.CUNY.EDU>

Cc: Karen Kaplowitz

Sent: Wed Sep 01 11:51:32 2010

Subject: RE: [TECHFEE]

Hi Rob,

I was very surprised to see this announcement of two additional members being added to the Student Technology Fee Committee. I hadn't realized that there was a problem with the committee membership that needed to be fixed.

I realize that President Travis can appoint who he wants to the committee, but in light of how much thought and effort went into setting up the original committee—making sure it was balanced between administrators, faculty, and students; consulting with faculty governance leaders; taking care that the emphasis was on serving student needs, etc.—I was startled that these appointments were made without even consulting the current committee (as far as I know).

The fact that you had so often expressed how well our committee functioned, and how we were a model for the University further adds to my confusion, as does my knowledge that 80th St. has been pushing for more student representation on these Student Tech Fee Committees, to the point of suggesting that perhaps 50% of each Committee should be composed of students.

If the VP for Marketing and Development and the VP for Enrollment Management are to be added to the Committee then perhaps two more students and two more faculty members should be added, as well.

Bonnie

----Original Message----

From: Technology Fee Advisory Committee [mailto:TECHFEE@LISTSERVER.JJAY.CUNY.EDU]

On Behalf Of Robert Pignatello

Sent: Tuesday, August 31, 2010 12:15 PM To: TECHFEE@LISTSERVER.JJAY.CUNY.EDU

Subject: [TECHFEE]

President travis has appointed vp hoexter who will be represented by johnnie taveras and vp richard saulnier to this committee. Hope you had a good summer and see you at our upcoming meeting.

-----

#### EMAIL #3:

From: Karen Kaplowitz
To: Bonnie Nelson
Cc: Karen Kaplowitz

**Sent**: Thu Sep 02 13:06:52 2010

**Subject**: Tech Fee

Dear Bonnie,

Please forward to the Tech Fee listsery. Thanks. Karen

Dear Rob and listsery,

Please accept my apologies for misremembering. I should pay more attention to the findings of our colleagues in Forensic Psychology who study memory.

What I remembered was a conflation of various issues at the time. One issue was the method of nomination of members, which was addressed in a letter from Chancellor Goldstein to the College presidents that stated in part:

"In order to meet this very tight timetable, it is critical that you act now to constitute the college committee that will advise you on the development of your college's plan. This committee should include a minimum of two students and two faculty members, nominated by the appropriate governing body on your campus."

(I had posted the Chancellor's entire letter on the Faculty Senate listserv on March 12, 2002, along with then Vice Chancellor Louise Mirrer's letter.)

What we at John Jay agreed at the time was that the Faculty Senate was the appropriate governing body to nominate the faculty members. Given this fact, I request that there be consultation with the Faculty Senate about any potential changes to the faculty representation on the Tech Fee Committee.

The idea of equal representation among faculty, administrators, and students was the founding principle for the Tech Fee Committee at John Jay and it has worked very well over the years; indeed, I have heard from many members of the Committee and from many others about how well our Tech Fee Committee functions. For this reason, I am rather surprised that there is a desire to make a change.

The Faculty Senate has been very pleased with the functioning of the Committee and with how well faculty are represented, and I and my colleagues on the Senate would be disappointed to learn that faculty representation is being diluted, certainly if it were to be done without consultation with the Faculty Senate, which is the body responsible for choosing the faculty representatives and which has taken this responsibility very seriously.

Again, please accept my apologies for posting without having taken the time to verify my memories.

Sincerely,

Karen

Karen Kaplowitz President, Faculty Senate John Jay College of Criminal Justice/CUNY

#### **ATTACHMENT E**

**Proposed Forgiveness Policy: Faculty Senate Executive Committee** 

## **Background:**

There is a significant number of students at John Jay who have difficulty adjusting to college during their first year or so at the College. Many of these students are dismissed from the College due to poor academic performance. These students often then go to a community college to improve their skills and get more experience at the college level. Many have successful community college records and look to return to John Jay College, which in many cases is their college of first choice. Sadly, we then advise these students to go elsewhere for their baccalaureate degree because their prior academic record at John Jay College makes it too difficult for them to succeed academically at John Jay. This is because the grades they earned at John Jay, before transferring elsewhere, are calculated in their GPA when they return to John Jay, although the grades they received at the community college do not. (Transfer credit grades are not calculated in a student's GPA when they transfer to our College.)

This means that if the student left John Jay with, for example, a 1.30 GPA and earned 30 credits at a community college with, for example, a 3.50 GPA, when s/he returns to John Jay the student begins her/his studies anew with a 1.30 GPA. The result of this is that the student restarts at John Jay on academic probation and rarely can move out of academic probation.

The inauguration of the Justice Academy Program at the CUNY community colleges — our former six associate degree programs — makes this issue an especially important and immediate one. The CUNY community colleges want our students in their Justice Academy Programs but we do not permit our students to enter these programs because of the situation described above. This requires the CUNY Justice Academy Programs to reject our students when they want to transfer to our partner CUNY community colleges schools to rebuild their academic records.

In acknowledging the fact that our former students are especially attracted to the CUNY Justice Academy Program and that they are, for all practical purposes, prevented from returning to John Jay College after completing their associate degrees anywhere, the following proposal is offered.

## **Proposal:**

Students who leave John Jay College either on academic probation or as the result of an academic dismissal who then transfer to a community college within CUNY or outside CUNY, as long as we have articulation agreements with the programs at the community colleges the

students are transferring to, and complete at least 30 credits, earn a GPA of at least 2.50, and receive an Associate Degree will have the grades of their prior course work at John Jay College treated as if they were transfer credit just as is the course work that is being transferred from the community college. These students would, therefore, begin their second career at John Jay College with a clear GPA slate, that is, with a GPA of 0.00.

## **Explanation:**

This proposal allows our College to give our former students a second chance after they have demonstrated the ability to succeed academically. The proposal also relieves our partner CUNY community colleges from the difficult policing function of preventing our students from enrolling in the Justice Academy Programs.

All other students who wish to transfer to John Jay from a community college may do so with an Associate Degree after having earned a 2.00 GPA; we are proposing the requirement of a 2.50 GPA as part of this Forgiveness Policy to better ensure that such former students of ours can now succeed at John Jay when they return to our College.



# Managing the Fiscal Year 2011 Financial Crisis

A Report to the John Jay College Budget & Planning Committee

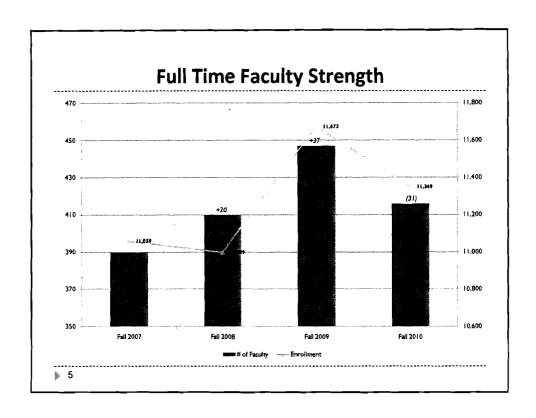
September 20, 2010

Office of Finance & Administration

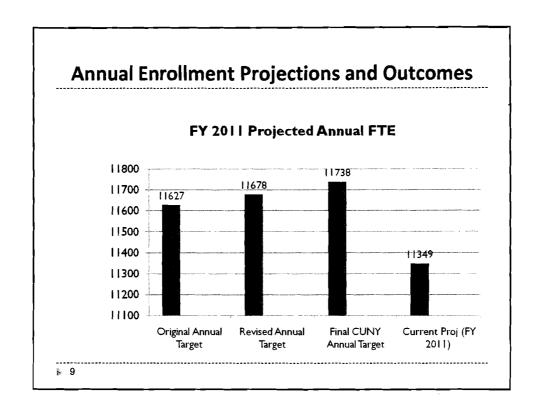
## Actions Taken to Reduce Spending in FY 2010 and Create Surplus

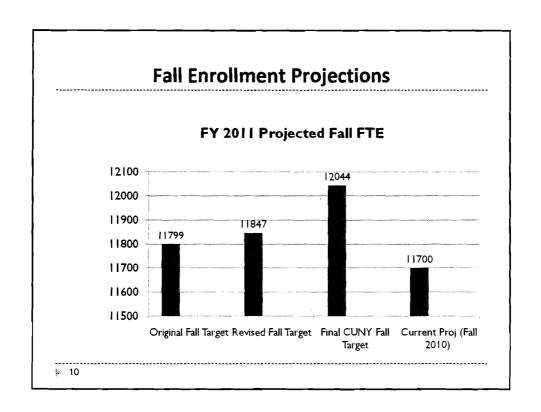
- □ Paused non-instructional staff hiring (vacancy control 44 positions vacant)
- □ Revised Fall 2010 full-time faculty hiring plan (20 of 53 vacancies filled)
- □ Paused OTPS spending (\$400,000)
- □ Increased use of other College funding sources to offset tax levy costs
- $\hfill \square$  Engaged College Community in Budget Review Exercise:
  - Goals
    - $\circ$  Preserve core business and its support
    - o Reduce or eliminate unnecessary expenses
    - Look for efficiencies

2



(from	the CUN	Y Year E	nd PMP	Report	)	
-	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007_	FY 2008	FY 2009	Change from Base Year
institutional Support Services as a percentage of Total Tax Levy Budget	26.1	25.1	25.3	24.4	23.9	(2.2)
Institutional Support Services	\$15,453,883	\$16,101,022	\$18,249,110	\$19,017, <b>7</b> 76	\$19, <b>7</b> 68,296	
General Administration as % of total tax levy budget	8.1	6.9	8.3	8.4	7.7	(.4)
General Administration	\$4,783,321	\$4,448,551	\$5,978,681	\$6,533,244	\$6,411,860	
General Institutional Services as % of total tax levy budget	9.8	10.0	10.3	9.3	9.1	(.7)
General Institutional Services	\$5,821,886	\$5,432,926	\$7,461,730	\$7,281,030	\$7,566,881	
Maintenance and Operations as % of total tax levy budget	8.2	8.1	6.7	6.7	7.0	(1.2)
Maintenance and Operations	\$4,648,577	\$5,220,335	\$4,808,699	\$5,203,502	\$5,789,555	





## DRAFT FY 2010 Financial Plan Projection and FY 2011 Estimate

	FY 2009	FY 2010 4th Owarter	FY 2011
DGET ALLOCATION AND REVENUE			
UNY Revenue Target	\$59,093,000	\$68,796,000	\$69,012,000
Actual Enrollment / FY30-11 Projection	10,999	13,673	11,349
e Allocation	\$60,756,800	573,968,725	\$75,666,417
Lump Sum Allocations	\$6,722,600	\$2,887,333	\$2,737,13
Additional Allocations	\$12,652,410	\$8,493,942	\$4,424,67
Current Year Gross Tultion Revenue above CUNY Target	\$763,300	\$2,406,409	\$39.954
OTAL BASE BUDGET ALLOCATION	\$80,895,110		\$42,868,170
Prior Year Cutra Balance	\$2,596,700		\$1,569,230
Less & Révenue	\$1,004,468		\$464,266
TOTAL ADDITIONAL REVENUES	\$3,601,166	\$1,842,954	\$2,093,499
* TOTAL BURGETY/ELOCATION	-450-01271	5 (mag 22)	\$84,901,67
PENDITURES			
Personnei Services (PS)	\$57,409,708	\$61,662,588	\$62,524,177
Faculty		100	534,882,633
Administrative Staff			\$24,552,77
ECP			\$3,088,76
Adjuncts	\$10,624,534		\$12,484,123
Teaching Adjuncts / CLTs	\$10,371,685	511,922,496	\$12,304,97
CETs .	\$252.850	\$179,145	\$179,145
Temp Services	\$7,904,465	\$7,736,833	\$7,541,025
Coilege Assistants	\$6,796,174	56,659,284	\$6,473,48
Non-Teaching Adjuncts	\$1,108,290	\$1,067,548	\$1,067,541
TOTAL PS:	\$75,938,707	\$81,493,009	\$82,549,329
OTPS	\$6,861,156	6,408,595	\$6,186,32
ETI Transfer to Tech Fee		1524.322	\$4
TOTAL OTPS :	\$6.861,156		\$6,186,32

Action Plan to Overcome \$3.9 million Budget
Shortfall

OTPS (15%) - \$928k	Increase Transfers / Spring Retention - \$537k	Offset FI Theater Costs with Auxiliary Revenues - \$150k
Temporary Services (CA & NTA) (15%) - \$1.1M	Increase Wintersession Enrollment - \$60k	Increase RF Offsets by Reducing Travel and Start-Up - \$200k
Further Delay Exempted Positions for Remainder of Fiscal Year - \$188k	Summer Revenue Increase - \$325k	Leverage Tech Fee / IFR Funding - \$50k
Attrition / ERI - \$200k		Assess Fee/Recover Admin Costs on JJC Foundation Accounts - \$50k
Additional Adjunct Savings - \$250k		Philanthropic Support - \$200k

**Total Potential Adjustments: \$4.3 million** 

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# Role for FPS and Budget & Planning Committee

- ☐ Consultation with FPS on any full-time hiring decisions and OTPS and College Assistant Reduction Plan.
- ☐ Mid Year Report and Presentation to Budget & Planning Committee

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#### **ATTACHMENT G**

## **Report on the Budget**

Transcript of remarks by CUNY Board of Trustees Chair Benno Schmidt at the August 30, 2010, meeting of the Board of Trustees Committee on Fiscal Affairs:

Chair Benno Schmidt: This [holding up the budget presentation document] is clearly not sustainable. We can't run the University the way we have over the past decade against this type of fiscal picture. For example, trying to increase not only the number of the full-time faculty but the percentage of courses taught by the full-time faculty – it's already going in the other direction, and it's about to get a lot worse. We have to ask ourselves as a Board whether we can manage to serve every student who needs our help. We have to ask questions like would we rather educate 225,000 students reasonably well in the senior colleges, or educate 300,000 not very well? I think the likelihood is – look, Marc [VC for Budget & Fiscal Policy Marc Shaw], you and Matt [Chancellor Matthew Goldstein] know far more about Albany than I do, but I think a new Governor comes to town - I don't care what his politics are - it's get the bad news fiscally on the table as much in the first year he is in office as possible. So I think we're going to get slammed in the midyear for fiscal 2011, and hammered in 2012 much worse than this. So I think we are looking at problems that are harder to manage in the usual way – a little less of this or more of that – and we're looking at the need for some rather radical restructuring of our educational ambitions because this is absolutely not sustainable. If we keep adding students against this kind of fiscal outlook, I think we are not making the tough choices that we need to make.

I think we are in a very perilous situation, and as a Board we really have to recognize what I know Matthew and Marc and all of your colleagues recognize very well — for us it's a little more distant, but you can't look at a [budget] presentation like this without saying we've got some really serious problems that managing through in the usual way is not going to successfully achieve, in my opinion. So I'm saying that now because I think it's a hard kind of attitude to get our heads around, but I'm afraid — and I hope I'm wrong — but I'm afraid I'm not. And the worst thing that can happen at a University is not budget cuts really, it's the collapse of morale. It's the collapse of the hope for the future that makes everyone less effective and less enthusiastic than they otherwise are. If the price of maintaining our morale, if the price of maintaining the quality of our faculty and their belief in the future is serving fewer students — I realize that is flatly incompatible with our ambitions for our public mission, but if we carry out our public mission in a mediocre, to less than mediocre, way, then we are accomplishing even less than we would be if we took some subset of the students we ought to be serving and said, all right, we're going to do a good job with these folks.

The way the political process in New York has responded to this [CUNY] Compact idea makes me despair of the hope for any kind of rational approach for the governance of public higher education in this State. We have to figure out how to somehow do this ourselves better. I don't know just what that is. What's happening in other states is that they are all privatizing like crazy. By "privatizing" I mean they are behaving like private universities. I don't know whether that's our future. I hope not. This is not workable.