Faculty Senate Minutes #356

Wednesday, April 8, 2010

3:15 PM

Room 630 T

Present (28): William Allen, Spiros Bakiras, Andrea Balis, Elton Beckett, Adam Berlin, Marvie Brooks, Erica Burleigh, Elise Champeil, Demi Cheng, James DiGiovanna, Janice Dunham, DeeDee Falkenbach, Robert Garot, Jay Gates, Katie Gentile, P. J. Gibson, Jessica Gordon Nembhard, Karen Kaplowitz, Richard Kempter, Tom Litwack, Nivedita Majumdar, Rick Richardson, Richard Schwester, Francis Sheehan, Robert Till, Shonna Trinch, Thalia Vrachopoulos, Joshua Wilson

Absent (20): Luis Barrios, Shuki Cohen, Virginia Diaz, Edgardo Diaz Diaz, Beverly Frazier, Joshua Freilich, Gail Garfield, Maki Haberfeld, Jay Hamilton, Richard Haw, Heather Holtman, Vincent Maiorino, Evan Mandery, Peter Manuel, Tracy Musacchio, Richard Perez, Nicholas Petraco, Raul Romero, Cecile Van de Voorde, Valerie West

Invited Guest: President Jeremy Travis

Agenda

- Adoption of the agenda
- 2. Announcements & reports
- 3. Approval of Minutes #355 of the March 24, 2010, meeting
- 4. Election of Associate Recording Secretary Virginia Diaz to position of Recording Secretary
- 5. Discussion of the Provost's Vision Statement and a proposed revision
- 6. The APA method of documentation: Senator Janice Dunham
- 7. Proposals for a Community Hour during which no classes would be scheduled
- 8. Review of the agenda of the April 15 meeting of the College Council
- 9. Report on Faculty Obligations under E-Discovery Requirements under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
- 10. Invited guest: President Jeremy Travis
- 11. New business

Adoption of the agenda. Approved.

The agenda was accepted with the change in invited guest from the Provost Bowers to President Travis.

2. Announcements & reports [Attachment A]

Attachment A contains the following reports and documents:

- Chancellor Goldstein's letter about the Performance Management Process (PMP)
- John Jay's PMP Performance Goals and Targets Year-End Results: 2008-9
- John Jay's PMP Report: 2008-9 College Data
- University Faculty Senate Spring 2009 Faculty Experience Survey Results
- University Faculty Senate Survey Appendix: John Jay College
- 3. Approval of Minutes #355 of the March 24, 2010, meeting. Approved.
- 4. Election of Co-Associate Recording Secretary Virginia Diaz to the vacant position of Recording Secretary.

Virginia Diaz was elected by unanimous vote. She and Co-Associate Recording Secretary Andrea Balis were thanked for their invaluable contributions to the work of the Senate.

5. Discussion of the Provost's Vision Statement and a proposed revision [Attachment B1, B2]

On March 25, in response to receiving the proposed revision [Attachment B-2] of the Vision Statement she drafted [Attachment B-1], Provost Bowers wrote:

"Thank you for your suggestions. I will be gathering all suggestions, including those made on the hundreds of survey responses we will have received when the surveys close on Saturday [March 27]. I am interested to see what themes emerge and how I might adjust the vision statement to reflect community consensus." In light of this, the Senate agreed that the focus of the Senate's discussion should be on major themes rather than on specific language. The Senate also decided to postpone this item until a new draft is released.

6. The APA method of documentation: Senator Janice Dunham [Attachment C]

Senator Janice Dunham asked the Senate [Attachment C] to consider the issue that, in her opinion and that of others, it would be easier for students to use one system of documentation, since students need to understand the larger reasons for documentation and with several systems in use students tend to focus unduly on the details that differentiate these styles. President Kaplowitz explained that historically the college used the APA method of documentation since most students were social science majors. This is the current College policy, but this fact hasn't been conveyed to most members of our faculty in many years. If the Senate thinks this policy is the correct one, then faculty need to know it exists; but if the Senate thinks it is time to change this policy, we would have to propose a change to the Undergraduate Curriculum and Academic Standards Committee and then to the College Council. Senator Robert Garot said each discipline should use discipline specific citation methods and, furthermore, no matter what the Senate decides, faculty will do what they want anyway. Library faculty pointed out they have to deal with considerable student confusion which makes them concerned. Another important issue is that we should have a policy that we actually follow. Senator Nivedita Majumdar felt this was an instruction problem and the solution is not to simplify the problem. VP Francis Sheehan suggested that the emphasis in basic classes should not be on the details of citation but on the reasons for them and spoke in support, therefore, of one or two methods of documentation required by all faculty members of all students.

Senator Jay Gates moved that the Senate propose that the current policy be revoked. Senator Adam Berlin seconded the motion. Senator P. J. Gibson amended the proposal to include in the proposal a requirement that all faculty state on their course syllabi the method of documentation required in the course as well as the url of a website with instructions about that method and that it be recommended to faculty that they include in the syllabus information about at least the basics of this form of documentation. Senator Gates accepted Senator Gibson's amendments as did Senator Berlin, who had seconded the motion. The amended motion was approved by a vote of 22-0-3.

7. Proposals for a community period for meetings and events during which no classes would be scheduled [Attachment D]

President Travis appointed a task force two years ago to develop proposals for a community period during which no classes would be held. The task force was chaired by VP Saulnier and included faculty and administrators; the Senate representatives were Karen Kaplowitz and Tom Litwack. The proposals from the task force [Attachment D] have not been disseminated and

her requests for information as to whether these or, perhaps, other proposals will be brought forward for discussion this semester or next year have not been answered. She said that for all she knows, the idea for a community period has been abandoned as unworkable. Given this information, the Senate decided to postpone discussion pending information as to the status of this issue.

- 8. Review of the agenda of the April 15 meeting of the College Council. Noted.
- 9. Report on Faculty Obligations under E-Discovery Requirements Under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure:

Included in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure are regulations on E-Discovery. There is also a CUNY policy on E-Discovery but this policy has not been disseminated. A copy was obtained by President Kaplowitz as a member of the UFS Executive Committee. The CUNY policy is that if there is a legal case requiring e-discovery, that everything on one's hard drive and on one's flash drives and disks from both one's office computer and personal computer(s) must be turned over to be copied in their entirety by CUNY. Everything that is copied will be put on a CUNY server, and eventually CUNY will decide what search terms to use and what they will turn over to the appropriate law enforcement agency or legal counsel. It was proposed that CUNY change its policy whereby CUNY will decide the search terms at the beginning of the E-Discovery process and copy only the data that such search terms produce. The Senate voted unanimously to refer this issue and this proposal to the University Faculty Senate.

10. Invited guest: President Jeremy Travis

President Travis thanked the faculty members who attended the Justice Awards, a successful event on several levels including fundraising cultivation. The President reported that he has asked CUNY to lease or buy additional space for our College. If we were to continue use North Hall after we move into our new building, the new CUNY community college, which is being created, would have to be located elsewhere. President Travis said we are presenting this as a crisis situation and CUNY is considering the issue of our space needs. On the issue of the budget, President Travis pointed out both that there is no State budget and that since there will be a new Governor a year from now anything that happens is a stopgap measure. There will be a cut, but the amount has not been determined and the situation is complicated. Our budget has been managed very tightly. We have a freeze on non-faculty hiring. Substitute lines have been discontinued and replaced by adjuncts. There will be a freeze on OTPS (Other Than

Personnel Services) funds. There will be a discussion between CUNY and each college on hiring plans and financial plans for the future. We will tell 80th Street that we will have a budget problem next year, especially because we have deep vacancies. A committee is looking into our priorities and needs for the coming year, helping to develop a plan to keep the forward momentum of the College. This is a period of consolidation of gains made. Our biggest need is for hiring to provide critical needs for our students.

Senator Tom Litwack pointed out that one reason our College has had such a sense of community and of high morale is that we have never let go full-time faculty or full-time staff for fiscal reasons. President Kaplowitz said this was true even during the NYC 1975-76 fiscal crisis, when major retrenchment took place throughout CUNY and was also true in 1995, when there was significant retrenchment once again at most CUNY colleges. President Travis said he had not realized this and stated his belief in the importance of such decisions.

The meeting was adjourned at 5:10 PM.

Submitted by,

Virginia Diaz

Recording Secretary



ATTACHMENT A

The Chancellor

February 19, 2010

To:

College Presidents and Deans

From:

Matthew Goldstein MG

Re:

2009-10 Performance Management Process Reports 2010-11 Performance Management Process Procedures

I write to share important information to assist you in preparing for June deadlines for your campus's 2009-10 year-end PMP reports and 2010-11 PMP goals and targets.

This year, the 2009-10 year-end PMP reports should be submitted by June 14, 2010. This includes your year-end performance report, program review reports, and a presidential letter that summarizes noteworthy achievements, ongoing challenges and strategies for meeting them, as well as an indication of how the campus's 2008-09 PMP incentive funds were used. We will make every effort to maintain the PMP incentive fund this year; however, it too may be affected by the vagaries of the current financial climate. Details will be made available at a later date.

Your campus's 2010-11 PMP goals and targets should be submitted by June 28, 2010. The University's 2010-11 goals and targets are attached. Your goals and targets will undoubtedly grow out of more detailed internal college planning documents and will reflect discussions with your college community, particularly those conversations that cross disciplines. Please indicate in your letter the consultation process you initiated with your campus constituents regarding your goals and targets.

I also draw your attention to a few key changes to the 2010-11 goals and targets grid compared to the 2009-10 grid. There is an added emphasis on demonstrating excellence via external sources such as accrediting agencies, as well as using outcomes, enrollment, and financial data to make resource allocation decisions (objective #1). There are also modified targets about improving or maintaining sound financial management and controls (objective #8) and making progress within a declared capital campaign with fund-raising goals (objective #9).

Please ensure that you are included in all written communications between your campus and the central office (as author, c.c., or recipient). Materials should be sent to Dr. Sherri Ondrus, university director of the Performance Management Process at sherri ondrus@mail.cuny.edu (with a copy to Barbara Cura at barbara.cura@mail.cuny.edu). She will send a memo with submission details to your campus PMP liaison.

I plan to set aside several days starting in late summer to meet with each of you to discuss your 2009-10 PMP results, your 2010-11 PMP goals and targets, and any other relevant matters. As soon as those dates have been selected, Yvette Velazquez in my office will notify you so that you can select a convenient day and time. I look forward to reviewing your many 2009-10 accomplishments with you.

As always, thank you for your diligent attention to this process.

Enclosure

CC:

Board of Trustees

Cabinet

PMP Review Team

535 East 80th Street, New York, NY 10075 Tel: 212-794-5311 Fax: 212-794-5671 email: chancellor@cuny.edu

The City University of New York Performance Goals and Targets

ear	
>	
Academic	
=	
10-20	
201	

Representative Indicators		all 1.1 Documented results of all accreditation reviews		es 1.3 Evidence of making academic decisions informed by data, including shifting resources to University flagship and college priority programs	1.4 Reports of courses with a significant technology component and self-reports by colleges			taught by full-time new and veteran faculty, 2.4 Faculty and staff diversity and affirmative action reports		3.2 Basic skills test performance and related data. (Ex. % enrolled in	summer immersion with an increase in score at end of summer; page rates on exit from remediation. Bacc. colleges: % of SEEK and ESL	students who pass skills tests in 2 yrs.; % of instructional FTEs in lower division courses delivered by full-time faculty. Assoc. colleges: % of	remedial students at 30 credits who pass an basic some case, 3.3 % of students passing gateway courses with C or better		3.5	underrepresented group status and gender (Fall semester)		4.1 % of freshmen and transfers taking a course the summer after entry;	ratio of undergrad FTEs to headcount; % of students with major declared by the 70th credit; average # credits earned in first 12 months	4.2 1-yr. and 2-yr. retention rates 4.2 1-yr. BA/BS graduation rates; 4-yr. BA/BS	graduation rates; 4-yr. MA/MS graduation rates
2010-2011 University Targets	大人工作 医多种性 人名西班牙斯 医二十二氏 医二十二氏 人名英格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名氏氏氏征氏氏征氏氏的 人名英格兰人姓氏格兰人名 人名英格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格的 人名英格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格姓氏格的人名	1.1 Colleges and programs will be recognized as excellent by all external accrediting agencies	1.2 CUNY and its colleges will draw greater recognition for academic quality and responsiveness to the academic needs of the community.	1.3 Colleges will improve the use of program reviews, analyses of outcomes, enrollment, and financial data to shape academic	decisions and resource anocation 1.4 Use of technology to enrich courses and teaching will improve	2.1 Colleges will continuously upgrade the quality of their full- and part-time faculty, as scholars and as teachers	2.2 Increase faculty research/scholarship 2.3 Instruction by full-time faculty will increase incrementally	2.4 Colleges will recruit and retain a diverse faculty and staff	3.1 Colleges will provide students with a cohesive and coherent general education	3.2 Colleges will improve basic skills and ESL outcomes			3.3 Colleges will improve student academic performance,	particularly in the first 60 credits of study 3.4 Show & pass rates on CUNY proficiency exam will increase	3.5 Colleges will reduce performance gaps among students from	underrepresented groups and/or gender	3.6 Colleges will show progress on implementing faculty-driven accessment of student learning	4.1 Colleges will facilitate students' timely progress toward	degree completion	4.2 Retention rates will increase progressively	4.3 Chaudaion ares will increase progressively in associacy, baccalaureate, and masters programs
Objectives		I. Strengthen CUNY flagship and	college priority programs, and	curricula and program mix		2. Attract and nurture a strong faculty that is	recognized for excellent teaching,	scholarship and creative activity	3. Ensure that all students receive a	quality general	education and effective instruction							4. Increase retention	and graduation rates	make timely	degree completion
Goals		Raise	Academic						Improve	Student	Success										

ntain 5.1 Pass rates and # of students passing licensure/certification exams 5.2 College self-reports and surveys of graduates' job placement rates; % of graduates continuing their education	vices 6.1 Student experience survey results and other data and reports on improved quality and satisfaction with student, academic, and technological support services	gree 7.1 Enrollment in degree and adult and continuing education programs; rise SATs/CAAs 7.2 TIPPS course equivalencies, pipeline programs, transfer credit acceptance, e-permit, joint programs, etc. 7.3 # of College Now participants; College Now course completion and pass rates, # participants re-enrolled.		9.1 Evidence of declared capital campaign with fund-raising goal (through FY15), campaign chairperson, vision/case statement, and detailed plan by FY11 9.2 Surveys of student satisfaction with nonacademic administrative support services 9.3 % of instruction delivered on Fridays, nights, weekends; space prioritized for degree and degree-related programs 9.4 Evidence of improvement including the implementation of the Environmental Management System and its integration with the campus Risk Management Plan 9.5 Evidence of timely progress such as responsiveness to help desk tickets, following the established escalation process, holding monthly campus team meetings, and releasing employees to attend training ability 9.6 Progress toward a 10-yr plan submitted to sustainability task force ity.
5.1 Professional preparation programs will improve or maintain the quality of successful graduates 5.2 Job and education rates for graduates will increase	6.1 Colleges will improve the quality of student support services and academic support services, including academic advising, and use of technology, to augment student learning	7.1 Colleges will meet established enrollment targets for degree programs; mean SATs/CAAs of baccalaureate entrants will rise 7.2 Colleges will achieve and maintain high levels of program cooperation with other CUNY colleges 7.3 Colleges will meet 95% of enrollment targets for College Now, achieve successful completion rates, and increase the # of students who participate in more than one college credit course and/or precollege activity	8.1 Alumni-corporate fundraising will increase or maintain current levels 8.2 Each college will achieve its revenue targets including those for Adult and Continuing Education 8.3 Colleges will improve or maintain sound financial management and controls 8.4 Colleges will implement financial plans with balanced budgets 8.5 Contract/grant awards will rise 8.6 Indirect cost recovery ratios will improve	 9.1 Colleges will make progress within a declared capital campaign 9.2 Student satisfaction with administrative services will rise or remain high at all CUNY colleges 9.3 Colleges will improve space utilization 9.4 All colleges will make timely progress in on CUNY FIRST implementation 9.5 Each campus should have a functioning campus sustainability council with broad representation from the campus community, and have a recognized, multi-year campus sustainability plan
5. Improve post- graduate outcomes	6. Improve quality of student and academic support services	7. Increase or maintain access and enrollment; facilitate movement of eligible students to and among CUNY campuses	8. Increase revenues and decrease expenses	9. Improve administrative services
		Enhance Financial And Management Effectiveness		

The City University of New York John Jay College Performance Goals and Targets Year-End Results 2008-2009 Academic Year

		ZUU8-ZUU9 Academic Tear	ial
Goals	Objectives	2008-2009 John Jay College Target	2008-2009 John Jay College Results
1. Raise	Strengthen CUNY	The College will continue to use resources from COMPACT	 The Gender Studies major was approved by CUNY & registered with
Academic	flagship and college	& the Investment Plan to strengthen liberal arts programs	NYS. The Global History major was approved by the College; if
Quality	priority programs, and	by developing new majors. The college will have 2 new	approved at the 6/22/09 CUNY Board of Trustees meeting, it will be
	continuously update	liberal arts majors (Global History, Gender Studies)	registered with NYS SU 09. Letters of Intent for Philosophy and Law
	curricula and program	approved by the University next year. In addition, Letters	& Society have been approved by the College Council and submitted
	mix	of Intent will be submitted for at least 3 additional liberal	to CUNY for campus feedback. A Letter of Intent for a degree in
		arts programs (Law & Society, Philosophy & Sociology)	Sociology is in progress.
		with 3 others in initial stages of consideration.	
		 The Letter of Intent for a Master's in International Crime 	 The Letter of Intent for the MA in International Crime & Justice
		& Justice will successfully complete the University review	completed the CUNY review process in FA 08. A full proposal was
		process. The Letter of Intent will then be developed into	developed & approved by the College in SP 09. If approved at the
		a full proposal for the next level of consideration by	6/22/09 CUNY Board of Trustees meeting, it will be forwarded to
		College governance.	NYS for approval & registration.
		Resources will be used to expand space for the Science	 Six Science research labs have been designed and construction has
		research lake and for Devichology Research	hegin on 3: completion is expected 6/09. The remaining 3 labs will
		190000000000000000000000000000000000000	be built in FY 09-10. Research space was built for the Psychology
			Department in 12/08.
		 The College will run at least 4 workshops to assist faculty 	 Although workshops were not held, 7 faculty members received
		with publication strategies & with connecting research to	stipends from an anonymous source to pursue large grants.
		teaching. We will continue to use financial & other	
		incentives to spur grant-seeking.	
		 The report of the President's Advisory Committee on 	 The report was reviewed in FA 08 by the Faculty Senate, a graduate
		Graduate Studies will be reviewed by faculty, staff &	student focus group & the Committee on Graduate Studies. Key
		students in FA 08. In FA 08, implementation of key	recommendations being implemented are: 1) Strengthening
		recommendations will begin: (1.) governance and	program governance by developing program bylaws, defining
		operations, (2.) standards & student outcomes, (3.)	program director responsibilities & making program budgets
		articulation & curriculum, and (4.) new directions.	transparent; 2) Formalizing advisement in the MPA & FOS programs
		(NASPAA= National Association of Schools of Public Affairs	& requiring declaration of specializations; 3) Accrediting programs
		& Administration; FEPAC = Forensic Science Education	through appropriate bodies - NASPAA for the MPA program &
		Programs Accreditation Commission)	FEPAC for the FOS MS program; 4) Reaching new constituencies by
			delivering a hybrid (soon to be fully online) MPA-IG program.
		Preparations will be made for accreditation of the	 The FOS MS program engaged in a self study in preparation for a 09-
		Forensic Science (FOS MS) and Criminal Justice master's	10 site visit. Accreditation discussion for the Criminal Justice

programs.

• Resources will be shifted to University flagship and college

priority programs to support the University's commitment to become a research-intensive Institution.

- Two external reviews will occur next year for Deviant
 Behavior & Social Control and the Certificate Program in
 Dispute Resolution. Two self studies will be prepared for
 the evaluation of programs in Forensic Psychology & Govt.
- The College will strengthen its outreach & dissemination of information regarding research & programs by maintaining the caliber of its publications: e.g., John Jay Magazine, @John Jay, Alumni on-line Newsletter, etc.
- The website will develop new content, migrate materials to the content management program, and begin to track visits to the website.
- Public Relations (PR) will continue to promote faculty scholarship, organize press briefings, 'Book & Author' programs and student forums that foster recognition of the College's expertise and research capabilities.
- Reports by outside evaluators will be prepared for the BS in Forensic Science (FOS BS) and the college's basic math curriculum (MATH 100, MATH 103, MAT 104 & MAT 105).
- A schedule of self studies of master's programs will be established. At least one self study will be initiated.
- The College will utilize a collaborative budget process, which entails program reviews, enrollment projections & financial estimates to plan the College's budget. The process is designed to solicit input from the community in establishing budget priorities & ensuring that resources support priorities & the new direction of the College.
- The Outcomes Assessment (OA) Director will assist academic departments in the use of institutional data and academic outcomes to inform program review and improvement of academic offerings
- A common reading experience will be developed & distributed on DVD to all incoming freshmen in FA 08. It will require students to access readings, perform activities, and contribute commentary & photographs to a

- research, policy & practice in Centers and Institutes. An operations manual was created to streamline the processes and a template was developed to evaluate Center and Institute effectiveness.
 - External reviews were completed for the BA in Deviant Behavior & Social Control and the Certificate Program in Dispute Resolution.
 Self studies began in SP 09 for the BA programs in Forensic Psychology & Government.
- New brochures were developed to promote the new College majors to entering students. Existing John Jay publications are shared with college constituency and input/feedback solicited in an effort to improve the caliber and outreach of publications.
 - Redesign of the website continued with more than 75% migration from the old to new site. 60% of the departments were trained on the new content management system.
- PR continued to promote faculty scholarship; organized press briefings; sponsored 4 Book & Author programs & 2 student forums. A special student program was developed in conjunction with HBO's series The Wire; about 100 students attended.
 - The FOS BS self study & site visit occurred. FEPAC granted accreditation contingent on MAT 301, Probability & Statistics, being added to the major course requirements. An outside evaluation of the math curriculum was delayed to allow the Taskforce to conduct an extensive review of syllabi; run faculty workshops; and create CASPER, a database of diagnostic data of students enrolled in math.
- The Forensic Science MS program engaged in a self study in preparation for a site visit in 09-10; target completion date is FA 09.
 - A budget review of each Vice President's area occurred, including:
 tax levy, IFR, Auxiliary Services Corp, JJC Foundation, Student
 Activities Assoc, and RF expenditures. Areas for savings or
 reallocation of resources are being identified. Results of the budget
 review process will be shared with the Budget & Planning
 Committee and used to develop FY 2010 Financial Plans.
- The OA Director supported OA initiatives of academic departments
 & programs: 68 invitations were extended to participate in OA activities resulting in 31 meetings with 13 departments, 28 meetings with academic support programs. 9 projects are in progress.
 - The college debuted a web-based common reading experience: The (Un)Common Learning Experience/The John Jay Subway Series. It was piloted to entering freshmen in the 08 Summer Academy, introduced at Freshman Orientation, and utilized in FA 08 and SP 09.

- community project hosted on MySpace. The college will pilot the program to approximately 300 entering freshmen in the 08 Summer Academy. About 10% of the incoming freshman will be enrolled in classes in FA 08 utilizing the common reading experience.
- Five faculty members will be involved in John Jay's ITunesU project and will incorporate podcasting into their classes.
- Immersion Skills Math courses have been redesigned to include computer-assisted tutorials to monitor levels of mastery and homework assignments. Twenty-five courses will be offered in Summer 08.
- The Center for English Language Support will continue to expand on-line tutorials by developing a CPE preparatory course.
- The College will increase the number of master's courses
 & undergraduate courses making significant use of IT from
 89 courses in SP 08 to 100 courses in SP 09.
 - The Center for the Advancement of Teaching (CAT), established SP 08, will provide support for faculty seeking to incorporate technology into their teaching and/or will help faculty improve their existing use of technology.
- A faculty task force is being established in the summer of 08 to develop guidelines for faculty development of online courses. The Curriculum Committee will endorse and adopt the guidelines by the end of the fall semester. The guidelines will be promulgated in the spring semester through a faculty development initiative from CAT.
 - A Blackboard support position will be added to the Academic Affairs staff to further support efforts to introduce/train faculty in using Blackboard.

Continuing use of technology to enrich courses & teaching:

- To meet ever growing needs for reliable network resources, 5 instructional lab networks will be upgraded.
 - A series of classroom technology equipment refits and upgrades are taking place in the next year (projectors, podium equipment, etc...)
 Through the college's 4- year replacement cycle,

- During SU 08, 14 writing instructors and 184 students participated in the pilot study. Retention specialists, Keeling and Associates, praised the college for this creative and novel approach to connect students to reading and writing.
- This was accomplished using Blackboard 6 & resulted in increased faculty demand. The project is discontinued: CUNY system stability issues have resulted in CUNY CIS not implementing software that supports ITunes-U & podcasting in Blackboard 8.
- ALEKS (assessment software providing tutorials to monitor levels of course mastery & homework assignments) was introduced & used in the Immersion Skills Math courses in the 08 Summer Academy. 30 instructors & tutors were trained; 286 students used ALEKS to prepare for the Math COMPASS test.
- The Center wrote & incorporated student feedback into 15 online tutorials preparing students for CPE Tasks 1 & 2. The tutorials will be programmed for the E-Resource Center website beginning 6/09.
 The College increased the number of master's & undergraduate
 - courses making use of IT and/or taught entirely online, from 89 courses in SP 08 to 210 courses in SP 09.

 CAT provided 5 Maple 12 math software workshops; 15 faculty
- CAT provided 5 Maple 12 main software workshobs, 15 facury
 participated. CAT provided support to faculty seeking to integrate
 online technology in their courses. In FA 08, 24 faculty received
 training in the use of online assessment tools for Math 100.
 The Online Teaching Effectiveness Faculty Task Force developed an
 accessment protocol 8 instruments for online courses during 08-09
- The Online Teaching Effectiveness Faculty Task Force developed an
 assessment protocol & instruments for online courses during 08-09.
 10 online courses will pilot the protocol & instruments in FA 09. The
 Task Force will meet at the end of FA 09 to assess the effectiveness
 of the instruments before bringing them forward to governance.
- An additional Blackboard support position was added to the Academic Affairs staff during AY 08-09 to further support efforts to introduce/train faculty in using Blackboard.
- Labs in North Hall and Haaren have been upgraded using the latest state-of-art switching hardware.
- This initiative will be completed SU 09. It includes the elimination of remote controls & installation of touch control panels in 1/3 of the classrooms.
- All college classrooms have been equipped with the latest computer

 more careful management of reassigned time and faculty workload. The % of instructional FTEs taught by FT faculty increased 1.1 percentage points to 44.9% from 43.8%. The % of instructional FTEs in undergraduate courses taught by FT faculty increased 1.3 percentage points to 43.2% from 41.9%. The % of instructional FTEs in graduate courses taught by FT faculty remained constant (decreased 0.1 points to 59.1% from 59.2%). The % of instructional hours taught by FT faculty remained constant (decreased 0.1 points to 45.9% from 46.0%). The % of instructional hours in undergraduate courses by FT faculty remained constant (increased 0.2 points to 44.1% from 43.9%). The % of instructional hours in graduate courses taught by FT faculty decreased 2.8 points to 58.1% from 60.9%. Mean teaching hours of FT faculty eligible for contractual release time remained constant (decreased 0.1 points to 7.0 from 7.1). Diversifying the workforce is an ongoing process & priority for the College. The Affirmative Action Office has focused on working with the recruitment & selection committees of departments that are recruiting to fill new faculty lines. As a result, 10 affirmative action units have either eliminated or decreased underutilization rates of protected classes. 		The proposal for the new Honors Program was approved by the College Council in SP 09. Lin 1/09 02 students participated in the Pre-Law Boot Camp	intersession program. Boot Camp I, for freshmen & sophomores, and Boot Camp II, for juniors & seniors, will be held 6/09 with 90 students expected to participate. The anticipated increase is over 200%, well exceeding the target. The report was issued in FA 08 & college-wide discussion ensued. Adopted by the College in SP 09, the report includes proposed
 The % of instructional FTEs taught by FT faculty will increase 1.5 percentage points to 45.2%. The % of instructional FTEs in undergrad courses taught by FT faculty will increase 1.7 percentage points to 43.5%. The % of instructional FTEs in graduate courses taught by FT faculty will increase 1.7 percentage points to 59.3%. The % of instructional hours taught by FT faculty will increase 1.5 percentage points to 47.3%. The % of instructional hours in undergrad courses taught by FT faculty will increase 1.7 percentage points to 70.0%. Mean teaching hours of veteran FT faculty will increase 1.7 percentage points to 70.0%. Mean teaching hours of FT faculty eligible for contractual release time will increase 1.1 percentage points to 7.0. The College's Affirmative Action Office & Affirmative Action Committee (AAC) will work with departments to reaffirm the value of diversity & establish inclusive excellence. The AAC will carry out its monitoring function by meeting with departments to examine the affirmative action profile of each department & past recruitment experiences; to identify areas that need improvement, 	discuss best practices, encourage department efforts to broaden searches & to develop more diverse applicant pools. Emphasis will be placed on departments with underutilization of protected classes.	 Campaign for Success indicators: The Report of the Honors Program Cttee will be reviewed by faculty, staff & students in FA 08 and will be approved in FA 08. Curriculum development will continue in SP 09. 	 Ine CUE Initiative sponsors a series of Pre-Law Door camp" intersession programs designed to build critical analysis skills & educate students about the expectations & rigor of law school. About 80 students participated in 07-08; the target for 08-09 will be a 20% increase. The General Education (Gen Ed) Task Force Report will be reviewed by all College constituencies (faculty, staff, and
		Ensure that all students receive a solid general education and effective instruction, particularly	study
		2. Improve Student Success	

- students) in FA 08. A new general education curriculum will be developed in SP 09.
- The Director of the First Year Experience will be hired by the end of the summer 08 and the First Year Experience will be redesigned. Enrollment in LCs will increase from 8 LCs & 185 students in 07 to 12 LCs & 336 students in 08.
 - The College will continue to work to increase the % of students passing gateway courses with C or better by 1 percentage point from the FA 07 measure of 69%.
- The Office of Outcomes Assessment (OA) will support the Math 2012 Taskforce in the development of assessment tools to track student performance in <u>gateway</u> <u>mathematics courses</u>.
- The Office of Outcomes Assessment (OA) will support the Math 2012 Taskforce in the development of assessment tools to track student performance in <u>remedial</u> mathematics courses.
- The % of freshmen & transfer students taking course(s) the summer after entry will increase by 1 percentage pt.
- The ratio of undergraduate FTEs to headcount has remained constant for the past four years at .80. The expectation is to maintain this distribution.
- The average number of credits earned by BA full-time first-time freshmen in the first 12 months will increase from the FA 06 measure of 23.5 credits to 24.5 credits.
 - The % of lower division seats taught by FT faculty will increase by two percentage points from 07-08.
- Students declare a tentative major at the time of application; 100% of students will have declared a major by the 70th credit. In 08-09, the college will require students to re-declare their major at 45 credits.
- The percentage of non-ESL SEEK students (first-time fulltime freshmen in BA programs) who passed the skills tests within 1 year will increase by 5 points to 71.3%.
- The percentage of ESL and SEEK students who pass all basic skills tests within 2 years will increase by 1% to 61%.
 The pass rates on exit from remediation for Associate FT

- principles & learning outcomes designed to serve as the foundation for Gen Ed revision. Curriculum development began in SP 09.

 The Director was hired. Design of the First Year Experience is
 - The Director was hired. Design of the First Year Experience is underway with expansion of the (Un)Common Learning Experience/ The John Jay Subway Series and First Year Seminar. In FA 08, 13 LCs were offered and 317 students enrolled.
- The % of students passing Freshman Composition courses increased 4.7 percentage points from 77.5% to 82.2%; the % passing Math courses increased 1.5 percentage points from 60.1% to 61.6%.
- OA assisted the taskforce in the design & analysis of student performance in <u>gateway math</u> courses. CASPER, a database capturing diagnostic data of students enrolled in math courses, was developed as well as an assessment plan to guide curricular & academic support initiatives. Pilot data are being collected.
- OA assisted the taskforce in the design & analysis of student performance in <u>remedial math</u> courses. The use of a common performance data tool (Web Assign) to assess academic progress in remedial courses was adopted. Pilot data are being collected.
 The % of students taking courses the summer after entry remained
 - constant at 16.7% (increase 0.1 points from 16.6%).
 The ratio of undergraduate FTEs to headcount has remained
 - The ratio of undergraduate FTEs to headcount has remain constant at .81.
- The average number of credits earned in the first 12 months remained constant at 23.4 credits (decrease 0.1 point from 23.5).
- The % of lower division seats taught by FT faculty increased 0.8 percentage points to 40.1% from 39.3%.
- 100% have declared a major by the 70th credit. College policy requiring students to re-declare a major at 45 credits went into effect FA 08.
- The percentage of non-ESL SEEK students who passed increased 9.2 percentage points, from 66.3% in FA 06 to 75.5% in FA 07.
- The percentage of ESL students who passed all basic skills tests within 2 years remained constant at 60.0 %.
- The pass rates on exit from remediation are:
 Reading: increased 9.4 percentage points from 58.2% to 67.6%.
 Math: decreased 1.1 percentage points from 42.2 % to 41.1%.

percentage points to 63.2%; for mathematics by 3

first time freshmen will increase in reading by 5

	percentage points to 45.2% and for writing by 1	o Writing: remained constant (decrease of 0.1 points from 65.7% to
		65.6%).
	 CPE show & pass rates will increase by 1 percentage point to 91%. Plans to use the CPE website & on-line tutoring 	 The CPE show rate remained constant (decrease of 0.2 points from 84.5% to 84.3%). The CPE pass rate increased 3.1 percentage points
	more effectively will be implemented in 08-09.	from 90.0% to 93.1%.
Increase retention and graduation rates	The College will initiate a college-wide retention effort and will identify a high level administrator to be	 Keeling & Associates have been retained to assist with College retention efforts; a report has been shared with the College
	responsible for retention initiatives.	community & an initial retreat occurred in 6/09. A strategic plan for retention has been developed.
	 One and two year retention rates will increase by 2%. 	One-year retention rates for FT first-time freshmen in BA/BS
		programs decreased 1.8 percentage points from 74.1% to 72.3%.
		 One-year retention rates for FT first-time freshmen in AS programs increased 0.1 percentage points from 63.0% to 63.1%
		 One-year retention rates for FT transfers in BA/BS programs
		decreased 0.4 percentage points from 74.5% to 74.1%.
		 Two-year retention rates for FT first-time freshmen in BA/BS
		programs increased 2.4 percentage points from 56.3% to 58.7%.
		 Two-year retention rates for FT transfers into BA/BS programs
		increased from 0.4 percentage points 66.9% to 67.3%.
	 The Office of Outcomes Assessment will assist units in the 	 OA met with the Directors of the First-year Experience, Learning
	College with development of assessment protocols to	Communities & Summer Academies. Analysis of outcomes data of
	establish the effectiveness of First-Year Experience	student participants in these initiatives is ongoing to establish
	Initiatives in improving student retention	relationships between participation & retention. Learning objectives
		for each initiative have been established.
	 Six-year AA/AS/AAS graduation rates will increase by 1%. 	 Six-year AS graduation rates for FT first-time freshmen decreased
		1.7 percentage points from 26.0% to 24.3%.
	 Six-year BA/BS graduation rates will increase by 1%. 	• Six-year BA/BS graduation rates for FT first-time treshmen increased
		 U.b percentage points from 42.1% to 42.1%. Six-vear BA/BS graduation rates for FT transfers decreased 1.3
		percentage points from 58.6% to 57.3%.
	Four-year MA/MS graduation rates will increase by 1%.	 Four-year MA/MS graduation rates increased 10.9 percentage
		points from 54.6% to 65.5%.
	 Four-year BA/BS graduation rates will increase by 1%. 	• Four-year BA/BS graduation rates for FT first-time freshmen
		decreased 1.9 percentage points from 23.1% to 21.2%.
		• Four-year by bs graduation rates for a mission according to percentage point from 49.8% to 48.8%.
	Development of a comprehensive peer leadership &	An Ambassador Program was created this year & partial funding
	ambassador program will be a collaborative, cross	identified. A cohort of 25 students will be trained during SU 09 to
	campus initiative with areas like Enrollment Management	begin working in FA 09. An assessment component, based on

	Annual Control of the		
		& Alumni Relations. Approximately 30 students will receive training in social, personal & academic skill	program goals and community expectations, is included to assess the effectiveness of the program.
		development as well as participate in volunteer	
		the program has an impact on retention rate.	
		Develop the current Athletic Program to increase capacity	 The Athletics Department experienced a year of transition under the
		of our intramural programs. This will be the cornerstone	leadership of an interim director. Reassessment of department
		of connecting the student population to an integral part	goals occurred and resulted in modifications due to organizational
		of campus life; thereby, increasing engagement. Data will be collected (# of programs & attendees), organized in a	changes & budgetary constraints. During SP 09, a community survey was administered to determine the needs and plans for AY 09-10.
		database & analyzed for future efforts.	
		Reorganize student life agenda with a focus on increasing	 Collaborative Efforts included: 'Lunch Series' and Art exhibit
		the number of student leadership programs, workshops,	sponsored/coordinated by the Art & Music Dept; official Student
		and opportunities to further develop skills and prepare	Activities Facebook account developed by the Student Activities
		students for post graduate opportunities. The current	Office and the Technology Club; co-sponsorship of 'John Jay's Got
		student life agenda will be enhanced by dedicating 5	Talent' and 'Culturefest'; collaboration on 'Women & Islam' film
		programs to student leadership and committing to 5	series. Leadership Opportunities: Student leaders attended an
		collaborative efforts with faculty in AY 08-09.	'Emerging Leaders' conference in New Orleans in FA 08; participated
			in an off-campus leadership development day; successfully lobbled
			in getting a proposition on the ballot to raise the student activity
			fee. 2 students placed in the CUNY Leadership Academy; 5 students
			ran for student president (unprecedented in student election
			history). A Student Government transition dinner occurred in SP 09.
		Enhancement of Career Services with a special emphasis	 Career Services collaborations included: contributions to the JJC
		on increasing the number of interactions & collaborations	Alumni Newsletter; participation in Alumni 'Connect/Reconnect'
		between student & alumni. Develop an Office of	programs and reunions. 300 additional alumni registered on JJ
		Community Service which will increase the volunteer	Careers online bringing the total to 2700. A Director of Community
		efforts & opportunities available to students.	Service will be in place 7/09.
		 Increase contacts with veteran students and the number 	 The Veterans Club was reestablished & has engaged the student
		of programmatic efforts focused on serving this special	population in various activities, e.g., lectures, discussion groups,
		population. Contact information will be collected and	information sessions. The club also participates in the CUNY
		organized in a database for reference and to establish	Veterans Steering Committee. A mostly online resource library has
		benchmarks for this new initiative.	been established to support veteran needs.
		 As part of our consideration for risk management, 	 Crisis Roll Out will take place in FA 09 & will involve dissemination of
		increase the visibility & presence of work of the Advisory	documents created by the Committee, a Town Meeting, Committee
		Committee on Students in Crisis; roll out campus wide	visits to various campus constituents & a message to the community
		plan.	from President Travis.
Impro	Improve post-graduate	 Continuing Education will continue to provide students 	 Continuing Education met its targets by offering GED, GRE & LSAT
outcomes	mes	with the foundation to improve performance on licensure	courses and by expanding its paralegal program to include larger
		& certification exams by offering GED courses, GRE &	classes and an online option.
	ollo) wel adol		c

		00000 00000
	 OIR will continue to administer surveys to JJC alumni. 	OIR administered surveys to the classes of 2006 & 2006.
	Strategic Planning will collaborate with the Graduate	 The Graduate Admissions Office and Pre-Law Institute continued to
	Admissions Office and the Pre-Law Institute to collect	collect test score data.
	data regarding scores on standardized tests: GRE & LSAT.	
Improve quality of	The Director of Academic Advisement will join the college	 Director of Academic Advisement was hired 6/08 & 3 academic
student academic	6/08. In FA 08, the Academic Advising Center will be	advisors were hired FA 08. The Directors of Academic Advisement
support services	complete & 4 academic advisors will be hired. A system	& Counseling have jointly developed an academic advisement
	of academic advisement will be developed in 08-09 & the	transition plan which shifts the advising function from the
	Academic Advisement Center will gradually consolidate	Counseling Department to the Academic Advisement Center.
	the advisement activities of the college.	
	 The Director of Honors & Awards will be appointed in FA 	 The Director of Honors & Awards was appointed SP 09.
	08 & will implement the College plan for nurturing high	
	achieving students to apply for prestigious national	
	fellowships & for admission to prestigious graduate	
	programs.	ni veginina estario de la companio d
	 The College will design and administer a survey of student 	OIR piloted an online undergraduate studelit experience survey
	usage and satisfaction with academic support services.	Winter 08. A report has been issued & Oik flas presenced the
		findings. An online graduate student experience survey was proceed in condo
		III 3F 03.
	The College will integrate Degree Works advisement in	All new freshmen & transfer students are provided or considered many pages of the pages of
	academic advisement sessions.	assessed students' use of Degree Works.
	The effective of Cardinate Advicement will be	 Graduate Career Advisement will be realigned and integrated into
	increased through collaboration with Career Services	Carper Development Services for greater efficiency.
	Increased through collaboration with career services:	The way application was completed and deployed 5/09 at the same
	 DoIT with Enrollment Management will provide a web 	• The web application was completed and depot of a second of the second
	application allowing students to re-declare their major.	time as JSTOP (http://jstop.jlay.cuny.edu/).
	 To streamline student support DoIT will provide the 	DoiT provided tools such as Active Directory Interface, priorie many
	ONESTOP center with tools to respond to common	groups, and laptops. Project was completed FA US.
	technology requests related to CUNY central systems.	e dim 6/00 that at both L - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	 If funded, DoIT will standardize the ONESTOP and DoIT 	• Equipment is being received. Work is scheduled to start of 25 with
	services desks with common call queuing software.	target completion in SU 09.
	 DoIT will improve communication between students and 	 The College received a \$25,000 Microsoft grant & will identify 100
	adjunct faculty by providing voicemail for adjuncts who	adjuncts in SU 09 to pilot the system FA 09. John Jay Is seeking
	do not have designated office space.	additional funding to roll this out to the entire adjunct population.
	 Through our 4-year replacement cycle, computers in 	 Replacement of computers in general usage labs is on target for
	general usage labs will be replaced: 128 computers	completion during SU 09.
	(100%) in the Student Computing Lab Center & 70	 Registration Integration was implemented. The system provides
	computers (51%) of the Library open access computers.	detailed information regarding assigned books, allowing students to
	 Registration Integration will be implemented by the Fall 	easily order books online. DolT received positive reedback from
	Semester. Students will be able to browse and order	students.

 The scheduled upgrades and replacements have been completed. 5 cyber lounges (a total of 81 computers) were upgraded in Westport, North Hall and Haaren. Replacement DVD/VHS combo players, amplifiers & projectors have been replaced as needed in classrooms. 	OCPS worked with the CUNY Dispute Resolution Consortium to develop & offer non-credit programs and certificates. OCPS worked with Pubic Management to implement a new non-credit certificate for public managers in 2010. For AY 08-09, total OCPS enrollment was 47,768 up from 10,118 the previous year; contact hours were 646,284 up from 215,479. The increase is a result of College-	 Sponsored concerts in the Lynch Inequal. SAT scores increased by 12 points, from 931 to 943. CAA remained constant at 81. OA initiated conversation with EM to begin developing assessment plans. OIR was brought in to work closely with the division in its development of enrollment projections & targets. Three new educational partnerships will be approved by SU 09 in Criminal Justice, Forensic Science, & Forensic Financial Analysis. 	operation have enrolled more than 500 students to date. Six guest talks by JJC "faculty ambassadors" will occur by SU 09. A Central Office-supported marketing effort will be launched in SU 09. JJC continues to qualify. The undergraduate student population is 42% Hispanic & 25% African American/Black. The college received U.S. Dept of Ed Title V collaborative grants with QCC & BMCC as an HSI to increase the number of & success rates of Hispanic students	•
required textbooks online. When implemented, JJC will be the first CUNY campus to offer this service to students. • Through the Tech Fee several projects will be completed including replacement/upgrade of computers & peripherals in smart classrooms, cyber lounges & labs. In FY 08-09, 129 computers will be replaced in academic labs & 106 computers (100%) in smart classrooms.	OCPS will increase enrollment by 2.5%, and concentrate on building comprehensive programs that result in greater contact hours.	 SAT scores will increase by 3% and CAA scores will increase by 2%. The Office of Outcomes Assessment (OA) will support Enrollment Management (EM) in the development of plans & assessment methods to meet enrollment targets. 8 educational partnerships (2+2 joint degrees) in Forensic Science & Criminal Justice with 5 CUNY community 	& admit students in FA 08. 3 additional joint degrees in these disciplines will be approved in FA 08. Joint degrees in these disciplines will be approved in FA 08. Joint degree proposals in Business/Forensic Financial Analysis will be developed in FA 08, with approval by the end of 08-09. The mix of students at the College will continue to qualify the College as a Hispanic Serving Institution (HIS) and a Minority Serving Institution (MSI).	 College Now (CN) will maintain 15 existing partnerships & set an enrollment goal of 600 students. Students will participate in college courses, CN preparatory experiences & workshops. CN will work to improve the readiness of high school students by meeting 95% of the enrollment
	Increase or maintain access and enrollment; facilitate movement of eligible students to and among CUNY campuses			
•	3. Enhance Financial & Management Effectiveness			

	target & hy achieving 75% successful completion rate by	high school and college credit courses).
	implementing the CN strategic plan.	
Increase revenues and decrease expenses	•	• The College held 11 Connect & Reconnect events with alumni in the NY metro area and Washington, DC. The College tracked event attendance to determine the effect on annual campaign results. The annual campaign consisted of 5 mailings (2 soft included in the JJ Magazine & 3 targeted mailings). The College established a Scholars Circle for \$1,000+ donors; 11 donors joined the Circle & 1 special event was held. The planned giving program was expanded by doing 2 mailings to alumni that resulted in 41 inquiries.
	 The College will continue to reach out to corporations which might participate in our partnership program, requesting support for scholarships. The College plans to meet its productivity savings by reducing costs for credit card payments and leveraging 	 The College developed strategies to attract corporate & foundation support for strategic initiatives, such as Supporting Student Success; Building a Strong Faculty; Reimagining our Academic Programs; Expanding our Campus. The College met its productivity savings by reducing costs for credit card payments and leveraging use of non-tax levy funds.
	 Absent any additional CUNY allocation for Administrative Services, the College will hold constant the current % of its tax levy budget spent on administrative services. The College will continue to develop its balanced financial plan before the fiscal year begins & continue monitoring 	 The College has reduced the current % of its tax levy budget that is spent on administrative services from 25.3% to 24.4%. The College developed its balanced financial plan at the beginning of the fiscal year & monitors expenditures quarterly to ensure adherence to the plan.
	 Contract /grant awards in the Office of the Advancement of Research for 08-09 will rise at a rate 8-10% higher than 07-08. 	• This information will be provided after July 1. The College will be using RF figures after years of using internal data which are often inconsistent with RF. The RF data for 08-09 and 07-08 will be compared to ascertain the change in award levels.
	 Indirect cost recovery as a percentage of overall grant/contract activity will rise from 15.75 % to 16.75%. (OCPS) Adult & Continuing Education revenues have grown consistently over the past 4 years & should continue to increase at projected rate of 2.5% annually. 	 Using RF rather than college figures from now on, indirect recovery on a percentage of direct costs from all external funds decreased to 10.1 from 10.7. FY 08 revenues are not yet available. To date, revenues are \$750,000 (pending confirmation) and additional deposits are anticipated. Total tuition receipts for FY 07 were \$875,008.
Improve administrative services		 An Investment Committee was established 5/09. The investment policy will be established early in 09-10. A change in leadership in Marketing & Development in the 1st quarter of 2009 slowed down certain board-related activities.
	 The College will recruit an additional two members to the foundation board. 	Ine College did not lecture any new board memory. The standard leadership in Marketing & Development in the 1st quarter of 2009

John Jay College

- Facilities Management Dept will provide more focused survey result of 75% or higher being satisfied with the services to the public spaces, resulting in the student non-academic campus facilities.
- application allowing students to download forms to verify DoIT, with Enrollment Management, will develop a web their student status for tax & employment purposes.
 - DoIT will install a self service password management tool to empower students to reset the password used for common systems without a call to the Helpdesk.
- Student Intranet, Email, etc.) by consolidating systems to DoIT will simplify access to some campus systems (e.g., a standardized username & password.
- The Security Department will concentrate on increasing the student enrollment to CUNY Alert and student involvement in the Security/Workplace Violence Committee.
- The % of instruction delivered on Fridays, nights, weekends will increase by 1 percentage point.
- issues identified on campus as well as those identified by The College will establish a Risk Management Council; regular meetings will begin in FY 09 and will address the CUNY Risk Management Council (CRMC).
- regular basis, and ensure participation and involvement of The JJ FIRST campus team will continue to meet on a all parties in all required activities to make FIRST a complete success
- The College will develop a Sustainability Council comprised of faculty, staff and students.
- have the goal of reducing the College's carbon footprint The council will develop a Sustainability Plan which will 30% over ten years.
- The Sustainability Plan will be forwarded to CUNY for review and shall be monitored for progress quarterly.

- OIR showed that over 75% of surveyed students are satisfied with the cleanliness & availability of restrooms; over 60% are satisfied The Winter 08 online student experience survey administered by with the overall condition or buildings & grounds. slowed down certain activities.
- Software development work on the application was completed. The final product was launched 5/09.
- students is complete. Active directory has been completed for Installation of the self service password management tool for students.
- common call queuing software. Work is scheduled to begin 6/09; DoIT will standardize the ONESTOP and DoIT service desks with target completion date is SU 09.
- at major events, etc. The Workplace Violence Policy is posted on the CUNY Alert recruitment is ongoing during registration, orientation, students during Orientation. Four students were appointed to the JJ Security Website & incorporated in the booklet distributed to Security & Violence Prevention Committee.
- The % of instruction delivered on Fridays, nights, weekends decreased 1.6 percentage points from 38.9% to 37.3%.
- has begun to address issues identified on campus as well as those The Risk Management Council has been established. The Council identified by the CRMC.
- and Enrollment Management staff attend trainings, testing sessions The JJ FIRST team meets biweekly to review implementation status "Fridays at First" updates, Town Hall meetings & periodic bulletins. completed & transmitted to CUNY. HR, Payroll, Affirmative Action, & issues. College-wide communication occurs through regular As implementation proceeds, a checklist of readiness items is and meetings.
- Facilities Dept. has established a Sustainability Council comprised of students, faculty and staff.
 - The college has been successful in planning changes in all areas of the CUNY protocol & fully expects to have a Sustainability Plan in place by year's end.
- A Sustainability Plan will be in place by year's end and forwarded to CUNY

June 12, 2009 (v1)

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York

Manfred Philipp, PhD

Chairperson

William Phipps

UFS Executive Director

Stasia Pasela

Administrative Assistant

Vernice Blanchard

Secretary

The University Faculty Senate is the faculty governance body in academic matters of university-wide concern at The City University of New York. The Chair is an ex-officio CUNY Trustee and members of the Executive Committee serve as voting members of CUNY Board of Trustees Committees. The Chair of the University Faculty Senate also presides at meetings of the CUNY Council of Faculty Governance Leaders. The 136 elected Senators represent 12,000 full- and part-time faculty, and provide a representative, collective faculty voice from each of the 20 campuses. Senators are charged with responsibility in issues of curriculum, degree requirements, and institutional mission at the University level. Senators serve on various university-wide committees, including those dealing with academic governance of the CUNYBA, the School of Professional Studies, the Research Foundation, and the CUNY Academy. The University Faculty Senate and its Committees work with the Senates on the CUNY campuses and the CUNY Discipline Councils. The University Faculty Senate also informs the University Community of new documents and proposals up for consideration before the Board of Trustees, and helps provide for appropriate consultation on the issues.

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York

535 E. 80th Street, New York, NY 10021 212-794-5538 (phone), 212-794-5508 (fax) http://www.cunyufs.org/

February, 2010

Suggested Citation:

Barker, K. (2010). The Spring 2009 Faculty Experience Survey (FES:09): Report for full- and part-time faculty. New York, NY: The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York.

Content Contact:

Kathleen Barker, PhD
Professor of Psychology and
Chair, Committee on the Faculty Experience Survey
718-280-4854
kathleen.barker.cuny@gmail.com

Foreward

The Spring 2009 Faculty Experience Survey (FES:09) of full-time faculty and part-time adjunct faculty was conducted by the University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York during the Fall of 2009. The Principal Investigator is Kathleen Barker, Professor of Psychology, Medgar Evers College. The co-Investigator is Manfred Philipp, Chairperson of the University Faculty Senate and Professor of Chemistry, Lehman College. The study was funded through the offices of the Vice-Chancellor of Academic Affairs, Alexandra Logue. Questions regarding the survey should be addressed to Prof. Kathleen Barker (kathleen.barker.cuny@gmail.com) or Prof. Manfred Philipp (manfred.philipp@gmail.com).

This report describes a brief overview of the methods and procedures used for the FES:09. Similar to the first cycle of the Faculty Experience Survey conducted in 2005 (FES:05), FES:09 serves a continuing need for data on the experiences of faculty within CUNY. The FES:09 is dissimilar from its earlier version in that it was conducted on-line though the services of a contracted vendor. FES:09 also included a separate pilot study of part-time adjunct faculty. FES:09 was approved under Exempt Category: 2 - under 45 CFR 46 on June 18, 2009 by the CUNY-Wide Institutional Review Board [CW-09-019: The CUNY Faculty Experience Survey].

We encourage faculty to use the empirical findings within this report to inform discussions among colleagues on their campuses, with all sectors of leadership at their respective campuses, and in dialogue with peers and others across the university. We also welcome recommendations for future surveys so as to make future reports both more informative and useful for all interested readers.

Acknowledgements

The author wishes to thank the many individuals who contributed to the success of the 2009 UFS Faculty Experience Survey (FES:09).

The study was overseen by CUNY faculty and staff and funded by the Chancellery. Prof. Kathleen Barker is the Principal Investigator responsible for FES:09. Studies such as these, under the auspices of the local faculty, are not common in the United States. Prof. Manfred Philipp, Chairperson of the University Faculty Senate, relentlessly pursued funding for this second expanded UFS CUNY study. His steadfast support and interest, accompanied by persistent encouragement, was the backbone of the project's success.

Vice-Chancellor Alexandra Logue approved the funding of the study. The project team is grateful for the generous support and interest demonstrated by Chancellor Matthew Goldstein and Vice-Chancellor Logue, and for the funding and reassigned time which made this project possible.

William Phipps, UFS Executive Director, provided every type of assistance from fielding respondents' queries to editorial assistance on project materials. His indispensible advice and stamina propelled FES:09 during all its stages. Stasia Pasela, UFS Administrative Assistant, was instrumental in re-assembling the project team. Both Ms. Pasela and Vernice Blanchard, UFS Secretary, assisted in keeping the project moving forward.

The FES:09 depended on many personnel who provided the project team with skilled assistance on various scientific and technical matters. These included Prof. Dean Savage, Queens College, and Prof. Manfred Kuechler, Hunter College, who played critical roles over a prolonged re-development period. Prof. Savage generously provided the FES:05 archival materials and data for inclusion at various points in this report and assisted in the final preparation of both surveys. Prof. Stanley Wine of Baruch College suggested ideas for survey questions. Prof. Lorraine Kuziw, Medgar Evers College, made valuable corrections to the final report.

Many personnel also provided the project with excellent cooperation and assistance on technical and legal matters and these included James Haggard (Deputy CIO for Strategic Initiatives), Christopher Caprioglio (Computer Operations), Dave Fields (Special Counsel to the Chancellor) and Anthony Rini (OAA Director of Financial Management), and Bonnie McGrath (Chief Counsel) of the Research Foundation. Patricia A. MacCubbin, Director of the CUNY Office of Research Conduct and her staff met with the Principal Investigator and UFS staff to review requirements for IRB approval and made constructive suggestions.

The on-line survey contractor, Votenet, provided the team with a representative, Andrew Cader, who was always available (curse the BlackBerry!) and provided a superb level of consistency and follow-through. There were countless unanticipated intricacies presented by the on-line FES:09 in its first administration at CUNY. Andrew and his Votenet colleague, Nate Ballantine, provided extensive assistance throughout the project.

"Family-friendly workplace" is a construct referring to institutions helping employees meet family needs. Often, though, it is a "workplace-friendly family" that invisibly helps institutions meet their institutional needs. Any thanks would be incomplete without mentioning my spouse, Dr. Gary Holden, a skilled listener and gifted social scientist.

Finally, the author would like to express her deepest gratitude to the thousands of CUNY faculty respondents, the UFS Executive Committee, the Faculty Senate governance leaders, and other institutional leaders who participated and played roles in FES:09. Without their cooperation and participation, FES:09 could never have been completed. Em Bue

February, 2010

Table of Contents

1. Introductio	n: Overview and Background	1
2. Instrument	ation	1
3. Study Desig	gn and Selection of Respondents	3
4. Institutiona	al Review Board Process	4
	nt and Data Collection: Procedures	
	lates	,
7. Description	of Respondents	9
	n of Rank and Demographic Characteristics of Respondents	
for FES:09 v	vs. Fall, 2008 CUNY Statistics	10
Table 1		11
Table 2		12
9. Where's the	Data? What You Will Learn in the Appendices	13
10. Closing Co	mments	14
References		17
	Appendices	
Appendix A.	CUNY Wide: Full-Time Faculty. FES:09 Item Results: All Campuses	A1-17
Appendix B.	CUNY Wide: Full-Time Faculty. FES:09 Survey Items Rank-Ordered by Campus with Selected Comparison Data from FES:05	B1-56
Appendix C.	CUNY Wide: Part-Time Faculty. FES:09 Item Results: All Campuses	
ppendix D.	CUNY Wide: Part-Time Faculty. FES:09 Survey Items Rank-Ordered by Campus	D1-36

1. Introduction: Overview and Background

The Spring 2009 UFS Faculty Experience Survey (FES:09) is the second University Faculty Senate (UFS) survey of CUNY full-time faculty and the first survey of CUNY part-time adjunct faculty. The FES:09 project is comprised of two separate surveys.

The first Faculty Experience Survey (FES:05) was conducted during the Spring of 2005. The survey was extensive, thorough, and ambitious. Its author, Prof. Dean Savage, considered it a pilot survey of full-time faculty. It was "an initial attempt to let CUNY faculty members speak for themselves concerning their work conditions, instructional and research facilities, and quality of academic life" (Savage, 2006).

The FES:09 is similar to the FES:05 in many respects in that it provides a mechanism for faculty to inform interested readers about their experiences within CUNY. The FES:09 is dissimilar, however, from the FES:05 in that it was expanded to include a pilot study of part-time faculty. And, whereas the FES:05 paper survey relied on (almost) heroic efforts of paper survey distribution and keyboard data entry, the FES:09 was administered as a web-based survey of faculty. This should not suggest that web-based surveys are "easier" but just that the FES:09 was keeping pace with the technological times.

This front-matter details basics about the survey: how it was conducted, the response rates and how survey respondents compare with CUNY's own figures on demographic characteristics. The higher the response rate for a college, the more confidence one can have in the findings. There are tables and figures referred to throughout this report. A few tables and figures will be provided within the text itself; the majority of data are provided in the Appendices to this document.

2. Instrumentation

This section provides a brief description of the survey instruments.

Three faculty members comprised the initial research team. The FES:09 surveys were developed to be administered as web-based surveys. Aside from the labor intensive aspects of the FES:05, various problems had emerged with paper surveys sent to individual faculty members across CUNY campuses.

For both the full-time faculty survey and the part-time adjunct faculty survey, individual items are located, respectively, in Appendix A and Appendix C alongside tabulated results. The FES surveys should be considered works-in-progress that adjust to previous findings and shift in response to internal CUNY matters, local New York City and State conditions, and national trends that affect faculty life.

Development of Questionnaire Items: Full-Time Faculty Survey. The research team worked to revise the FES:05 full-time faculty survey. For the purpose of trend analysis, the group sought to retain a number of items from the survey of full-time faculty, FES:05. However, the team also wanted to consider new areas and/or items from other faculty surveys (e.g., the revised The National Study of Postsecondary Faculty [NSOPF:04], the Columbia University Work Environment Survey, and Cornell's Work Life Life Survey, to name a few). The twin goals were to provide some trend data but also to explore new areas that were of concern at CUNY.

The final full-time faculty survey instrument is divided into sections. Sections may contain multiple questions or a single item. Multiple-item sections are:

- Section 1. Your Campus and Department
- Section 2. Facilities, Programs and Resources
- Section 3. Services, Functions and Grant Support
- Section 4. Elements of Job Satisfaction
- Section 5. Satisfaction with College Culture
- Section 6. Attitudes Toward CUNY-Wide Initiatives
- Section 7. Opinions About New CUNY Initiatives: In Principle and Implementation at Your College
- Section 8. Department or Program Decision-Making
- Section 9. Recruiting for Diversity and Climate for Women Faculty and Faculty of Color
- Section 10. Satisfaction with your CUNY Career and its Progression

Notable additions to the *FES:09* instrument include questions on departmental life, diversity, and various CUNY initiatives. The remaining sections contain single items that asked about workload, office hours, preparation for teaching, academic rank, longevity of service, and demographic questions. Items are organized by section and listed in Appendix A.

Development of Questionnaire Items: Part-Time Faculty Survey. The pilot version of a part-time survey presented many challenges due to the heterogeneity of adjunct part-time faculty at CUNY who range from graduate students to HEOs to non-CUNY full-time workers to emeriti. The part-time questionnaire includes some items that are comparable to the full-time faculty survey, but some items are specific to part-timers. As with the full time survey, the part-time faculty survey is divided into sections that contain multiple questions or a single item. Multiple-item sections are:

Section 1. Your Campus and Department

Section 2. Work Status, Conditions and Workload

Section 3. Facilities, Programs and Resources

Section 4. Services, Functions and Grant Support

Section 5. Elements of Job Satisfaction

Demographic questions were asked at the end of the survey. Items are organized by section and listed in Appendix C.

3. Study Design and Selection of Respondents

The study design was a census of full-time and part-time adjunct faculty employed as of April 1, 2009. The Central Office provided two spreadsheets containing names, school affiliations, and home addresses of full-time (N = 6,862) and part-time (N = 9,892) faculty. The full-time faculty sampling frame contained all faculty who were not on permanent leave as of April 1, 2009. The part-time faculty sampling frame contained all faculty who were not working full-time at CUNY in another capacity (e.g., as a HEO, etc.) because that employment status could be credibly understood to influence responses.

4. Institutional Review Board Process

During April of 2009, the Chairperson of the UFS, the Executive Director, and the Principal Investigator (PI) met with the Director of the CUNY Office of Research Conduct. The PI wrote the IRB application. Prior to this application process, the protocols for both surveys were further developed, including a letter of informed consent to precede the on-line survey and postcard text for each of the three mailings that a contracted vendor would mail. The use of an external vendor was essential for IRB approval of surveying CUNY faculty.

The survey process proceeded after IRB approval was obtained in late June. Next, the

Chancellery funded the lowest cost proposal, Votenet, a survey/ballot-delivery firm in Washington, DC.

Upon IRB approval, and after a contract had been approved, all postcards were printed to include a tollfree number that Votenet established to answer faculty queries and to troubleshoot problems. The

contract was finalized in late August.

5. Recruitment and Data Collection: Procedures

During August and September, the PI uploaded items for each survey and item coding to Votenet's website. Extensive proofing of vendor on-line renditions of both the full- and part-time faculty surveys (e.g., response options, formatting, tests of data coding, etc.) were conducted. The surveys continued to be pre-tested throughout September.

Originally, the surveys were to commence in early October. However, a number of events delayed their start. The approval of the IRB arriving in mid-summer during faculty annual leave, a contract approval process premised on IRB approval, and a vendor-planned equipment upgrade over the Columbus Day weekend delayed both the on-line final pre-testing and start dates for the survey. It was important that the FES:09 launch without a hitch. A decision was made by the PI to wait until Votenet completed its upgrade over the Columbus Day weekend when final pre-testing would certify the adequacy of the Votenet servers. On the morning of October 12th, Votenet informed the PI that both

FES:09 surveys had been successfully transferred. The PI pre-tested both surveys again on the new server and, after receiving accurate data transmission back, the surveys were judged ready for fielding.

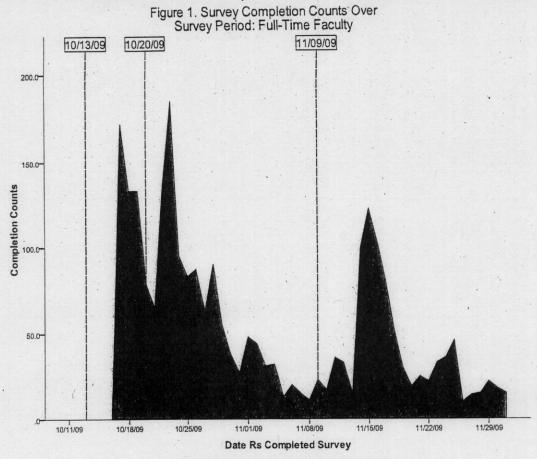
During the wait to start the survey, e-mail addresses were "pinged" by the UFS to determine which were valid. However, not all campuses permitted pinging. Of the 16,148 faculty, only 12,132 email addresses were useable for the pre-notice email blast (E-Blast) and subsequent reminders/rejoinders. The UFS sent its first E-Blast to 12,132 faculty on October 13th which alerted faculty to the survey and that faculty should expect to receive a postcard at home.

On the morning of October 13th, Votenet mailed the first wave of the postcards. The second and third wave dates for postcards were scheduled for October 20th and November 9th. As recommended by Dillman (2000), each postcard contained a date to distinguish each mailing. And each postcard, after the first, was distinctively headlined (e.g., the second postcard had a large-type headline: "2nd Reminder" with a "thank you" if individuals had participated; and the third postcard also had a large-type headline, "3rd and Final Reminder" with a "thank you" if individuals had participated).

Each wave date was accompanied by a UFS E-Blast to faculty. Faculty governance leaders were emailed on or around October 23, 2009. Leaders re-mailed the text of that appeal to members. The advertised close date for the survey on all materials, up to this point, was November 25th, 2009. On November 25th, a final E-Blast from the UFS was sent. This email notified faculty that the deadline for submitting a response was extended to December 1st. During the period from October 13th through December 1st, the survey team monitored the responses of faculty and fielded queries regarding log-in problems from individual faculty.

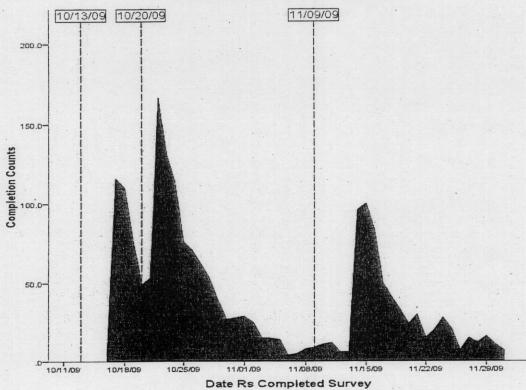
The survey completion process over the course for each survey over the course of the study is shown below (Figure 1 and Figure 2) with postcard mailing dates superimposed.

¹ "Ping" is a protocol that sends a message to another computer and waits for acknowledgment and is often used to check if another computer or e-mail address on a network is reachable.



Vertical Dashed Lines Indicate Postcard Mailing Dates

Figure 2. Survey Completion Counts Over Survey Period: Part-Time Faculty



Vertical Dashed Lines Indicate Postcard Mailing Dates

6. Response Rates

The first tables in Appendix A (Section 1) and Appendix C (Section 1) display the unadjusted and adjusted response rates for, respectively, full-time and part-time faculty by campus.

Response rates for this survey are difficult to estimate precisely for a number of reasons. The intent of the survey was to ask faculty about their experiences during a previous semester. Employee contact information that is six months out of date would be likely to include inaccurate email and home address information for some faculty members. Such faculty members were effectively not asked to participate in the survey, as they received neither the three postcards sent by Votenet nor necessarily the E-blasts sent to respondents from the central CUNY offices.

Each wave of postcards had unique non-delivery/return to sender rates for full-time faculty (Wave 1 = 248; Wave 2 = 256; and Wave 3 = 243). At the final cut-off date for the survey (December 1, 2009), 2,546 respondents completed the full-time faculty survey, yielding an unadjusted response rate of 37.1% from a pool of 6,862 faculty. When factoring in an average (M = 249) of the returned postcards or 3.6% of the full-time total, the final response rate is 38.5% (Appendix A, Section 1). Since it was reasonable to assume that most of these faculty did not live at the address of record, we concluded that they did not receive any postcard invitations in any waves of administration and did not have access, therefore, to their userid or password because these were not provided via the email notifications.

The response rate of 38.5% is not stellar but much higher than many rates attained by the other surveys of faculty (Cummings & Finkelstein, 2009) or even in surveys of CUNY undergraduates by mail (CUNY Office of Institutional Research and Assessment, 2008). The response rate for full-time faculty on the FES:09, 38.5%, is greater than the 33% response rate achieved for FES:05. The increase in response rate may be due to many factors, one of which is that CUNY faculty have come to appreciate the usefulness of the UFS Faculty Experience Survey.

The first table in Appendix A, Section 1, demonstrates that when considering campuses with full-time faculty in excess of 20 members, response rates range from a low of 29.6% for John Jay College to 46.2% for York College and 48.2% for Queensborough Community College. Most campuses reported rates in the low to high 30s. If the lowest and highest response rates are excluded, response rates range between 30% and 41%. Higher response rates may result from a number of outcomes: members may be more disaffected at these campuses, a campus culture may encourage reporting local conditions, and/or local leadership may be more effective in persuading faculty to participate. We cannot extract the reasons for the differential rates yet the range is narrow enough to permit us to compare campuses (cf. Savage, 2006).

A comparable response rate calculation took place for the part-time faculty survey. Each wave of postcards had unique non-delivery/return to sender rates for part-time respondents (Wave 1 = 283; Wave 2 = 352; and Wave 3 = 351). The first wave of postcards returned deviated significantly from the remaining waves with the percentage returned ranging from 3% to 3.8%. The argument has been made that part-time faculty are more transient than full-time faculty and therefore more difficult to survey. This was not observed. The USPS return rates for part-time faculty postcards are equivalent, or even slightly lower, when compared with the full-time faculty postcard return rate.

At the final cut-off date for the survey (December 1, 2009), the first- through third-wave postcards that were returned totaled 1,948 respondents who completed the part-time faculty survey, yielding an unadjusted response rate of 21% from a pool of 9,282 faculty. Due to the spread in the return rate for part-time faculty, the most conservative response rate was calculated using the Wave 1 return rate (N = 283). Although not empirically demonstrated, it was reasonable to assume that most of these part-time faculty did not live at the address of record. Therefore, these faculty did not receive a postcard invitation (followed by the invitation + thank you) in any waves of administration and they were unlikely to have received an email blast notification. The final adjusted response rate for part-time

faculty is 21.6%, which, although not as high as we might like, still represents the largest published survey dataset gathered on the part-time CUNY faculty since the study commonly called the "Marshall study" (Marshall & Savage, 2000).

The first table in Appendix C, Section 1, demonstrates that when considering campuses with part-time faculty in excess of 20 members, response rates range from a low of 14.7% for York College to a high of 26.6% for Baruch College. Just as full-time faculty may have come to realize the utility of the FES, and thereby increased their participation, it is hoped that part-time faculty will increase their participation in future versions of the FES.

7. Description of Respondents

For the full-time faculty survey, inspection of the data regarding a variable that probed rank resulted in the deletion of four cases (3 part-time faculty and 1 CLT) in the full-time faculty pool of 2,542.

For the part-time faculty survey, inspection of the file entailed examining two variables: respondents' answers to the questions, "2a. During the 2009 Spring term, was your title or position at CUNY full-time or part-time?" with a response format of full-time or part-time, and "2e. Which of the following best describes your employment situation?" Respondents chose from among 4 choices, one of which included, "Work full-time at CUNY."

Most faculty indicated they worked part-time on both questions but a small number of faculty were inconsistent across both questions (e.g., responding they were part-time at CUNY but who next responded that they "Work full-time at CUNY"). These 86 individuals were excluded. In addition, 39 respondents did not answer one or the other of these two questions regarding work status. At this point, the part-time faculty sample consisted of 1,823 respondents whose responses across items were consistent and who indicated they were appointed and working in CUNY part-time faculty positions on both questions. Next, further inspection revealed an additional 15 faculty who indicated they worked in non-teaching adjunct positions. These respondents were eliminated from this sample because the

purpose of the survey was meant to focus on teaching faculty, not administrative adjunct faculty. The final part-time sample totaled 1,808 Respondents.²

8. Comparison of Rank and Demographic Characteristics of Respondents for FES:09 vs. Fall, 2008 CUNY Statistics

How do survey respondents compare to CUNY faculty as a whole? Table 1 (below) compares full-time faculty respondents working during the Spring of 2009 with university-wide data for Fall 2008, captured by rank, gender and race/ethnicity. The full-time faculty respondents closely resemble the university-wide patterns for rank, except for substitute/visiting faculty. Akin to the Spring 2005 survey, women were slightly more likely to participate than men. The data on race are not completely comparable to the university data as respondents were provided with an "other" category. Still the responses are similar to the breakdown for the entire university, with a slight under-reporting by minorities. On the basis of the comparisons in Table 1, rank, racial and ethnic compositions are only mildly discrepant except when considering the low response rates from Visiting and Substitute faculty.

Table 2 (below) compares part-time faculty respondents working during the Spring of 2009 with university-wide data for Fall 2008, captured by rank, gender and race/ethnicity. The survey data is not completely comparable with the university data on rank as the survey provided a category for "Adjunct Instructor" and this is not tabulated separately in the university data. For the purposes of presentation, we combined Instructors with Lecturers in Table 2 (Appendix C provides a separate breakdown of each). The part-time faculty survey respondents are somewhat over-represented in the Adjunct Professor, Adjunct Associate Professor, and Adjunct Lecturer/Instructor categories. Respondents are fairly similar in composition to the university figures when considering the Adjunct Assistant Professor. Like full-time

² One might speculate that the exclusion of 125 Rs who skipped the status question or were inconsistent regarding their true work status would have changed the results reviewed in Appendix 3. To test this hypothesis, 13 satisfaction items were selected for analysis. The analysis compared the final sample of 1,808 with the excluded 125 individuals. Three significant differences (campus office situation; class size; and health care benefits) were observed on the 13 satisfaction items selected for study. No differences were observed on 10 of 13 measures. Of the three statistically significant differences, those who were not included in the final sample were significantly more satisfied than those who remained in the sample. Therefore, the results for satisfaction in the final study are not skewed toward greater satisfaction among the part-time faculty; if anything, the results are unchanged or slightly skewed downward for a small number of items.

Table 1

Faculty Experience Survey, Spring, 2009 CUNY Respondents

Comparison of Number of Responses by Rank, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

with Fall 2008 Affirmative Action Summary Data

Full-Time Faculty Only*

	CUNY Fall,	%** [*]	Survey Sprin	%*** g, 2009
Professor or Distinguished Professor	1968	29.0	770	30.3
Associate Professor	1583	23.4	656	25.8
Assistant Professor	2064	30.5	738	29.0
Instructor	119	1.8	51	2.0
Distinguished Lecturer	57	0.8	11	.4
Lecturer	547	8.1	208	8.1
Substitute/Visiting Faculty	438	6.5	69	2.7
Other			8	.3
Total	6776	100.0	2510	98.7**
Female Male Total	3131 3645 6776	46.2 53.8 100.0	1252 1230 2482	49.3 48.4 97.6
African-American American Indian/Alaska native Asian, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander White Other Total	840 12 694 4691 6776	12.4 0.2 10.2 69.2	229 3 188 1783 207 2410	9.5 0.1 7.8 74.0 8.6 94.8
Hispanic Non-Hispanic Total	539 6237 6776	8.0 92.0 100.0	172 2154 2342	7.4 84.7 92.1

^{*} University-wide data from AFFIRMATIVE ACTION SUMMARY DATA BY COLLEGE, ETHNICITY AND GENDER, FALL 2008: INSTRUCTIONAL AND CLASSIFIED STAFF, University Office of Compliance and Diversity Programs, Office of Faculty and Staff Relations, January, 2009, available online at http://www.cunv.edu/administration/ohrm/reports-forms/aadsb/aads combined Fall2008.pdf, retrieved January 4, 2009; excludes Einstein Professor. CUNY data for Fall 2008 and FES data count faculty in one category for race. A separate question asked about ethnicity. Totals for the survey do not add to 100% due to missing data. IRB approval was partially based on Rs freedom to avoid answering questions. (FULLTIMEsp09_06jan10.sav)

^{**}Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

^{***}Percentages do not add to 100% due to missing data and/or rounding.

Table 2

Faculty Experience Survey, Spring, 2009 CUNY Respondents

Comparison of Number of Responses by Rank, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

with Fall 2008 Affirmative Action Summary Data*

Part-Time Faculty Only

	CUNY Fa	%** II, 2008	Survey Spring,	%*** 2009
Adjunct Professor	254	2.5	147	8.1
Adjunct Associate Professor	366	3.7	91	5.0
Adjunct Assistant Professor	1777	17.9	333	18.4
Adjunct Lecturer/Instructor	7514	75.8	1199	66.3
Other			30	1.9
Total	9911	100.0	1803	99.7
Female Male Total	4774 5137 9911	48.2 51.8 100.0	912 871 1783	50.4 48.2 98.6
African-American American Indian/Alaska native Asian, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander White Other Total	1553 32 872 6644 9911	15.7 0.3 8.8 67.1	210 4 108 1283 138 1741	11.6 0.2 6.0 71.0 7.6 96.3
Hispanic Non-Hispanic Total	810 9101 9911	7.1 92.9 100.0	117 1598 1715	6.5 88.4 94.9

^{*} University-wide data from AFFIRMATIVE ACTION SUMMARY DATA BY COLLEGE, ETHNICITY AND GENDER, FALL 2008: INSTRUCTIONAL AND CLASSIFIED STAFF, University Office of Compliance and Diversity Programs, Office of Faculty and Staff Relations, January, 2009, available online at http://www.cuny.edu/administration/ohrm/reports-forms/aadsb/aads combined Fall2008.pdf, retrieved January 4, 2009; excludes Einstein Professor. CUNY data for Fall 2008 and FES data count faculty in one category for race. A separate question asked about ethnicity. Totals for the survey do not add to 100% due to missing data. IRB approval was partially based on Rs freedom to avoid answering questions. (FULLTIMEsp09_06jan10.sav)

^{**}Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

^{***}Percentages do not add to 100% due to missing data.

faculty, women were slightly more likely to respond to the survey than men. Again, the data on race are not completely comparable to the university data as respondents were provided with an "other" category. Still the responses are similar to the breakdown for the entire university, with a slight underparticipation by Asian, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander and African-American faculty.

9. Where's the Data? What You Will Learn in the Appendices

Both Appendix A and Appendix C contain "Sections" in which the survey items or questions are accompanied by tabulated responses. Both Appendices present data across the entire university:

Appendix A is a report of full-time faculty and Appendix C is a report of part-time adjunct faculty.

Consider these appendices a "university-wide" barometer on each item for each group of faculty.

Appendix A and C also contain figures or graphic displays (final few pages of each) that demonstrate differences or the lack of differences between groups. Please take time to read table titles, figure titles, and table notes to understand how groups are arranged or clustered/nested within other variables.

Appendices B and D provide rankings by campus for key variables in the study unless the number of respondents was less than 15. In these cases, campus units are not listed in order to preserve confidentiality.

Many readers will be interested in viewing Appendices B and D to observe where their campus "fits" within the framework of the university on various dimensions. Note that when the survey utilized an item or question with choices of 1 to 7, these choices have been "collapsed" into a smaller number of categories to ease interpretation. So, although you might see 7 categories in Appendices A or C on an item that measures satisfaction (Strongly dissatisfied, Somewhat dissatisfied, Dissatisfied, Neither satisfied or dissatisfied, Somewhat Satisfied, or Strongly satisfied), Appendices B and D present the same data but in "collapsed" form: the "Dissatisfieds" are one category, "Neither satisfied or dissasified" is preserved in its neutral category, and "Satisfieds" are one category.

Appendix B ranks many items across colleges for full-time faculty, and Appendix D does the same for part-time faculty. Attend to those columns that are **bolded** – these columns are self-explanatory as to why the campuses are arrayed in rank order from top to bottom.

Please take note that Appendix B will provide trend analysis data when possible. For those questions that were repeated from FES:05, the observer will note a column on the left-hand side, labeled "Spring 2005." This column contains the ranking of that campus from the last survey. Such data are not available yet for part-time faculty but, if questions are retained from the FES:09 survey, such trend data should also be published with the next survey go-round.

A final note about the statistics. The statistics in this report are not pyrotechnic by any means.

All of the statistics provided are descriptive in nature. Percentages are most commonly presented throughout. When means are provided, you can also view the percentages for each response category so you can take into account how "skewed" the data is; that is, as means are sensitive to extreme scores, you can view the general pattern of opinions and satisfaction and agreement levels.

We hope that you will agree that it is easy to interpret the data of averages and rankings.

Undoubtedly, some would like even more, but time constrains all in the end.

10. Closing Comments

Governance leaders and faculty will surely be interested in these results and, when provided, the comparisons with *FES:05*. The evidence presented here represents the fullest and most complete expression of faculty opinions and attitudes at The City University that we have to date as well as over time.

In reviewing the data, very few readers will fail to note that the differences among campuses in the satisfied columns range from 20 to 70 or even 80 percentage points between campuses. These differences merit our attention and concern. Many campuses exhibit changes from FES:05 to FES:09.

The changes, however, are frequently bi-directional between items: a campus might improve on a number of items but decline on others. A handful of campuses merit special attention because they consistently perform in the bottom 25th percentile of satisfaction on a number of issues.

Interested readers are strongly encouraged to take note of change or stasis on their campuses. Rankings should be carefully examined in tandem with satisfaction rates. For instance, a campus may be ranked third from the top. Such a finding should not be considered "well-done" based on its ranking alone if it is also accompanied by a satisfaction rating below 40%. Being ranked 3rd with a satisfaction rate of 97% appears excellent but only at first blush because the bottom-ranked campus satisfaction rating is relatively high, for instance, 80%. A similar caution applies to instances in which a campus is ranked very low but the highest ranked campus has a satisfaction rating that is only 15 percentage points higher.

In the current study, faculty voice strong opinions about their campuses. On a substantial number of campuses, faculty are discontented. Full-time faculty are often split on a number of matters and that is predictable given the wide disparities between campuses. Across CUNY, on a few issues, faculty are generally content. The important finding of this study may well be that it replicates the broad findings of the FES:05 survey of full-time faculty – that is, variability between campuses remained evident in the FES:09 full-time faculty survey. Variability between campuses is evident in the FES:09 part-time faculty survey as well.

Considering the accompanying trend data for full-time faculty, however, we see that there are limits to this variability. The same colleges appear to re-mix but within their segregated "tops" and "bottoms" of the University. Thus, while there is some movement at the top, and sometimes campuses rise and fall dramatically on particular issues, there are campuses who demonstrate a consistent pattern of being ranked near the top or the bottom – and there are the fairly consistent mid-rangers as well.

Finally, and similarly to CUNY full-time faculty (Appendix A), part-time faculty expressed considerable satisfaction with many aspects of their jobs and their faculty and staff relationships at CUNY

in the University-Wide report (Appendix C). Commonalities between the two groups are also visible in certain areas, such as discontent with salary, certain resources and the physical plant. Also, variability between campuses is as true for part-time faculty as it is for the full-time faculty. For all of us, the CUNY-wide results may appear anomalous until we more closely examine our campus standings across and between items for both groups of faculty (Appendices B and D).

Although new leaders were not instrumental in the development of the documented campus issues, they were also bequeathed accomplishments from prior leaders. In order to solve problems that faculty have given voice to, a willingness to engage and dialogue with faculty, to advocate for their campuses, to become creative in solving areas of discontent, and also to preserve valued achievements would foster mutual governance.

The City University of New York will be well-served if faculty opinions documented in this report are vigorously addressed.

References

- Cornell University (2006). Understanding faculty satisfaction: A Cornell University faculty work life survey. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University. Retrieved [December 3, 2008] from http://www.advance.cornell.edu/ADVANCE Reports/faculty satisfaction report.pdf
- Cummings, W.K., & Finkelstein, M. (2009). Global trends in academic governance. Washington, DC:

 American Association of University Professors. Retrieved [February 1, 2010] from

 http://owl.cuny.edu:7778/portal/page/portal/oira/OIRA HOME/SES 2008 Final Report.pdf
- CUNY Office of Institutional Research and Assessment (2008). 2008 student experience survey. NY: The

 City University of New York. Retrieved [February 21, 2010] from

 http://owl.cuny.edu:7778/portal/page/portal/oira/OIRA HOME/SES 2008 Final Report.pdf
- Dillman, D.A. (2000). *Mail and internet surveys: The tailored design method*. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Forrest Cataldi, E., Fahimi, M., and Bradburn, E.M. (2005). 2004 National study of postsecondary faculty

 (NSOPF:04) report on faculty and instructional staff in Fall 2003 (NCES 2005–172). U.S.

 Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics. Retrieved

 [December 10, 2008] from http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch.
- Lennon, M.D., Messeri, P., & Peters, A. (2007). An assessment of the work environment of earth institute scientists on the Lamont Campus: Columbia University Work Environment Survey. Retrieved

 [November 29, 2008] from

 http://earth.columbia.edu/advance/documents/ADVANCE Survey LDEO 022706 001.pdf
- Marshall, E.J., & Savage, D. (2000). Preliminary data analysis: PSC adjunct survey (2000). Unpublished document.

The City University of New York (2009). Affirmative action summary data by college, ethnicity and gender, Fall, 2008: Instructional and classified staff. New York: CUNY. Retrieved [January 4, 2009] from http://www.cuny.edu/administration/ohrm/reports-forms/aadsb/aads_combined_Fall2008.pdf)

Savage, D. (2006). The 2005 faculty experience survey report for full-time faculty. New York: The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York.

APPENDIX A

University-Wide Full-Time Faculty
Survey Item Results

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



APPENDIX A

SURVEY ITEMS AND RESULTS

CUNY-Wide: Full-Time Faculty

Section 1. Your Campus and Department

(In reporting results, totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.)

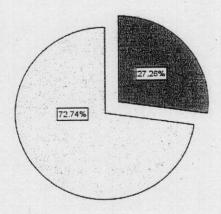
1. Which is your college, the one where you spent most of your time during the Spring of 2009?

	CUNY	Survey N*	Return Rate %	% of All Rs
Baruch	512	195	38.1%	7.7
ВМСС	410	152	37.1%	6.0
Bronx CC	274	111	40.5%	4.4
Brooklyn	533	208	39.0%	8.2
City	572	201	35.1%	7.9
CSI	351	119	33.9%	4.7
CUNY Law	43	16	37.2%	.6
Graduate Center	156	58	37.2%	2.3
Hostos CC	172	53	30.8%	2.1
Hunter	680	274	40.3%	10.8
John Jay	422	125	29.6%	4.9
KBCC	311	. 105	33.8%	4.1
LAGCC	300	124	41.3%	4.9
Lehman	369	114	30.9%	4.5
Medgar Evers	192	61	31.8%	2.4
NYC Tech	402	142	35.3%	5.6
Queens	624	236	37.8%	9.3
QBCC	309	149	48.2%	5.9
School of Journalism	20	5	25%	.2
School of Professional Studies	2	2	100%	.1
York	208	96	46.2%	3.8
Totals	6862	2546	37.1%	
Partial Complete/Non-Consents RB Refusals Average Postcard Returned: All	173			
Waves	249			
Adjusted Total	6613	38.5%		

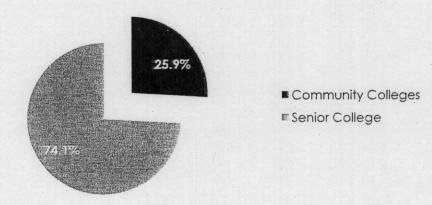
^{*} The final full-time faculty sample was reduced to 2,542 respondents. Four respondents were identified as non-faculty.

CUNY University-Wide Full-Time Faculty Respondents by Campus Type (N = 2,542)

☐ Community Callege ☐ Senior Colleges



CUNY Full-time Sample by Campus Type (N = 6,862)



Section 2. Facilities, Programs and Resources

in terms of your own use or access, how would you rate each of the following facilities, programs, or resources at your college during the Spring of 2009?	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	Resource not available	Don't Know	Does not apply to me	
20 Office and an arrangement of the second o	%	%	- %	%	%	%	%	N
2a. Office space	18.7	23.9	34.6	22.4	.3	.1		2535
2b. Office computers including available software & Internet connections	10.4	23.2	45.4	20.5	.3	.2		2530
2c. Tech support for computer-related activities	12.7	27.8	40.0	18.6	.3	.6		2532
2d. Library holdings: printed books and journals	18.8	30.8	33.5	9.8	.3	6.8		2528
2e. Library holdings: electronic resources	7.3	23.8	44.2	16.7	.3	7.8		2516
2f. Computer labs and "smart" classrooms 2g. Access to your office/lab after hours & on	15.9	32.8	33.3	9.3	1.0	7.6		2524
weekends	6.2	11.8	39.7	34.8	.6	7.1		2519
2h: Off-campus access to your campus email	5.6	11.9	39.1	41.3	.5	1.7		2522
2i. Physical plant conditions (including escalators, elevators, classrooms, common areas)	24.0	05.4						
2j. Bathrooms	34.8	35.1	24.9	4.6	.5	.1		2531
2k.Laboratory/research space & supplies	32.3	35.3	26.9	4.8	.4	:2		2524
2l. Basic research equipment	14.2	18.3	15.8	2.8	2.9	8.4	37.7	2507
z.: basic research equipment	11.8	19.0	16.6	3.1	7.5	8.4	38.3	2491

Section 3. Services. Functions and Grant Support

In terms of your own experience how would you rate each of the following our college during the Spring of 2009?	. Poor	% Fair	Good %	% Excellent	% Resource net available	% Don'l Know	Total N
3a Telephone service (including voice mail)	6.4	17.2	50.6	24.2	.5	1.1	2535
3b. Mail service					.0		2000
(access to mail, promptness of delivery)	6.8	22.0	52.4	17.7	.0	1.0	2534
3c. Photocopying	16.1	25.8	40.5	16.8	.3		
3d. Security	6.7	23.5	49.8		.5	.5	
3e. Bookstore				18.4		1.6	2530
3f. Cafeteria/Food services	12.9	28.7	37.2	5.7	2.5	13.0	2524
	27.3	34.9	24.4	4.0	1.3	8.2	2531
3g. Enforcement of health and safety regulations	13.4	25.8	34.4	5.9	.3	20.2	2515
3h. Faculty development activities	12.5	29.4	40.0	11.3	.6	6.2	2504
3i. Availability of small internal grants	11.1	27.0	40.7	12.6	.6	8.1	2523
3j. Help with grant applications at your college	12.2	22.6	33.8	14.7	1.0	15.6	2530
3k. Administration of outside grants by CUNY	10.3	19.4	19.1	5.6	1.7	43.8	2521

Section 4. Elements of Job Satisfaction

How satisfied are you with each of the	Very dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	Mildly dissatisfied (3)	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (4)	Mildly satisfied (5)	Satisfied (6)	Very satisfied (7)	Don't Know	7	otal	
following?	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	M*	SD	N
4a. Your authority to make decisions about content & methods in your instruction	1.8	1.4	2.6	2.1	7.6	34.9	48.7	1.0	6.1	1.2	2522
4b. Your authority to set standards and grading policies	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.5	7.6	34.7	45.8	2.4	6.1	1.3	2519
4c. Class size	7.5	9.5	10.3	5.7	17.2	33.6	14.1	2.1	4.8	1.9	2522
4d. Family leave	2.1	3.4	3.4	7.8	5.8	18.0	7.7	51.8	5.0	1.7	2500
4e. Your workload	14.4	15.7	13.8	7.2	13.3	26.7	8.3	.4	4.0	2.0	2521
4f. Your salary 4g. Availability of travel funds to attend	11.3	16.1	15.6	8.1	21.1	23.1	4.7	.1	4.0	1.8	2520
professional meetings	19.6	19.5	13.5	8.4	15.3	12.1	3.2	8.4	3.3	1.9	2523
4h. Health care benefits	5.8	10.2	13.1	8.9	22.0	28.5	7.9	3.5	4.5	1.7	2520
4i. Institutional recognition of technology- based instructional activities	5.4	6.2	6.4	13.3	11.1	15.7	3.7	38.3	4.3	1.7	2510
(e.g., in terms of tenure and promotion)	4.5	6.1	6.1	11.4	10.2	24.7	7.8	29.1	4.7	1.7	2520
Availability of sabbaticals Availability of reassigned time for research	12.0	12.4	11.3	10.0	14.5	19.1	5.7	15.0	4.0	1.9	2524

Section 5. Satisfaction with College Culture

How satisfied are you with each of the following aspects of your college's culture?	Very dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	Mildly dissatisfied (3)	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (4)	Mildly satisfied (5)	Satisfied (6)	Very satisfied (7)	Not Important to me	Haven't thought about it	ī	otal	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	M*	SD	N
5a. Faculty influence on college policies 5b. Faculty influence on the direction and	12.3	12.8	12.0	11.9	19.3	20.9	3.4	.5,	7.0	4.0	1.8	2522
development of curriculum	5.6	6.6	8.0	9.6	19.1	36.4	10.9	.2	3.5	4.9	1.7	2522
5c. Faculty influence on hiring new faculty 5d. Faculty influence on hiring top level	6.3	6.5	6.7	10.1	16.9	35.2	12.9	.3	5.0	4.9	1.7	2521
administrators 5e. Support by administration for faculty	17.8	14.5	10.8	15.9	10.4	11.3	2.2	.9	16.2	3.4	1.8	2516
decisions on academic integrity (cheating, plagiarism, and grades)	5.6	4.8	5.0	15.5	12.2	31.9	10.6	.4	13.9	4.9	1.7	2517
5f. Level of respect shown to faculty by college President	11.7	6.2	5.5	9.9	10.5	28.9	21.0	.4	5.9	4.8	2.0	2505
5g. Level of respect shown to faculty by college Provost/Chief Academic Officer	11.7	7.5	5.8	9.6	10.4	27.5	19.4	.6	7.5	4.7	2.1	2515
5h. Administrative support for intellectual life	12.6	9.7	9.7	12.6	16.3	23.8	9.9	.6	4.8	4.3	1.9	2491
of ideas	9.3	6.7	6.4	14.6	14.1	26.7	13.5	.6	8.2	4.7	1.9	2510
5j. Transparency of budget allocations (lines and other funds) within the college	19.2	11.3	11.0	13.8	11.4	12.1	3.5	1.2	16.5	3.5	1.9	2512

^{*} The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one of the responses, valued as 1 through 7. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but their responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations.

What do you think about some existing and possible major CUNY-wide initiatives and policy changes?	Opposed	Ambivalent	Support in principle but have reservations about implementation	Support in principle & as implemented	Don't Know/ Haven't thought about it	Total
The second of th	%	%	%	%	%	N
6a. Raising of admission standards	7.5	13.7	36.9	35.8	6.1	2515
6b. CUNY Proficiency Exam (CPE)	8.4	15.8	25.1	25.9	24.8	2513
6c. Centralization of Blackboard	24.2	19.3	20.7	17.3	18.5	2507
6d. CUNY-wide McCauley Honors College	6.5	15.8	17.4	25.2	35.2	2506
6e. Centralized on-line bachelor's degree 6f. Proposed equivalency of courses across all	33.7	19.0	12.5	7.9	26.8	2499
colleges 6g. Possible further integration of the colleges	18.6	14.2	32.5	17.7	17.0	2509
into a single CUNY university 6h. Possible creation of an additional	36.0	16.9	18.3	8.1	20.7	2519
community college	20.1	19.5	22.6	15.1	22.7	2519

Section 7. Opinions About New CUNY Initiatves: In Principle and Implementation at Your College

How do you feel about new initiatives with respect to teaching - first, in principle, and secondly, how each has been implemented at your college?	Strongly Opposed (1)	Opposed (2)	Somewhat opposed (3)	Neutral (4)	Somewhat in favor (5)	In favor (6)	Strongly in favor (7)	Not applicable/Don't Know		Total	
IN PRINCIPLE	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	M*	SD	N
7a. Revision of core curriculum 7b. Writing across the curriculum 7c. Use of technology for teaching and learning 7d. Offer courses partially online	0.9 1.2 0.4	2.7 2.0 1.1	3.7 2.9 2.1	16.4 9.8 8.1	15.7 12.2 12.8	28.5 34.6 37.2	18.8 30.0 35.4	13.3 7.4 2.9	5.4 5.7 5.9	1.4 1.3 1.1	2517 2517 2520
("blended learning") 7e. Offer courses fully online	3.6 14.1	7.8 18.5	9.6 13.5	16.0 14.7	17.1 13.0	25.0 11.9	15.7 9.6	5.1 4.7	4.8	1.7	2521 2519
IMPLEMENTATION AT YOUR COLLEGE											
7f. Revision of core curriculum 7g. Writing across the curriculum 7h. Use of technology for teaching and learning	3.5 3.1 3.0	5.8 5.8	8.3 7.9	14.3	16.9 19.0	24.4 27.9	5.7 10.3	21.1	4.7 4.9	1.6 1.6	2513 2506
7i. Offer courses partially online ("blended learning") 7j. Offer courses fully online	3.4	5.3 4.8	9.6	9.8	24.3 13.6	30.9	10.0	7.1	4.9	1.5	2510 2507
oral section, oralle	7.0	8.4	6.3	15.7	9.2	8.9	2.9	41.6	3.9	1.7	2497

^{*} The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one of the responses, valued as 1 through 7. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but their responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations.

Section 8. Department or Program Decision-Making

How much do you agree to disagree with the following statements about the decision-making process within your primary	Strongly disagree (1)	Disagree (2)	Mildly disagree (3)	Neither agree or disagree (4)	Mildly agree (5)	Agree (6)	Strongly agree (7)	,	otal (
department or program?	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	М	SD	N
8a. I feel like a full and equal participant in the problem-solving and decision-making process	9.6	10.2	7.8	5.2	16.0	24.9	26.2	4.9	2.0	2526
8b. I have a voice in how resources are allocated	12:1	18.1	9.8	10:3	15.5	19.2	14.9	4.2	2.0	2522
8c. Meetings allow for all participants to share their views	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.2	13.0	31.1	31.1	5.3	1.8	2518
8d. Committee assignments are shared fairly to allow participation of all full-time faculty	8.7	9.2	9.2	8.7	14.3	28.4	21.5	4.8	1.9	2519
8e. My department or program or campus is working to help me improve the quality of my teaching	6.9	9.7	6.2	17.5	15.5	26.6	17.6	4.8	1.8	2513

Section 9. Recruiting for Diversity and Climate for Women Faculty and Faculty of Color

With respect to CUNY's recritment of and institutional environment for women faculty and faculty of color, how much would you agree ot disagree with the following statements about your primary department or	Strongly disagree (1)	Disagree (2)	Mildly disagree (3)	Neither agree or disagree (4)	Mildly agree (5)	Agree (6)	Strongly agree (7)	Don't Know/Not Applicable	Have not recruited		Total	
program?	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	M*	SD	N
9a. My department actively recruits women faculty	2.3	3.9	1.9	11.2	6.9	28.2	36.9	7.8	1.0	5.7	1.5	2524
9b. My department actively recruits faculty of color	4.1	5.0	3.7	11.3	9.2	26.4	30.9	8.0	1.3	5.4	1.7	2522
9c. My department takes steps to enhance the climate for women faculty	5.2	5.3	3.1	18.1	8.5	23.7	26.3	9.9		5.2	1.8	2523
9d. My department takes steps to enhance the climate for faculty of color	5.0	5.0	3.5	18.4	8.1	22.7	23.0	14.4		5.1	. 1.8	2521

Section 10. Satisfaction with your CUNY Career and its Progression

How satisfied are you, in general, with:	Very dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	Mildly dissatisfied (3)	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (4)	Mildly satisfied (5)	Satisfied (6)	Very satisfied (7)		Total	
(A) 在各种基本的产生和基本的现在分词,	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	М	SD	N
10a. Your position at CUNY? 10b. The way your career has progressed at	3.4	4.9	6.2	4.2	18.2	42.7	20.5	5.4	1.5	2534
CUNY?	5.0	5.8	7.1	4.6	17.8	38.9	20.8	5.2	1.7	2530

^{*} The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one of the responses, valued as 1 through 7. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Have not recruited," etc.) are presented but their responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations.

_			
Saction	11	Contina	Workload
OCCHOIL		DECTION.	VVCHRICIALI

	4.2	13.8	27.3	27.4	14.3	4.8	1.5	.9	5.7	2.6	1.3	2468
APPEN	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	M*	SD	N
During the Spring 2009 semester, how many sections did you teach at CUNY? (Do not count summer and winter courses.)	None, full reassigned time (0)	One Section (1)	Two sections (2)	Three sections (3)	Four Sections (4)	Five sections (5)	Six sections (6)	Seven sections (7)	None/On Leave		Total	

Section 12. Student Workload

							1.2	
	16.5	27.5	20.0	16.1	10.3	5.4	4.2	2222
reassigned time" or "None/On Leave" in #11.)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	N
(Excludes Rs who indicated "None, full	1-2	25-	50-	75-	100	125	150	Total
taught during the Spring 2009 semester?	4	49	47	. 66	124	-149	±	
students were enrolled in all the sections you								
Altogether, approximately how many								

Section 13. Office Hours

During the Spring 2009 semester, how many regular office hours did you hold? (Excludes Rs who indicated "None, full reassigned time" or "None/On Leave" in #11.)	% No office hours (0)	% One hour per week (1)	% Two hours per week (2)	% Three hours per week (3)	% Four hours or more per week (4	Office hours by appointment	Total	
, and a second s	70	70	70	76	70	70	10	
	.6	3.1	25.6	38.1	27.0	5.7	2210	

Section 14. Hours Outside of Class

On average, how many hours per week did
you spend on CUNY class-related activities
outside of class (class preparation, grading,
email to students)?

(Excludes Rs who indicated "None, full
reassigned time" or "None/On Leave" in #11.)

M Mdn* Mo SD N

18.6 15.0 20.0 11.8 2115

 $^{^{\}star}$ The median (Mdn) is the point at which 50% of the sample fall above and below; the mode (Mo) is the most common response.

Section 15. Academic Rank

During the Spring 2009 term, was your primary academic rank, title, or position at	N	%
CUNY:	70	70
Professor / Distinguished Professor	770	30.7
Associate Professor	656	26.1
Assistant Professor	738	29.4
Instructor	51	2.0
Lecturer	207	8.2
Distinguished Lecturer	11	.4
Full time Substitute / Visiting faculty	69	2.7
College Lab Tech (CLT)	0	.0
HEO Series	0	.0
Part-time faculty	0	.0
Non-teaching adjunct faculty	0	0
Other	8	.3
Total	2510	100.0

Section 16. Longevity of Service

How long have you been a full-time faculty member at CUNY?	N	%
1 to 5 years	835	33.3
6 to 10 years	542	21.6
11 to 20 years	443	17.6
21 to 30 years	326	13
More than 30 years	364	14.5
Total	2510	100.0

Sections 17 - 20: Demographic Characteristics

Section 17. Sex

Are you female or male?	N	%
Female	1252	50.4
Male	1230	49.6
Total	2482	100.0

Section 18. Age Group

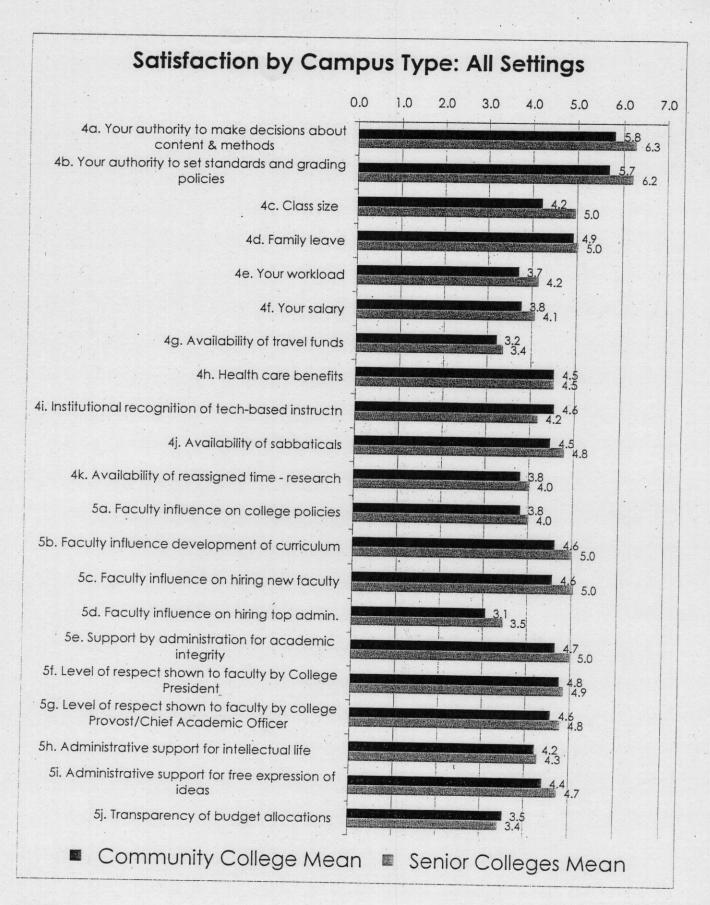
What is your age?	N	. %
Under 35	138	5.6
35 - 45	606	24.6
46 - 55	582	23.6
56 - 65	757	30.7
Over 65	384	15.6
Total	2467	100.0

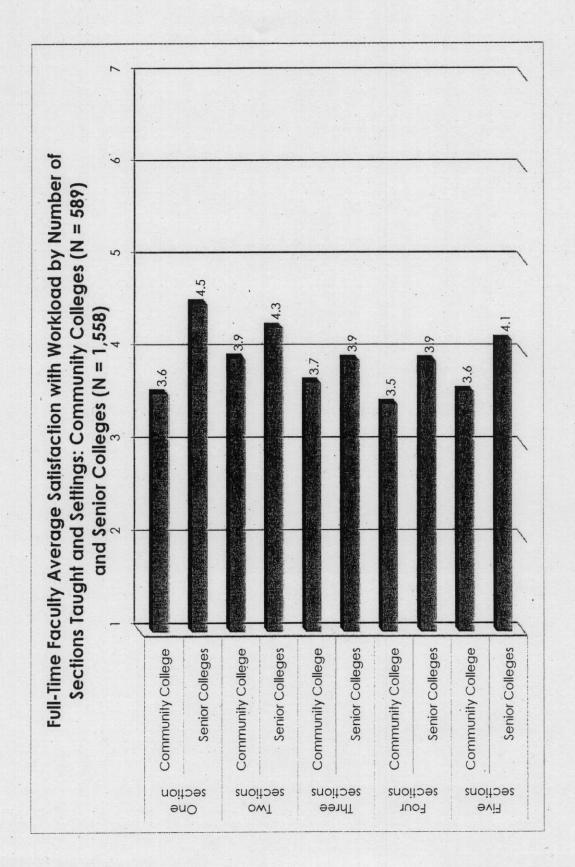
Section 19. Ethnicity

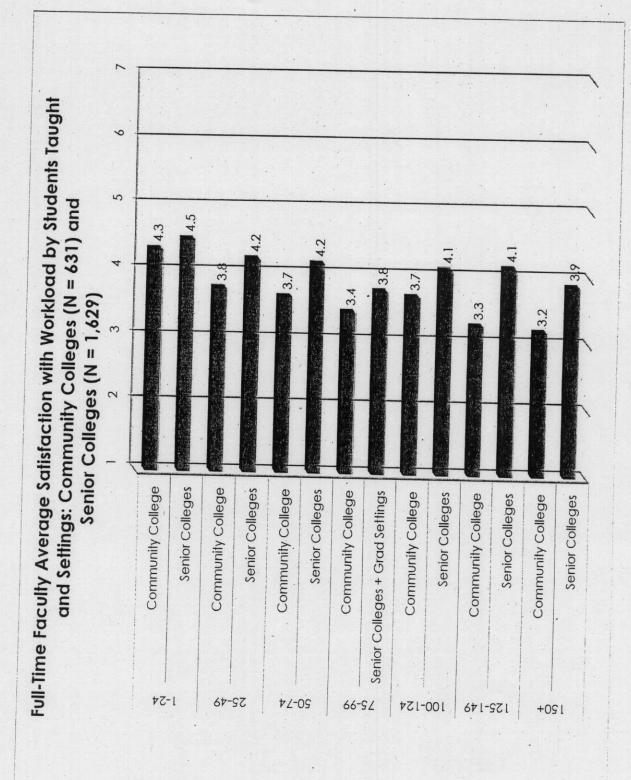
Are you Hispanic or Latin	10?	N	%
Not Hispanic or Latino		2154	92.0
Hispanic or Latino		188	8.0
Total		2342	100.0

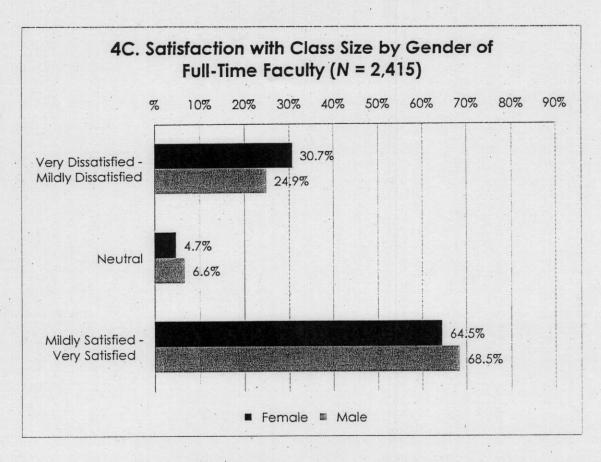
Section 20. Race

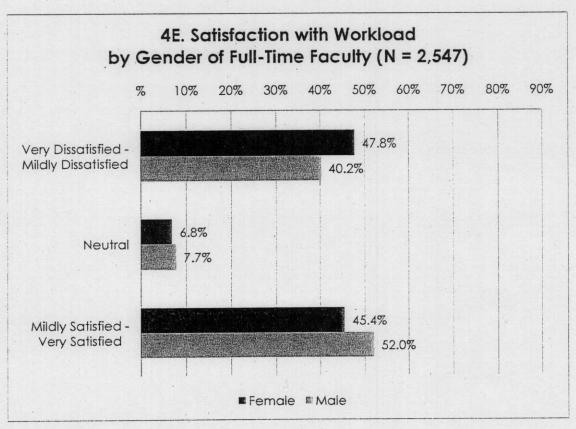
What is your race?	N	%
Asian	186	7.7
Black/African descent	229	9.5
Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	2	0.1
Native American or Alaskan Native	3	0.1
White	1783	74
Other	207	8.6
Total	2410	100.0



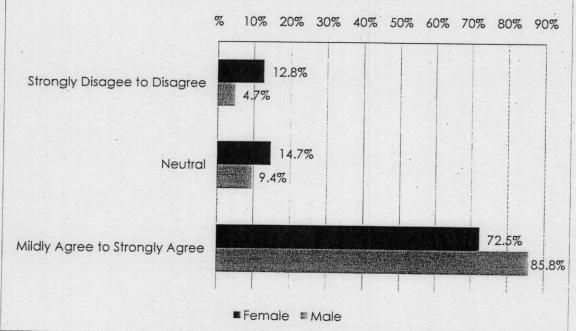




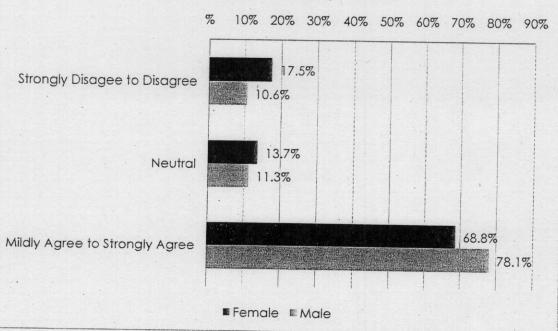


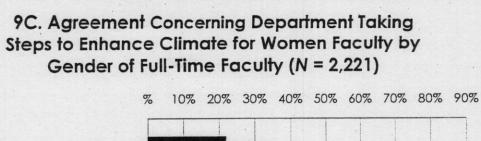


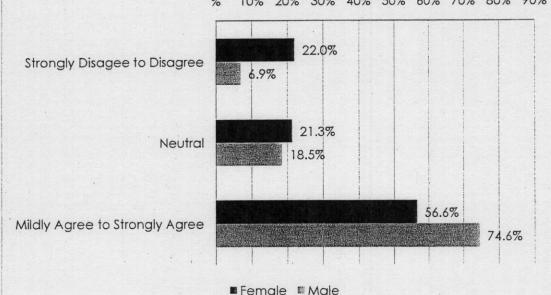
9A. Agreement Concerning Departments Actively Recruiting Women Faculty by Gender of Full-Time Faculty (N = 2,255)



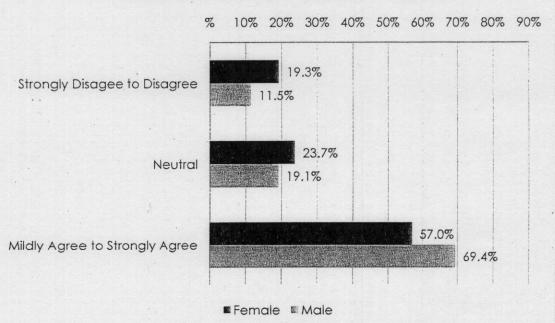
9B. Agreement Concerning Department Actively Recruiting Faculty of Color by Gender of Full-Time Faculty (N = 2,236)

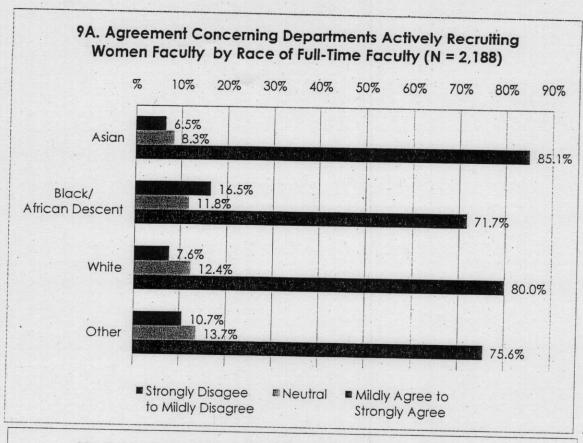


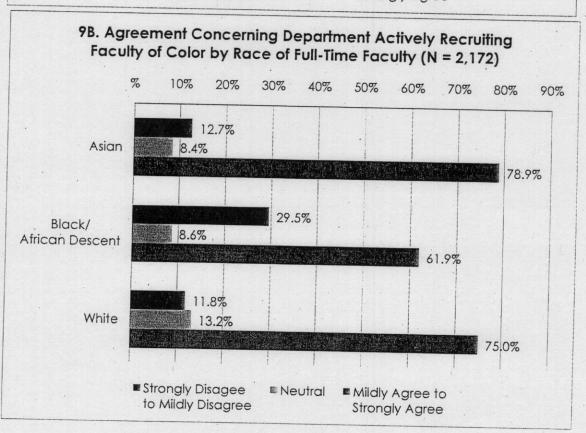


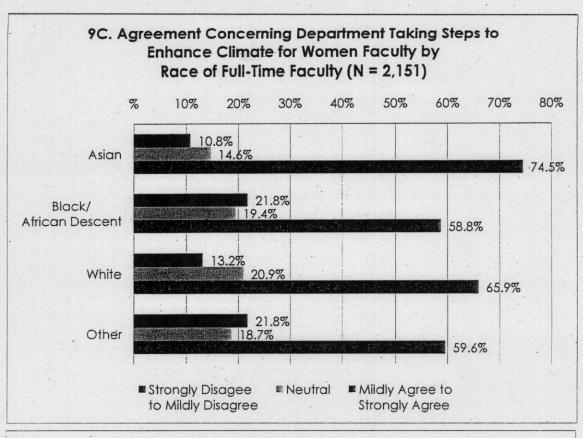


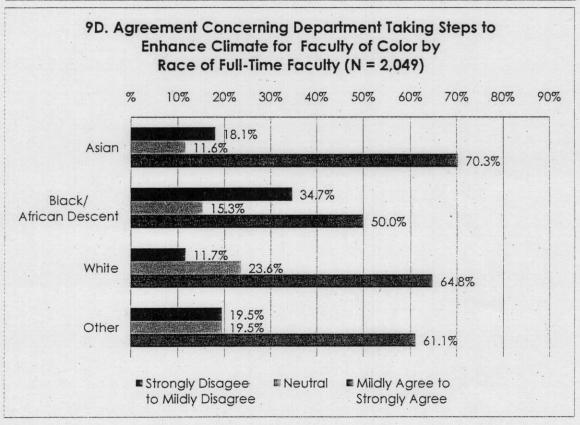
9D. Agreement Concerning Department Taking Steps to Enhance Climate for Faculty of Color by Gender of Full-Time Faculty (N = 2,221)

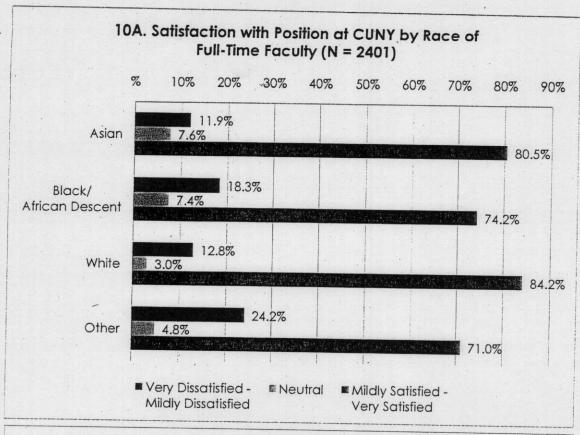


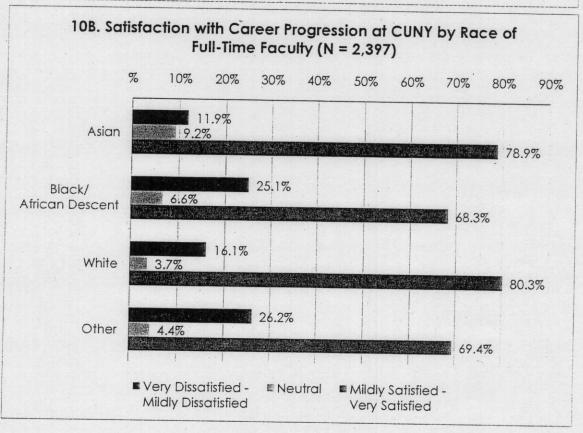












APPENDIX B

FULL-TIME FACULTY
Survey Items Rank-Ordered by Campus
and
Selected Comparison Data from FES:05

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



Table 1 - Rating of Office Space

2	
0	
0	
5	

R			God	od or	Reso	urce			
n College	Poor	or Fair		ellent	Not Ava		Don't	know	Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	
1 Baruch	15%	29	85%	166	0%	0	0%	0	· N
9 Hostos CC	26%	13	74%	37	0%	0	0%		195
6 LAGCC	27%	34	72%	89	1%	1		0	50
5 KBCC	29%	30	71%	75	0%		0%	0	124
12 CUNY Law	31%	5	69%	11		0	0%	0	105
3 Queens	32%	.74	68%	159	0%	0	0%	0	16
4 Grad Center	33%	19	67%		0%	0	0%	1	234
8 York	39%	37		39	0%	0	0%	0	58
2 CSI	37%	44	61%	59	0%	0	0%	0	96
10 Hunter	40%		61%	72	1%	1	1%	1	118
15 City		109	59%	161	1%	2	0%	0	272
11 John Jay	41%	. 82	59%	118	0%	1	0%	0	201
7 Lehman	45%	56	55%	68	0%	0	0%	o	124
	47%	54	53%	60	0%	0	0%	0	114
14 Bronx CC	48%	53	52%	58	.0%	0	0%	ol	111
16 Brooklyn	50%	103	50%	102	0%	1	0%	0	
13 QBCC	62%	92	38%	57	0%	0	0%		206
18 BMCC	66%	100	34%	51	1%	1		0	149
17 Medgar Evers	. 67%	41	33%	20	0%		0%	0	152
19 NYC Tech	73%	1(14	26%	37		0	0%	0	61
Totals	43%	1079			0%	0	1%	1	142
			5. 70	1439	0%	7	0%	3	2528

Table 2 - Rating of Office Computers including Available Software and Internet Conections

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

2	
0	
0	
5	

R a College	Poo	Poor or Fair		Good		Resource Not Available		Don't know		Totals
	9	6	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
19 Grad Center	17	%	10	83%	48	0%	0	0%	0	58
3 KBCC	17	7%	18	82%	86	1%	1	0%	0	105
17 Lehman	18	3%	21	81%	92	1%	. 1	. 0%	0	114
7 Hostos CC	21	1%	11	79%	41	0%	0	0%	0	52
2 Baruch	22	2%	43	77%	151	0%	0	1%	1	195
15 Brooklyn	29	9%	61	71%	146	0%	0	0%	0	207
10 CSI	29	9%	34	70%	83	0%	0	1%	1	118
12 Hunter	30	0%	82	70%	188	0%	0	. 0%	0	270
9 Queens	32	2%	76	66%	154	1%	2	. 1%	2	234
8 John Jay	37	7%	46	63%	78	0%	0	0%	0	124
11 CUNY Law	38	8%	6	63%	10	0%	0	0%	0	16
13 City	37	7%	75	62%	125	0%	1	0%	0	201
5 QBCC	39	9%	58	61%	90	0%	0	0%	0	148
18 York	4	1%	38	59%	55	0%	0	0%	0	93
16 NYC Tech	39	9%	55	59%	83	1%	2	1%	1	141
4 BMCC	4:	2%	64	57%	87	1%	1	0%	0	152
1 LAGCC	4	9%	61	51%	63	0%	0	0%	0	124
6 Bronx CC	5	3%	59	47%	52	0%	0	0%	0	111
14 Medgar Evers	5	5%	33	45%	27	0%	0	0%	0	60
To	tals 3	4%	851	66%	1659	0%	8	0%	5	2523

Table 3 - Tech Support for Computer-Related Activities

5									
a College	Poor or Fair		Good or Excellent		Resource Not Available		Don't know		Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
3 QBCC	24%	36	75%	112	0%	0	1%	1	149
8 CUNY Law	25%	4	75%	12	0%	. 0	0%	ol	16
4 KBCC	28%	29	72%	76	0%	0	0%	0	105
19 Grad Center	29%	17	71%	41	0%	. 0	0%	0	58
2 Baruch	32%	63	67%	130	0%	. 0	1%	1	194
15 Lehman	34%	39	66%	75	0%	0	0%	0	114
1 LAGCC	35%	43	65%	80	0%	0	0%	0	123
9 Brooklyn	35%	72	65%	133	0%	0	0%	1	206
6 CSI	35%	41	64%	75	1%	1	0%	0	117
							0 70	U	117

63%

63%

60%

52%

51%

50%

46%

44%

40%

34%

33

171

74

74

119

100

44

27

61

38

1475

2%

1%

0%

0%

0%

1%

0%

0%

1%

0%

2

0

0

0

3

0

0

0

1

8

0%

0%

1%

2%

0%

0%

0%

1%

2%

1%

16

Note. Row "Totals" refer to the average of column percentages and number of respondents in each column. Column "Totals" refer to the total number of respondents for each campus. The grand total (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Average percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

0

5 Hostos CC

10 Hunter

17 John Jay

13 NYC Tech

16 Medgar Evers

14 Queens

11 City

17 York

7 BMCC

12 Bronx CC

35%

36%

40%

45%

47%

48%

54%

56%

59%

63%

41%

Totals

18

98

49

64

111

97

52

89

70

1026

52

272

124

141

234

201

61

151

111

2525

Table 4 - Library Holdings: Printed Books and Journals

College			Good or		Resource				
	Poor or Fair		Exce	Excellent		Not Available		now	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Hostos CC	29%	15	62%	32	0%	0	10%	5	. 52
Baruch	29%	57	61%	119	0%	0	9%	18	194
KBCC	31%	33	57%	60	1%	1	10%	11	105
CUNY Law	44%	7	56%	9	0%	0	0%	0	16
Brooklyn	41%	85	53%	110	0%	. 0	6%	12	207
LAGCC	44%	54	52%	64	0%	0	5%	6	124
John Jay	48%	59	47%	58	1%	1 .	5%	6	124
NYC Tech	46%	64	47%	65	1%	2	6%	8	139
Lehman	51%	. 58	46%	52	0%	0	4%	4	114
Queens	50%	117	43%	100	0%	0	7%	17	234
Hunter	58%	158	39%	106	0%	0	3%	7	271
вмсс	52%	7.9	38%	58	0%	0	10%	15	152
Medgar Evers	59%	34	38%	22	2%	1	2%	1	58
QBCC	50%	74	38%	56	0%	0 .	12%	18	148
CSI	63%	74	33%	39	0%	0	4%	5	118
City	59%	118	33%	66	0%	1	8%	16	201
York	65%	62	30%	29	0%	0	5%	5	96
Bronx CC	56%	62	27%	30	1%	1	15%	17	110
Grad Center	74%	43	24%	14	0%	0	2%	1	58
Totals	50%	1253	43%	1089	0%	7	7%	172	2521

Table 5 - Library Holdings: Electronic Resources

			Good or		Resou	ırce			
College	Poor or Fair		Exce	ellent	Not Ava	ilable	Don't know		Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
CUNY Law	6%	1	94%	15	0%	0	0%	0	16
Hostos CC	15%	8	73%	- 38	0%	0 .	12%	6	52
LAGCC	24%	29	71%	87	0%	0	5%	6	122
Baruch	21%	40	70%	136	0%	0	9%	17	193
John Jay	25%	31	70%	86	0%	0	5%	6	123
Brooklyn	26%	53	68%	140	0%	0	6%	12	205
Grad Center	29%	17	67%	39	0%	0	3%	2	58
KBCC	20%	. 21	65%	68	1%	1	14%	15	105
Lehman	34%	39	64%	73	0%	0	2%	2	114
Hunter	35%	94	60%	161	0%	1	4%	11	267
QBCC	28%	41	60%	89	0%	0	13%	19	149
NYC Tech	30%	41	57%	78	1%	2	11%	15	136
CSI	39%	46	56%	66	0%	0	4%	5	117
Queens	36%	83	55%	129	0%	1	9%	20	233
York	43%	41	54%	52	0%	0	3%	3	96
Bronx CC	34%	38	53%	59	1%	1	12%	13	111
City	41%	82	52%	105	0%	0	7%	14	201
ВМСС	33%	50	51%	76	0%	0	16%	24	150
Medgar Evers	44%	27	46%	28	2%	1	8%	5	61
Totals	31%	782	61%	1525	0%	7	8%	195	2509

Table 6 - Computer Labs and "Smart" Classrooms

2
0
0
5

R			Goo	d or	Resou	ırce			
a College	Poor or Fair		Exce	llent	Not Ava	ilable	Don't	Totals	
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	. %	N	N
5 Baruchi	22%	42	72%	138	0%	0	6%	12	192
16 CUNY Law	38%	6	63%	10	0%	0	0%	. 0	16
3 KBCC	35%	37	59%	62	1%	1	5%	5	105
2 QBCC	41%	61	56%	84	1%	1	2%	3	149
1 LAGCC	46%	57	52%	65	1%	, 1	. 1%	1	124
4 CSI	38%	44	52%	60	0%	0	10%	12	116
15 John Jay	37%	46	52%	64	0%	0	11%	14	124
11 Lehman	47%	53	48%	. 54	1%	1	4%	5	113
8 Brooklyn	50%	102	44%	90	0%	0	6%	13	205
19 Grad Center	32%	18	39%	22	0%	0	30%	17	57
7 Hostos CC	48%	25	38%	20	4%	2	10%	5	. 52
9 BMCC	55%	83	38%	58	1%	2	5%	8	151
13 Queens	51%	118	34%	. 80	1%	3	13%	31	232
10 NYC Tech	57%	80	34%	48	2%	. 3	6%	9	140
12 Hunter	58%.	159	34%	93	0%	1	7%	19	272
18 Medgar Evers	66%	40	33%	20	0%	0	2%	1	. 61
17 City	59%	118	28%	57	1%	3	11%	23	201
6 Bronx CC	61%	68	24%	27	4%	4	11%	12	111
14 York	77%	74	18%	17	4%	4	1%	. 1	96
Totals	49%	1231	42%	1069	1%	26	8%	191	2517

Table 7 - Access to Your Office/Lab After Hours and After Hours and On Weekends

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

R ·			Goo	od or	Reso	urce				
n College	Poor	Poor or Fair		ellent	Not Ava	ailable	Don't	Don't know		
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N	
6 CUNY Law	6%	1	94%	15	0%	0	0%	0	16	
2 Hunter	7%	20	87%	235	0%	1	5%	14	. 270	
3 CSI	8%	9	85%	100	0%	0	7%	8	117	
1 Baruch	11%	22	83%	160	0%	0	5%	10	192	
10 KBCC	10%	11	. 83%	. 87	0%	0	7%	7	105	
8 Brooklyn	8%	17	81%	166	0%	0	11%	- 22	205	
4 John Jay	19%	23	81%	100	. 0%	0	1%	1	124	
5 QBCC	16%	24	74%	110	1%	1	. 9%	14	149	
11 City	21%	43	73%	147	0%	. 0	5%	11	201	
12 LAGCC	18%	22	73%	90	1%	1	9%	11	124	
17 York	24%	23	72%	69	0%	0	4%	4	96	
13 Lehman	28%	32	68%	77	2%	2	2%	2	113	
9 Queens	22%	52	67%	156	0%	0	10%	24	232	
19 Medgar Evers	23%	14	67%	40	0%	0	10%	6	60	
14 Grad Center	23%	13	65%	37	2%	1	. 11%	6	57	
15 Hostos CC	24%	12	65%	33	0%	0	12%	6	51	
16 NYC Tech	26%	36	64%	89	1%	2	9%	12	139	
7 BMCC	29%	44	64%	96	1%	1	6%	9	150	
18 Bronx CC	31%	34	55%	61	5%	5	10%	11	111	
Totals	18%	452	74%	1868	1%	14	7%	178	2512	

Note. Row "Totals" refer to the average of column percentages and number of respondents in each column. Column "Totals" refer to the total number of respondents for each campus. The grand total (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Average percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

0

Table 8 - Off-Campus Access to Your Campus Email

			Goo	d or	Resou	ırce				
College	Poor or Fair		Exce	lient	Not Ava	ilable	Don't k	now	Totals	
	%	N	. %	N	%	N	%	N	N	
Lehman	4%	4	96%	109	0%	0	1%	1	114	
Hunter	3%	9	95%	259	0%	1	1%	3	272	
John Jay	8%	10	91%	113	0%	0	1%	1	124	
Baruch	. 8%	16	91%	176	0%	. 0	1%	2	194	
Grad Center	11%	6	86%	48	2%	1	2%	1	56	
Bronx CC	12%	13	86%	95	1%	1	2%	2	111	
York	13%	12	85%	81	1%	. 1	1%	1	95	
CSI	13%	15	83%	97	0%	0	4%	5	117	
QBCC	19%	28	81%	120	0%	0	0%	0	148	
Brooklyn	17%	34	81%	166	0%	0	3%	6	206	
CUNY Law	20%	3	80%	12	0%	0	0%	0	15	
LAGCC	20%	24	80%	98	1%	1	0%	0	123	
Hostos CC	19%	10	79%	41	2%	. 1	0%	0	- 52	
City	21%	42	77%	155	1%	2	1%	2	. 201	
NYC Tech	22%	30	77%	107	1%	1	1%	1	139	
KBCC	28%	29	68%	71	1%	1	4%	4	105	
Queens	32%	75	64%	148	0%	1	4%	9	233	
Medgar Evers	37%	22	61%	36	2%	1	0%	0	59	
вмсс	38%	58	58%	87	1%	1	3%	5	151	
Totals	17%	440	80%	2019	1%	13	2%	43	2515	

Table 9 - Physical Plant Conditions (including escalators, elevators, classrooms, common areas)

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

R	-		Goo	d	Reso	urce			
n College	Poor or Fair		Exce			Not Available		now	Totals
k	%	· N	%	·N	%	N	%	N	N
1 Grad Center	14%	8	86%	50	0%	0	0%	0	58
3 KBCC	49%	51	51%	54	0%	0	0%	0	105
5 Queens	53%	125	46%	108	0%	0	0%	1	234
11 LAGCC	56%	70	44%	54	0%	0	0%	0	124
7 Hostos CC	59%	30	41%	21	0%	0	0%	0	51
13 York	61%	- 58	39%	37	0%	0	0%	0	95
4 QBCC	62%	93	38%	56	0%	0	0%	0	149
6 CSI	67%	78	33%	39	0%	0	0%	0	117
2 Baruch	67%	130	32%	63	1%	1	0%	0	194
17 John Jay	72%	89	28%	35	0%	0	0%	0	124
14 Lehman	75%	86	23%	26	2%	2	0%	0	114
16 Brooklyn	77%	160	23%	47	0%	0	0%	0	207
9 BMCC	79%	120	20%	31	1%	1	0%	0	152
8 Medgar Evers	77%	46	20%	12	3%	2	0%	0	60
10 CUNY Law	81%	13	19%	3	0%	0	0%	0	16
15 Hunter	81%	220	18%	49	1%	2	0%	0	271
18 NYC Tech	82%	115	16%	23	1%	2	1%	1	141
19 City	87%	175	13%	26	0%	0	0%	0	
13 Bronx CC	91%	101	6%	7	3%	3	0%	0	201
Totals	70%	1768	29%	741	1%	13	0%	2	2524

Note: There were two separate questions in the 2005 survey which asked about the physical plant and classrooms. The rank-ordering provided in the Table is for 2005 question concerning physical plants. Rank-ordering was different for classrooms in 2005, and was ordered as: Baruch, Grad Center, Queens, KBCC, QBCC, Lehman, CSI, Brooklyn, York, LAGCC, Hunter, BMCC, Hostos CC, NYC Tech, City, John Jay, Bronx CC, CUNY Law, and Medgar Evers.

Note. Row "Totals" refer to the average of column percentages and number of respondents in each column. Column "Totals" refer to the total number of respondents for each campus. The grand total (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Average percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

0 0

Table 10 - Bathrooms

000

R	Poor or Fair		Good	or	Resou	ırce			
a College			Excel	Excellent		ilable	Don't know		Totals
k	%	·N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
1 Grad Center	12%	7	88%	51	0%	0	-0%	0	58
2 Baruch	43%	83	57%	110	0%	0	0%	0	193
4 KBCC	51%	53	49%	51	0%	0	0%	0	104
3 Queens	52%	121	47%	110	0%	1	0%	1	233
9 BMCC	58%	87	42%	63	1%	1	0%	0	151
8 QBCC	62%	92	38%	56	0%	0	0%	0	148
16 John Jay	63%	78	37%	46	0%	0	0%	0	124
18 LAGCC	69%	85	31%	39	0%	0	0%	0	124
19 CUNY Law	69%	11	31%	5	0%	0	0%	0	16
17 Hostos CC	71%	37	29%	15	0%	0	0%	0	52
7 Brooklyn	75%	155	25%	51	0%	1	0%	0	207
10 Hunter	77%	209	23%	61	0%	1	0%	0	271
15 City	79%	157	22%	43	0%	0	0%	0	200
6 Lehman	79%	90	19%	22	2%	2	0%	0	114
11 Medgar Evers	80%	49	18%	11	2%	1	0%	0	61
5 CSI	82%	96	17%	20	0%	0	1%	1	117
13 NYC Tech	81%	113	16%	22	1%	1	2%	3	139
12 York	85%	82	15%	14	0%	0	0%	o	96
14 Bronx CC	92%	100	6%	6	2%	2	1%	1	109

796

Note. Row "Totals" refer to the average of column percentages and number of respondents in each column. Column "Totals" refer to the total number of respondents for each campus. The grand total (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Average percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

Totals 68% 1705

10

2517

Table 11 - Laboratory/Research Space & Supplies

2
0
0
5

R			Good	dor	Resou	urce			Does	Not	
n College	Poor	or Fair	Excel	lient	Not Ava	ilable	Don't	know	Apply t	to me	Totals
k	%	· N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
4 KBCC	24%	25	28%	29	3%	3	7%	. 7	38%	40	104
9 QBCC	34%	- 49	25%	37	3%	4	9%	13	29%	43	146
1 Baruch	19%	36	25%	48	2%	3	7%	14	48%	93	194
6 CSI	34%	39	24%	28	3%	4	6%	7	32%	37	115
5 Lehman	33%	37	22%	25	2%	2	6%	7	37%	41	112
10 Queens	30%	69	22%	51	2%	5	7%	16	39%	91	232
3 LAGCC	26%	32	22%	27	5%	6	9%	11	38%	47	123
8 City	32%	63	21%	41	3%	5	5%	10	40%	80	199
13 Grad Center	24%	13	20%	11	0%	0	7%	4	49%	27	55
2 Brooklyn	30%	62	20%	40	2%	5	9%	18	39%	79	204
17 Hostos CC	40%	21	17%	9	0%	0	8%	4	35%	18	52
7 York	40%	38	17%	16	3%	3	12%	11	28%	27	95
11 Hunter	35%	95	16%	44	1%	4	9%	23	38%	103	269
18 NYC Tech	42%	59	14%	19	6%	8	9%	13	29%	41	140
19 John Jay	34%	41	12%	14	2%	2	11%	13	42%	51	121
12 BMCC	37%	56	11%	16	7%	10	13%	20	33%	50	152
15 Medgar Evers	51%	31	5%	3	7%	4	5%	3	33%	20	61
14 Bronx CC	41%	45	5%	5	5%	5	12%	13	39%	43	111
16 CUNY Law	20%	3	0%	0	0%	0	27%	4	53%	8	15
Totals	33%	814	19%	463	3%	73	8%	211	38%	939	2500
					0.0		070	211	00 70	909	2500

Table 12 - Basic Research Equipment

2
0
0
5

			City Self-								
R			Good	or	Resou	ırce			Does	Not	
n College	Poor o	r Fair	Excel	lent	.Not Ava	ailable	Don't	know	Apply t	o me	Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
10 CSI	30%	34	29%	33	4%	5	7%	. 8	30%	35	115
1 Baruch	17%	33	27%	52	1%	1	8%	15	48%	92	193
5 KBCC	24%	25	26%	27	4%	4	8%	8	38%	39	103
8 QBCC	32%	′ 47	25%	36	5%	8	8%	12	29%	43	146
3 Lehman	29%	. 33	22%	25	2%	2	6%	7	40%	45	112
9 Queens	31%	71	22%	51.	2%	4	6%	14	39%	91	231
17 Grad Center	18%	10	22%	12	0%	0	5%	3	55%	30	55
6 Hunter	32%	85	21%	57	1%	3	7%	19	39%	103	267
13 York	37%	35	21%	20	0%	0	14%	. 13	28%	26	94
12 City	30%	59	21%	41	3%	6	. 8%	15	39%	77	198
4 Brooklyn	34%	69	19%	39	2%	4	8%	16	37%	75	203
11 LAGCC	26%	32	18%	22	2%	2	11%	13	43%	53	122
14 Hostos CC	37%	19	17%	9	4%	2	6%	3	37%	19	52
18 NYC Tech	38%	52	16%	22	6%	8	10%	14	30%	42	138
15 John Jay	33%	39	16%	19	1%	1	12%	14	39%	47	120
19 Medgar Evers	48%	29	10%	6	7%	4	3%	2	32%	19	60
16 BMCC	35%	52	8%	12	7%	10	12%	18	38%	57	149
2 CUNY Law	13%	2	7%	1	0%	0	27%	4	53%	8	15
7 Bronx CC	38%	42	5%	6	5%	6	9%	10	42%	47	111
Totals	31%	768	20%	490	3%	70	8%	208	38%	948	2484

Table 13 - Telephone Services

2
0
0
5

R a Co	ollege	Poor or Fair			Good or Excellent		Resource Not Available			
n oc		%	N	%				Don't k		Totals
3 Ba	ruch	8%			N	%	N	%	N	N
	ad Center		15	92%		.0%	0	.0%	0	194
		14%	8	86%	50	.0%	0	.0%	0	58
	stos CC	15%	8	85%	44	.0%	0	.0%	0	52
8 City		15%	31	84%	168	1.0%	2	.0%	0	201
7 Qu		18%	42	80%	189	.4%	1	1.3%	3	235
2 CS	1	20%	24	80%	94	.0%	0	.0%	o	118
4 KB	CC	19%	20	79%	83	.0%	0	1.9%	2	105
9 Let	nman	23%	26	77%	- 88	.0%	0	.0%	o	114
5 Yor	rk	23%	22	77%	74	.0%	0	.0%	0	96
18 QB	CC	20%	30	76%	113	.0%	0	4.0%	6	149
12 Joh	n Jay	26%	32	74%	92	.0%	0	.0%	0	124
6 BM	CC	26%	40	74%	112	.0%	0	.0%	0	152
15 CUI	NY Law	27%	4	73%	11	.0%	0	.0%		
10 Med	dgar Evers	26%	16	72%	44	1.6%	1		0	15
19 Broo	oklyn	24%	49	71%	148			.0%	0	61
1 LAG		28%				1.0%	2	3.9%	8	207
17 Hun			35	71%	88	0%	0	.8%	1	124
		33%	89	64%	174	2.2%	6	1.1%	3	272
14 NYC		41%	57	57%	80	.0%	0	2.1%	3	140
11 Bron		44%	49	55%	61	.0%	0	.9%	1	111
	Totals	24%	597	75%	1892	.5%	12	1.1%	27	2528

Table 14 - Mail Service (access to mail, promptoness of delivery)

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

,		,				٠.				
Ra	College	Poor or	Fair	Good		Resou Not Ava		Don't kr	now	Totals
k		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
1.0	CUNY Law	6%	1	94%	15			.0%	0	16
2 .	John Jay	22%	27	78%	97			.0%	0	124
10	CSI	21%	25 .	78%	92			.8%	1	118
4	KBCC	21%	22	77%	81			1.9%	2	105
5 !	LAGCC	22%	27	77%	95			1.6%	2	124
3 (QBCC	23%	34	77%	114			.7%	1	149
9 (Grad Center	24%	14	76%	44			.0%	0	58
6	Baruch	26%	50	74%	145			.0%	0	195
19	York	27%	26	72%	69			1.0%	1	96
16	Lehman	30%	34	70%	80			.0%	0	114
18	Queens	29%	68	70%	164			.9%	2	234
15	Hunter	31%	84	68%-	184			1.5%	4	272
7 1	Hostos CC	33%	17	67%	35			.0%	0	52

102

138

130

89

66

32

1772

3.9%

1.5%

.5%

.7%

1.8%

.0%

1.0%

0

152

206

201

140

111

60

2527

Note. Row "Totals" refer to the average of column percentages and number of respondents in each column. Column "Totals" refer to the total number of respondents for each campus. The grand total (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Average percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

8 BMCC

14 Brooklyn

11 NYC Tech

12 Bronx CC

13 Medgar Evers

17 City

29%

32%

35%

36%

39%

47%

29%

Totals

44

65

70

50

43

28

729

67%

67%

65%

64%

59%

53%

70%

0

Table 15 - Photocopying

2	
0	
0	
5	

R			God	od or	Resou	rce		T	
n College	Poor	or Fair	Exce	ellent	Not Avai	lable	Don't know		Totals
k .	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
15 Grad Center	19%	11	79%	45	1.8%	1	.0%	0	57
1 CUNY Law	.25%	4	75%	12	.0%	0	.0%	0	16
2 KBCC	27%	28	73%	77	.0%	0	.0%	0	105
8 CSI	31%	36	69%	82	.0%	0	.0%	0	118
14 York	31%	30	69%	66	.0%	0	.0%	0	. 96
13 Queens	34%	79	65%	152	.4%	1	.9%	2	234
18 Hunter	39%	105	60%	164	.4%	1	.7%	2	272
10 Brooklyn	39%	. 80	60%	123	1.0%	2	.5%	1	206
7 Baruch	39%	76	59%	116	1.0%	2	.5%	1	
9 Hostos CC	41%	21	59%	30	.0%	0	.0%		195
5 John Jay	42%	52	58%	72	.0%	0		0	51
3 QBCC	42%	63	56%	84	.0%	0	.0%	. 0	124
12 City	44%	88	56%	113	.0%	0	1.3%	2	149
6 LAGCC	48%	60	51%	63	.8%	1	.0%	0	201
17 Lehman	48%	55	50%	57	.0%	0	.0%	0	124
4 Bronx CC	55%	61	45%	50			1.8%	2	114
16 NYC Tech	56%	78	43%	60	.0%	0	.0%	0	111
11 BMCC	59%	89	41%	63	.0%	0	1.4%	2	140
19 Medgar Evers	74%	45	26%		.0%	0	.0%	0	152
Totals	42%	1061		16	.0%	0	.0%	0	61
, Totals	4270	1001	57%	1445	.3%	8	.5%	12	2526

Table 16 - Security

2	
0)
_	

a College	Poor or	Fair	Goo		Resor		Don't kr	now	Totals
n College k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
3 Grad Center	9%	5	91%	53			.0%	0	58
2 KBCC	11%	11	88%	91			1.0%	1	103
6 Hostos CC	12%	6	87%	45			1.9%	1	52
5 Baruch	15%	30	84%	164			.5%	1	195
4 QBCC	20%	30	78%	116			2.0%	3	149
1 CUNY Law	25%	4	75%	12			.0%	0	16
g CSI	25%	30	73%	86			1.7%	2	118
12 LAGCC	27%	34	72%	89			.8%	1	124
1 Brooklyn	29%	59	70%	144			1.5%	3	206
8 York	31%	30	69%	66			.0%	0	96
8 John Jay	31%	39	66%	82			2.4%	3	124
14 NYC Tech	34%	47	66%	92			.7%	1	140
6 Hunter	32%	86	65%	178			2.9%	8	272
7 Queens	32%	75	64%	150			3.8%	9	234
13 Lehman	39%	44	61%	70			.0%	0	114
15 BMCC	41%	61	59%	89			.0%	0	150
Medgar Evers	42%	25	58%	35			.0%	0	60
19 City	48%	97	50%	101			1.5%	3	201
7 Bronx CC	47%	52	50%	55			3.6%	4	111
Total	s 30%	765	68%	1718			1.6%	40	2523

Table 17 - Bookstore

2	
0	
0	
5	

R			God	od or	Resou	ırce				
n College	Poor	or Fair	Exc	ellent	Not Ava	ilable	Don't	Don't know		
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N	
18 CUNY Law	13%	2	69%	11	18.8%	3	.0%	0	16	
1 Baruch	26%	51	60%	117	1.0%	2	12.8%	25	195	
11 NYC Tech	38%	53	56%	79	.7%	1	5.0%	7	140	
7 John Jay	42%	52	50%	62	.0%	0	8.1%	10	124	
3 Brooklyn	40%	83	49%	101	.0%	0	11.1%		207	
4 QBCC	36%	54	49%	72	.7%	1	14.2%	21	148	
2 York	42%	40	48%	46	.0%	0	10.4%	10	96	
6 Lehman	47%	54	46%	53	.0%	0	6.1%	7	114	
13 BMCC	49%	74	44%	67	.0%	0	7.2%	11	152	
15 City	44%	87	43%	86	3.0%	6	10.5%	21	200	
5 Hostos CC	42%	22	42%	22	1.9%	1	13.5%	7	52	
8 Queens	38%	89	42%	99	.0%	0	19.7%	46	234	
17 KBCC	53%	55	41%	43	.0%	0	5.8%	6	104	
9 Medgar Evers	50%	30	37%	22	.0%	0	13.3%	8	60	
12 LAGCC	41%	50	37%	45	.0%	0	22.8%	28	123	
14 Hunter	45%	121	34%	93	2.2%	6	18.5%	50	270	
16 CSI	55%	64	33%	39	.0%	0	12.0%	14	117	
10 Bronx CC	60%	65	19%	21	.9%	1	20.2%	22	109	
19 Grad Center	7%	4	5%	3	67.9%	38	19.6%	11	56	
Totals	42%	1050	43%	1081	2.3%	59	13.0%	327	2517	

Table 18 - Cafeteria/Food Services

2
_
U
0
_

R a		-	Good		Resour Not Avail		Don't kr	2014	Totals
n College	Poor o		Excel						
k	%	N	%	. N	%	N	%	N	N
1 Grad Center	25%	14	75%	43	.0%	0	.0%	0	57
2 City	49%	99	45%	91	2.5%	5	3.0%	6	201
6 KBCC	55%	58	41%	43	.0%	0	3.8%	4	105
7 Baruch	42%	82	36%	71	1.5%	3	20.0%	39	195
8 John Jay	52%	64	33%	41	.0%	0	15.3%	19	124
4 QBCC	60%	89	30%	45	.0%	0	9.5%	14	148
12 Queens	63%	149	29%	69	.0%	0	7.2%	17	235
13 CSI	61%	72	29%	34	.0%	0	10.2%	12	118
10 Brooklyn	64%	131	29%	59	.0%	0	7.8%	16	206
15 Lehman	73%	82	26%	29	.0%	0	1.8%	2	113
3 BMCC	69%	105	26%	39	.0%	0	5.3%	8	152
.9 Hostos CC	65%	34	25%	13	1.9%	1	7.7%	4	52
17 LAGCC	66%	82	21%	26	.8%	1	12.1%	15	124
11 York	78%	74	20%	19	.0%	0	2.1%	2	95
5 NYC Tech	73%	102	19%	27	2.2%	3	5.0%	7	139
18 Hunter	69%	189	18%	. 50	3.3%	9	8.8%	24	272
14 Medgar Evers	77%	47	13%	8	1.6%	1	8.2%	5	61
16 Bronx CC	77%	86	7%	8	2.7%	3	12.6%	14	111
19 CUNY Law	81%	13	0%	0	18.8%	3	.0%	. 0	16
Totals	62%	1572	28%	715	1.1%	29	8.2%	208	2524

Table 19 - Enforcement of Health and Safety Regulations

2
0
0
5

R			Goo	od or	Resour	rce		T	
a College	Poor or Fair			ellent	Not Avail	lable	Don't k	Totals	
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
3 Grad Center	14%	8	63%	35	.0%	0	23.2%	13	56
17 Hostos CC	35%	17	59%	29	.0%	0	6.1%	3	49
2 KBCC	30%	32	58%	61	.0%	0	11.4%	12	105
1 QBCC	34%	50	50%	73	.7%	1	15.6%	23	147
9 LAGCC	32%	40	49%	61	1.6%	2	16.9%	21	124
8 Lehman	, 32%	36	49%	56	.9%	1	18.4%	21	114
16 York	46%	44	46%	44	1.0%	1	7.3%	7	96
13 CSI	34%	39	44%	51	.0%	0	22.4%	26	116
4 Baruch	25%	49	42%	82	.0%	0	32.1%	62	193
12 Queens	32%	75	41%	95	.4%	1	26.0%	60	231
15 NYC Tech	46%	64	39%	54	.0%	0	14.5%	20	138
5 Brooklyn	39%	80	38%	77	.0%	0	23.4%	48	205
11 BMCC	45%	69	37%	56	.0%	0	17.8%	27	152
18 John Jay	50%	62	36%	45	.0%	0	13.7%	17	124
10 Hunter	40%	108	32%	88	.0%	0	27.7%	75	271
7 CUNY Law	38%	6	31%	5	.0%	0	31.3%	5	16
19 City	48%	96	30%	60	.5%	1	21.9%	44	201
14 Medgar Evers	56%	. 33	27%	16	.0%	0	16.9%	10	59
6 Bronx CC	71%	79	17%	19	.0%	0	11.7%	13	111
Totals	39%	987	40%	1007	.3%	7	20.2%	507	2508

Table 20 - Faculty Development Activities

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

2
0
0
5

R a College	Poor or Fair			Good or Excellent		Resource Not Available		Don't know	
n conege	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
3 LAGCC	26%	32	. 74%	89	.0%	. 0	.0%	0	121
2 KBCC	21%	22	73%	75	1.0%	1	4.9%	5	103
15 York	28%	27	72%	68	.0%	. 0	.0%	0	95
5 QBCC	30%	44	69%	101	.0%	0	.7%	1	146
8 Hostos CC	33%	17	62%	32	.0%	0	5.8%	3	52
6 NYC Tech	42%	58	57%	78	.0%	0	.7%	1	137
16 CUNY Law	44%	7	56%	9	.0%	0	.0%	0	16
14 Brooklyn	39%	80	56%	116	.5%	1	4.8%	10	207
11 Baruch	37%	72	53%	102	.0%	0	9.8%	19	193
7 BMCC	47%	71	51%	76	.0%	0	2.0%	3	150
17 Grad Center	23%	13	48%	27	1.8%	1	26.8%	15	56
1 Bronx CC	50%	.55	48%	53	.0%	0	2.7%	3	111
18 John Jay	47%	58	47%	58	.8%	1	5.6%	7	124
4 Lehman	48%	54	45%	51	1.8%	2	5.3%	6	113
9 Hunter	50%	134	42%	113	1.1%	3	7.1%	19	269
13 Queens	47%	108	41%	93	.0%	0	12.2%	28	229
19 City	50%	100	40%	79	1.5%	3	8.5%	17	199
12 CSI	51%	59	34%	40	2.6%	3	12.1%	14	116
10 Medgar Evers	64%	39	31%	19	.0%	0	4.9%	3	61
Totals	s 42%	1050	51%	1279	.6%	15	6.2%	154	2498

Table 21 - Availability of Small Internal Grants

College Poor or Fair Good or Excellent Resource Not Available % N % N % N CSI 28% 33 68% 80 .0% 0 KBCC 22% 23 64% 67 1.0% 1 York 31% 30 64% 61 .0% 0 LAGCC 28% 35 63% 78 .8% 1 CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103<			
% N % N % N CSI 28% 33 68% 80 .0% 0 KBCC 22% 23 64% 67 1.0% 1 York 31% 30 64% 61 .0% 0 LAGCC 28% 35 63% 78 .8% 1 CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51%	Don't k	CDOW	Totals
CSI 28% 33 68% 80 .0% 0 KBCC 22% 23 64% 67 1.0% 1 York 31% 30 64% 61 .0% 0 LAGCC 28% 35 63% 78 .8% 1 CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	%	N	N
York 31% 30 64% 61 .0% 0 LAGCC 28% 35 63% 78 .8% 1 CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40	4.2%	5	118
LAGCC 28% 35 63% 78 8% 1 CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	12.5%	13	104
CUNY Law 31% 5 63% 10 .0% 0 Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	5.2%	5	96
Lehman 31% 35 61% 69 1.8% 2 Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	7.3%	9	123
Hostos CC 31% 16 60% 31 .0% 0 QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	6.3%	1	16
QBCC 33% 48 60% 87 .0% 0 John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	7.0%	8	114
John Jay 31% 39 59% 73 .8% 1 NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	9.6%	5	52
NYC Tech 37% 51 54% 75 2.2% 3 Baruch 36% 70 53% 103 .5% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	7.5%	11	146
Baruch 36% 70 53% 1035% 1 Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	8.9%	11	124
Grad Center 40% 23 51% 29 1.8% 1 Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	7.2%	. 10	139
Brooklyn 45% 92 50% 103 .5% 1 Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	10.3%	20	194
Hunter 45% 122 50% 135 .4% 1 Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	7.0%	4	57
Queens 40% 93 49% 115 .0% 0 City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	4.4%	9	205
City 43% 87 46% 93 .0% 0 BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	4.4%	12	270
BMCC 44% 67 46% 70 .7% 1	10.7%	25	233
77, 70 ,776	10.4%	21	201
Brony CC 400/ 50 200/ 40	9.2%	14	152
Bronx CC 48% 53 38% 42 .0% 0	14.4%	16	111
Medgar Evers 61% 37 30% 18 1.6% 1	8.2%	5	61
Totals 38% 959 53% 1339 .6% 14	8.1%	204	2516

Table 22 - Help with Grant Applications

									The second
			Good	or	Resour	ce			
College	Poor or Fair		Excel	lent	Not Avail	able	Don't kr	now	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
CUNY Law	25%	4	69%	11	.0%	0	6.3%	1	10
QBCC	21%	32	66%	99	.7%	1	11.4%	17	149
John Jay	23%	29	64%	79	.0%	0	12.9%	16	124
NYC Tech	30%	42	58%	81	.7%	1	11.4%	16	140
Hostos CC	29%	15	58%	30	0%	0	13.5%	7	5
Lehman	27%	31	57%	65	3.5%	4	12.3%	14	11-
Baruch	25%	49	55%	108	1.5%	3	17.9%	35	19
KBCC	23%	24	55%	- 58	1.9%	2	20.0%	21	10
CSI	40%	47.	52%	61	.0%	0	8.5%	10	11
вмсс	36%	55	50%	76	.7%	1	13.2%	20	15
Hunter	38%	102	49%	132	1.8%	5	11.8%	32	27
Brooklyn	37%	77	49%	100	.0%	0	14.1%	29	20
LAGCC	32%	40	48%	59	1.6%	2	18.5%	23	12
Medgar Evers	43%	26	47%	28	1.7%	1	8.3%	5	6
York	47%	45	41%	39	.0%	0	12.5%	12	9
City	42%	84	36%	73	1.5%	3	20.4%	41	20
Bronx CC	44%	48	34%	37	.0%	0	22.7%	25	11
Queens	44%	102	33%	. 78	.4%	. 1	22.3%	52	23
Grad Center	51%	29	23%	13	1.8%	1	24.6%	14	5
Totals	35%	881	49%	1227	1.0%	25	15.5%	390	252

Table 23 - Administration of Outside Grants by CUNY

			Goo	d or	Resou	rce		T	
F	oor o	or Fair	Exce	llent	Not Avai	ilable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
	21%	31	37%	55	7%	1	41.69	6 62	149
	22%	23	33%	34	1.0%	1	44.29	6 46	104
	28%	32	32%	36	2.7%	3	37.29		113
	32%	87	31%	83	1.1%	3	35.9%		270
	26%	32	28%	35	.8%	1.	45.2%	56	124
	29%	41	27%	38	3.6%	5	40.0%		140
	21%	26	27%	33	3.2%	4	49.2%		124
	30%	17	26%	15	3.5%	2	40.4%		57
	20%	39	24%	46	3.1%	6	52.8%		193
	33%	17	23%	12	5.8%	3	38.5%		
s · ;	39%	24	23%	14	3.3%	2	34.4%		52
	28%	58	23%	47	.5%	1	48.3%		61
	37%	74	22%	44	1.5%	3	39.5%		205
	34%	32	21%	20	1.1%	1			200
3	30%	71	20%	46	1.3%	3	44.2%		95
	38%	6	19%	3	.0%		48.5%		233
	6%	42	19%	22		0	43.8%		16
	5%	53	17%		.0%	0	45.8%		118
				26	3.3%	5	44.7%	68	152
	USHIAND						46.3%	50	108
olais 3	0%	/48	25%	624	1.8%	44	43.7%	1098	2514
4	0%	748	14%	15 624	.0%	0	46.3%		50

Table 24 - Satisfaction with Authority to Make Decisions About Content and Methods in Your Instruction

0 .											
0 5 R a	Ver Dissatis Mild	sfied -			Mil Satis Ve	fied -		1			*
n College	Dissati	sfied	Neut	ral	Satis	fied	Don't kr	now			Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	. N
8 Grad Center	2%	1	.0%	0	98%	57	0%	0	6.8	.6	58
4 CSI	2%	2	.8%	1	97%	114	1%	1	6.4	.9	118
2 Queens	2%	5	.4%	1	97%	227	1%	2	6.5	.9	235
1 Brooklyn	3%	6	1.0%	2	96%	196	0%	1	6.4	.9	205
3 John Jay	2%	3	2.4%	3	94%	117	1%	1	6.4	1.0	124
5 Hunter	4%	12	.7%	2	94%	256	1%	2	6.3	1.1	272
6 Lehman	4%	5	.9%	1	94%	105	1%	1	6.4	1.0	112
14 CUNY Law	7%	. 1	.0%	0	93%	14	0%	0	6.0	1.6	15
10 KBCC	4%	4	2.9%	3	92%	97	1%	1	6.2	1.2	105
7 Baruch	5%	9	2.1%	4	92%	177	1% .	2	6.2	1.2	192
13 City	6%	13	2.5%	5	90%	181	1%	2	6.1	1.3	201
15 QBCC	5%	7	2.7%	4	90%	133	3%	4	6.1	1.2	148
16 Hostos CC	6%	3	3.8%	2	88%	46	2%	1	5.8	1.2	52
11 NYC Tech	8%	11	2.1%	3	88%	123	2%	3	5.9	1.4	140
17 LAGCC	10%	12	 2.4%	3	88%	108	0%	0	5.9	1.4	123
12 York	9%	9	2.1%	2	88%	84	1%	1	6.0	1.4	96
9 BMCC	15%	22	3.4%	5	82%	122	0%	0	5.4	1.7	149
18 Bronx CC	13%	14	4.5%	5	81%	89	2%	2	5.5	1.5	110
19 Medgar Evers	10%	6	8.3%	5	80%	48	. 2%	1	5.6	1.6	60
Totals	6%	145	2.0%	51	91%	2294	1%	25	6.1	1.2	2515

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very dissatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisified, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 25 - Satisfaction with Authority to to Set Standards and Grading Policies

				and the latest and th							
College	Dissa Mi	ery tisfied - Idly tisfied	Neu	tral	Satis	lidly sfied - ery sfied	Dan't	know			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	Totals
Grad Center	2%	1	.0%	0	98%	. 56	0%	0	6.7		N
Brooklyn	2%	4	1.5%	. 3	95%	196	1%	3	6.4	.7	57
CSI	3%	- 3	.8%	1	95%	112	2%	2		.9	206
Queens	2%	5	2.1%	5	94%	222	1%	3	6.4	.9	118
CUNY Law	7%	1	.0%	ó	93%	14	0%		6.5	1.0	235
Hunter	4%	10	3.0%	. 8	92%	249	1%	0	6.1	1.5	15
Lehman	5%	6	.9%	1	91%	103	3%	4	6.2	1.0	271
Baruch	5%	10	2.6%	5	91%	175		3	6.3	1.2	113
KBCC	4%	4	2.9%	3	90%	95	2%	3	6.3	1.3	193
John Jay	3%	4	2.4%	3	90%	111	3%.	3	6.2	1.1	105
City	7%	14	5.0%	10	87%		4%	5	6.3	1.0	123
QBCC	5%	7	4.8%	7		174	1%	3	5.9	1.4	201
NYC Tech	9%	12	2.9%	4	86% 84%	127	4%	6	6.0	1.2	147
York	5%	5	6.3%	6	84%	118	4%	6	5.8	1.4	140
LAGCC	13%	16	3.2%	4	83%	80	4%	4	6.0	1.3	95
Bronx CC	10%	11	9.1%	10	77%	103	1%	1	5.7	1.4	124
Medgar Evers	15%	9	5.1%	3		85	4%	4	5.5	1.4	110
Hostos CC	10%	5	7.7%	4	76%	45	3%	2	5.4	1.8	59
ВМСС	18%	27	6.1%	9	75%	39	8%	4	5.7	1.5	52
Totals	6%	154	3.4%	86	73%	108	3%	4	5.3	1.8	148
	0.70	.04	3.470	00	88%	2212	2%	60	6.1	1.3	2512

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 26 - Satisfaction with Class Size

Neutral Neu	0		laten è									
College Dissatisfied Neutral Satisfied Dolf No.	5 R	Dissatisf	fied -			Satisfi Ver	ed -					
1 Grad Center 0% 0 .0% 0 98% 56 2% 1 6.5 .6 2 CUNY Law 7% 1 .0% 0 93% 14 0% 0 5.7 1.4 3 Lehman 12% 14 2.6% 3 82% 94 3% 3 5.6 1.4 5 Queens 20% 46 5.1% 12 74% 174 1% 3 5.2 1.7 8 KBCC 20% 21 4.8% 5 73% 77 2% 2 5.1 1.7 7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 16 Hostos CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 55 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	College	Dissatis	sfied	Neutr	al				TE			Totals
2 CUNY Law 7% 1 .0% 0 93% 14 0% 0 5.7 1.4 3 Lehman 12% 14 2.6% 3 82% 94 3% 3 5.6 1.4 5 Queens 20% 46 5.1% 12 74% 174 1% 3 5.2 1.7 8 KBCC 20% 21 4.8% 5 73% 77 2% 2 5.1 1.7 7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	k	%	N	%	N	%	N					N
3 Lehman 12% 14 2.6% 3 82% 94 3% 3 5.6 1.4 5 Queens 20% 46 5.1% 12 74% 174 1% 3 5.2 1.7 8 KBCC 20% 21 4.8% 5 73% 77 2% 2 5.1 1.7 7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	1 Grad Center	0%	0	.0%	0	98%	56	2%	1	6.5	.6	57
5 Queens 20% 46 5.1% 12 74% 174 1% 3 5.2 1.7 8 KBCC 20% 21 4.8% 5 73% 77 2% 2 5.1 1.7 7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay	2 CUNY Law	7%	1	.0%	0	93%	14	0%	. 0	5.7	1.4	15
8 KBCC 20% 21 4.8% 5 73% 77 2% 2 5.1 1.7 7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 1.7 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	3 Lehman	12%	14	2.6%	3	82%	94	3%	3	5.6	1.4	114
7 Brooklyn 24% 50 4.9% 10 70% 145 0% 1 4.9 1.7 10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	5 Queens	20%	46	5.1%	12	74%	174	1%	3	5.2	1.7	235
10 Hunter 24% 64 4.4% 12 70% 190 2% 6 5.0 1.6 4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	8 KBCC	20%	21	4.8%	5	73%	77	2%	2	5.1	1.7	105
4 City 22% 44 7.5% 15 70% 140 1% 2 5.0 1.7 9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	7 Brooklyn	24%	50	4.9%	10	70%	145	0%	1	4.9	1.7	206
9 QBCC 24% 35 4.7% 7 70% 103 2% 3 5.0 1.8 11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	10 Hunter	24%	64	4.4%	12	70%	190	2%	6	5.0		272
11 Baruch 22% 42 7.3% 14 68% 130 3% 6 5.1 1.7 6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	4 City	22%	44	7.5%	15	70%	140	1%	2	5.0	1.7	201
6 York 24% 23 8.4% 8 64% 61 3% 3 4.8 1.8 17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	9 QBCC	24%	35	4.7%	7	70%	103	2%	3	5.0	1.8	148
17 John Jay 26% 32 7.3% 9 63% 77 4% 5 4.6 1.8 12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	11 Baruch	22%	42	7.3%	14	68%	130	3%	6	5.1	1.7	192
12 CSI 31% 36 6.8% 8 62% 73 1% 1 4.6 1.9 18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	6 York	24%	23	8.4%	8	64%	61	3%	3	4.8	1.8	9
18 LAGCC 37% 46 4.8% 6 58% 72 0% 0 4.3 2.0 15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	17 John Jay	26%	32	7.3%	9	63%	77	4%	5	4.6	1.8	123
15 Medgar Evers 38% 23 5.0% 3 55% 33 2% 1 4.2 2.0 13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	12 CSI	31%	36	6.8%	8	62%	73	1%	1	4.6	1.9	117
13 NYC Tech 37% 52 7.9% 11 51% 71 4% 5 4.2 2.1 14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	18 LAGCC	37%	46	4.8%	6	58%	72	0%	0	4.3	2.0	124
14 Bronx CC 48% 53 6.4% 7 43% 47 3% 3 3.7 1.8 16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	15 Medgar Evers	38%	23	5.0%	3	55%	33	2%	1	4.2	2.0	6
16 Hostos CC 48% 25 7.7% 4 38% 20 6% 3 3.8 2.1 19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	13 NYC Tech	37%	52	7.9%	11	51%	71	4%	5	4.2	2.1	13
19 BMCC 56% 83 6.0% 9 36% 53 3% 4 3.4 1.9	14 Bronx CC	48%	53	6.4%	7	43%	47	3%	3	3.7	1.8	11
19 5000 55 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	16 Hostos CC	48%	25	7.7%	4	38%	. 20	6%	3	3.8	2.1	5.
Totals 27% 690 5.7% 143 65% 1630 2% 52 4.8 1.9	19 BMCC	56%	83	6.0%	9	36%	53	3%	4	3.4	1.9	14
	Totals	27%	690	5.7%	143	65%	1630	2%	52	4.8	1.9	251

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 27 - Satisfaction with Family Leave

					,						
College	Ver Dissatis Mild Dissati	sfied -	Neut	ral	Mild Satisf Ver Satisf	ied - Y	Dank		· .		Tatal
College	%	N	%	N	%	N	bon't	know	.,	00	Totals
Grad Center	1.8%		1.8%	1	23.2%		73.2%	N 41	<i>M</i> 5.8	SD	N
Hostos CC	3.8%		3.8%	2	30.8%		61.5%			1.3	56
John Jay	9.8%		9.8%	12	22.1%		58.2%		5.3	1.4	52
Baruch	10.5%	20	4.7%	9	28.3%		56.5%		5.0	1.8	122
City	9.5%	19	9.5%	19	25.6%	51	55.3%		4.8	1.8	191
Brooklyn	10.8%	22	5.9%	12	29.6%	60	53.7%		4.0	1.7	203
Queens	8.2%	19	6.0%	14	32.3%	75	53.4%		5.3	1.7	232
CSI	10.2%	12	5.9%	7	32.2%	38	51.7%		5.1	1.8	118
Lehman	3.6%	4	4.5%	5	40.5%	45	51.7%	57	5.8	1.3	
York	5.3%	5	8.5%	8	35.1%	33	51.1%	48	5.4		111
QBCC	6.2%	9	5.5%	8	37.9%	55	50.3%	73	5.4	1.5	94
Hunter	8.1%	22	9.6%	26	32.6%	88	49.6%	134	4.9	1.6	270
LAGCC	8.9%	11	8.9%	11	32.5%	40	49.6%	61	4.9	1.6	123
Medgar Evers	10.0%	6	10.0%	6	31.7%	19	48.3%	29	4.8	1.7	60
Bronx CC	12.7%	14	6.4%	7	33.6%	37	47.3%	52	4.8	1.7	110
KBCC	6.7%	7	5.8%	6	41.3%	43	46.2%	48	5.5	1.4	104
NYC Tech	6.4%	9	15.7%	22	33.6%	47	44.3%	62	5.1	1.5	140
вмсс	19.0%	28	10.9%	16	25.9%	38	44.2%	65	4.2	1.9	140
CUNY Law .	18.8%	3	12.5%	2	31.3%	5	37.5%	6	4.2	2.0	16
Totals	9.0%	225	7.7%	193	31.4%	784	51.8%	1291	5.0	1.7	2493

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 28 - Satisfaction with Workload

0												
0								Park to the second				
5		Ver	•			Mile Satisf						
R		Milo				Ver						
n	College	Dissati	isfied	Neut	ral	Satis		Don't k				Totals
k		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N.	М	SD	N
1	Grad Center	18%	10	4%	2	79%	45	0%	0	5.8	1.6	57
3	CUNY Law	31%	5	6%	1	63%	10	. 0%	0	4.7	1.8	16
4	Queens	34%	79	7%	17	59%	137	0%	1	4.5	1.9	234
6	Baruch	36%	69	6%	12	58%	111	0%	0	4.4	2.0	192
11	CSI	33%	39	9%	11	57%	67	0%	. 0	4.5	1.9	117
8	KBCC	37%	39	6%	6	57%	60	0%	0	4.5	2.0	105
2	Medgar Evers	37%	22	8%	5	55%	33	. 0%	0	4.4	1.9	60
7	Hunter	40%	110	7%	18	52%	142	1%	2	4.2	1.9	272
16	City	40%	80	8%	16	52%	103	1%	1	4.1	2.0	200
9	Hostos CC	41%	21	10%	5	49%	25	0%	0	4.2	2.0	51
12	Lehman	43%	49	10%	11	46%	53	1%	1	4.0	2.0	114
13	York	38%	36	15%	14	46%	44	1%	1	4.2	1.9	95
20	QBCC	52%	77	4%	6	43%	64	1%	1	3.8	2.0	148
18	NYC Tech	51%	72	5%	7	42%	59	1%	2	3.6	2.1	140
19	John Jay	52%	64	8%	10	40%	49	1%	1	3.7	1.9	124
17	LAGCC	54%	67	7%	9	39%	48	0%	0	3.5	2.1	124
5	Bronx CC	49%	53	13%	14	38%	41	1%	1	3.6	1.8	109
15	Brooklyn	60%	125	4%	8	36%	74	0%	0	3.3	2.0	207
14	вмсс	61%	91	7%	10	32%	48	0%	0	3.2	1.9	149
	Totals	44%	1108	7%	182	48%	1213	0%	11	4.0	2.0	2514

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 29 - Satisfaction with Salary

College	Dissat	ery isfied - dly tisfied	Neu	tral	Satis	ldly fied - ery sfied	Don't k	now			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Grad Center	29%	17	3%	2	67%	39	0%	0	4.2	1.9	58
Lehman	34%	38	6%	7	60%	68	0%	0	3.7	1.9	113
John Jay	33%	41	9%	11	58%	71	0%	0	3.4	1.8	123
Baruch	39%	75	9%	17	52%	101	0%	0	3.9	1.8	193
Hunter	42%	113	7%	18	51%	137	0%	0	4.1	1.9	268
Hostos CC	45%	23	4%	2	51%	. 26.	0%	0	4.0	1.8	51
KBCC	42%	44	8%	8	50%	52	0%	0	4.1	1.4	104
York	41%	39	9%	9	50%	48	0%	0	4.9	1.9	96
City	40%	80	10%	21	50%	100	0%	0	4.0	1.8	201
CSI	44%	52	7%	8	49%	58	0%	0	4.0	1.9	118
NYC Tech	42%	59	8%	11	49%	69	1%	2	4.5	1.8	141
LAGCC	45%	56	6%	8	48%	60	0%	0	4.2	1.8	124
Brooklyn	46%	94	8%	16	47%	96	0%	0	3.8	1.9	206
Queens	47%	108	7%	16	46%	107	0%	1	4.4	1.6	232
вмсс	46%	70	9%	13	45%	68	0%	0	3.6	1.9	151
CUNY Law	31%	5	25%	4	44%	7	0%	0	4.0	1.8	16
QBCC	53%	79	7%	10	40%	60	0%	0	3.8	1.8	149
Medgar Evers	50%	30	13%	. 8	37%	22	0%	0	3.6	1.8	60
Bronx CC	52%	57	13%	14	35%	38	0%	0	4.1	1.7	109
Totals	43%	1080	8%	203	49%	1227	0%	3	4.0	1.8	2513

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 30 - Availability of Travel Funds to Attend Professional Meetings

College	Ver Dissatis Mild Dissati	sfied -	Neut	ral	Mild Satisfie Very Satisf	ed - y	Don't k	now			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
John Jay	31%	39	9%	11	51%	63	9%	11	4.3	1.8	124
Hunter	46%	124	8%	23	42%	114	4%	10	3.7	1.8	271
QBCC	43%	64	9%	13	41%	61	7%	10	3.9	1.9	148
Grad Center	53%	30	. 7%	4	39%	22	2%	1	3.7	1.9	57
York	39%	37	8%	8	38%	36	16%	15	3.9	1.8	96
KBCC	42%	44	8%	8	36%	38	14%	15	3.9	1.9	105
CSI	50%	58	6%	7	35%	41	9%	11	3.5	1.9	117
Hostos CC	46%	24	10%	5	35%	18	10%	5	3.5	1.8	52
NYC Tech	43%	61	11%	16	33%	47	12%	17	3.7	1.8	14
Baruch	52%	100	8%	16	33%	63	7%	14	3.3	1.8	193
CUNY Law	56%	9	6%	. 1	31%	5	6%	1	3.7	1.9	16
Lehman	54%	61	7%	8	29%	33	10%	11	3.3	1.8	113
LAGCC	52%	65	10%	12	28%	35	10%	12	3.3	1.8	124
Queens	58%	135	7%	17	24%	56	10%	24	3.0	1.9	232
City	60%	120	10%	21	22%	44	8%	16	3.0	1.8	20
вмсс	70%	106	3%	5	19%	29	7%	11	2.5	1.8	15
Bronx CC	66%	73	7%	8	17%	19	9%	10	2.6	1.5	11
Brooklyn	63%	129	12%	24	17%	35	9%	18	2.8	1.6	20
Medgar Evers	78%	47	8%	. 5	13%	8	0%	0	2.3	1.6	6
Total	53%	1326	8%	212	30%	767	8%	212	3.3	1.9	251

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 31 - Satisfaction with Health Care Benefits

College	Ve Dissati Milo Dissati	sfied -	Neu	tral	Satis	ldly sfied - ery sfied	Don't I	know			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
Lehman	19%	22	7%	8	72%	81	2%	2	5.0	1.6	113
KBCC	27%	28	4%	4	66%	69	3%	3	4.8	1.7	104
QBCC	22%	33	10%	14	65%	95	3%	5	4.8	1.6	147
NYC Tech	24%	34	12%	17	62%	88	1%	2	4.7	1.7	141
Medgar Evers	28%	17	. 10%	6	62%	37	0%	.0	4.6	1.6	60
John Jay	28%	34	9%	11	61%	75	2%	3	4.6	1.7	123
Grad Center	29%	16	5%	3	61%	34	5%	3	4.5	1.7	56
Hunter	28%	76	9%	25	60%	162	3%	7	4.6	1.7	270
Hostos CC	23%	12	10%	5	60%	31	8%	4	4.7	1.8	52
Queens	32%	74	7%	17	59%	137	3%	6	4.5	1.8	234
York	29%	28	9%	9	58%	56	3%	3	4.5	1.7	96
Baruch	28%	54	7%	14	58%	111	7%	13	4.6	1.7	192
Brooklyn	31%	64	9%	18	56%	116	4%	9	4.5	1.7	207
ВМСС	30%	45	11%	16	56%	84	4%	6	4.4	1.8	151
CSI	33%	39	8%	9	53%	63	6%	7	4.4	1.8	118
LAGCC	34%	42	10%	12	52%	64	4%	5	4.3	1.7	123
Bronx CC	35%	38	11%	12	51%	56	3%	3	4.2	1.7	109
City	36%	72	11%	22	50%	101	3%	6	4.2	1.9	201
CUNY Law	44%	. 7	13%	2	44%	7	0%	0	3.9	1.6	16
Total	29%	735	9%	224	58%	1467	3%	87	4.5	1.7	2513

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 32 - Satisfaction with Institutional Recognition of Technology-Based Instructional Activities

0 0												
5 R		Ver Dissatis Mild	fied - ly			Mild Satisfi Ver	ed -	D				Totala
n	College	Dissati		Neut		Satisf		Don't k			00	Totals
k		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M*	SD	N
	Hostos CC	17%	. 9	8%	4	52%	27	23%	12	4.8	1.8	52
	LAGCC	15%	19	13%	16	48%	59	24%	30	4.9	1.6	124
5	QBCC	18%	27	7%	10	47%	69	.28%	42	4.7	1.8	148
11	Lehman	15%	17	13%	15	41%	46	31%	35	4.6	1.5	113
9	KBCC	18%	. 19	8%	8	38%	40	36%	37	4.6	1.7	104
7	Bronx CC	20%	22	11%	12	36%	40	33%	36	4.3	1.8	. 110
6	NYC Tech	27%	37	14%	19	34%	47	25%	35	4.1	1.9	138
16	Medgar Evers	23%	14	22%	13	32%	. 19	23%	14	4.1	1.6	60
18	York	17%	16	23%	22	30%	29	30%	29	4.2	1.4	96
4	вмсс	22%	32	18%	27	30%	44	30%	44	4.1	1.7	147
8	CSI	16%	19	14%	16	30%	35	41%	48	4.2	1.8	118
12	Hunter	17%	47	15%	41	29%	77	39%	105	4.3	1.6	270
3	Baruch	17%	32	12%	23	28%	54	43%	83	4.3	1.7	192
19	Grad Center	5%	3	9%	5	27%	15	59%	33	4.6	1.6	56
15	John Jay	14%	17	11%	14	25%	31	50%	62	4.4	1.5	124
13	Brooklyn	14%	28	15%	31	25%	50	47%	95	4.3	1.6	204
14	Queens	14%	33	12%	29	22%	51	52%	120	4.2	1.6	233
10	CUNY Law	25%	4	19%	3	19%	3	38%	6	3.5	1.9	16
17	City	28%	56	13%	25	13%	25	46%	92	3.3	1.8	198
	Total	18%	451	13%	333	30%	761	38%	958	4.3	1.7	2503

Note: The 2005 question concerned satisfaction with institutional support for implementing technology-based instructional activities, a slight change in wording from the 2009 question.

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 33 - Satisfaction with Availability of Sabbaticals

0											
0											
5	\/a	ery .				Late					
R		isfied -				ldly sfied -					
a	Mil	dly				ery					
n College	Dissa	tisfied	Neu	ıtral	Sati	sfied	Don't	know			Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
1 Grad Center	10%	6	12%	7	69%	40	9%	5	5.4	1.5	58
12 CSI	14%	16	5%	. 6	56%	66	25%	30	5.2	1.6	118
6 Hunter	16%	44	10%	28	55%	149	19%	51	4.9	1.6	272
7 Queens	12%	27	10%	24	53%	124	25%	58	5.2	1.6	233
9 Brooklyn	18%	37	12%	24	50%	102	20%	42	4.7	1.6	205
11 Bronx CC	14%	15	8%	9	45%	50	33%	36	4.9	1.7	110
10 City	22%	44	15%	30	45%	89	19%	37	4.7		
18 CUNY Law	19%	3	25%	4	44%	7	13%	2		1.8	200
14 Lehman	20%	23	9%	10	42%	47	29%	33	4.4	2.1	16
4 KBCC	9%	9	10%	10	40%	42	41%		4.6	1.9	113
16 NYC Tech	15%	21	11%	15	39%	55	35%	43	5.1	1.7	104
2 John Jay	10%	13	12%	15	38%	47		50	4.5	1.7	141
17 LAGCC	19%	24	7%	9	38%		40%	49	5.0	1.6	124
15 QBCC	14%	20	13%	19		47	35%	44	4.6	1.9	124
8 Baruch	18%	34			35%	52	38%	56	4.7	1.6	147
3 York	23%		15%	29	35%	68	32%	62	4.5	1.8	193
5 Medgar Evers		22	12%	11,	32%	30	34%	32	4.2	1.8	95 -
	27%	16	17%	10	29%	17	27%	16	4.1	1.6	59
13 Hostos CC	19%	10	8%	4	23%	12	50%	26	3.9	1.9	52
19 BMCC	26%	38	16%	24	20%	30	38%	57	3.7	1.8	149
Total	17%	422	11%	288	43%	1074	29%	729	4.7	1.7	2513

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 34 - Satisfaction with Availability of Reassigned Time for Research

0 0												
5 R a	College	Ver Dissatis Mild Dissati	fied -	Neut	ral	Mile Satis Ve Satis	fied -	Don't k	now			Totals
n. k	College	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
_	Grad Center	18%	10	7%	4	54%	31	21%	12	5.0	1.7	57
3	Baruch	26%	50	14%	26	50%	95	10%	20	4.4	1.8	191
	CSI	32%	38	8%	10	47%	55	13%	15	4.1	2.0	118
	Queens	27%	63	9%	22	45%	105	18%	43	4.3	1.9	233
5	Lehman	30%	34	12%	14	45%	51	13%	15	4.2	1.9	114
10	Hunter	38%	104	8%	22	43%	117	10%	28	4.1	1.9	271
2	KBCC	30%	31	7%	7	42%	44	22%	23	4.3	1.9	105
8	QBCC	34%	50	9%	14	41%	60	16%	24	4.0	1.8	148
13	City	34%	68	13%	27	39%	78	14%	28	4.0	2.0	201
19	Medgar Evers	42%	25	10%	6	38%	23	10%	6	3.6	1.9	60
6	Hostos CC	31%	16	15%	8	37%	19	17%	9	4.2	1.9	52
18	John Jay	37%	46	10%	12	35%	43	19%	23	4.0	1.8	124
17	ВМСС	47%	71	8%	12	33%	50	13%	19	3.5	2.0	152
11	York	43%	41	10%	10	32%	31	15%	14	3.6	2.0	96
15	Brooklyn	48%	97	9%	18	32%	65	12%	24	3.7	1.8	204
4	Bronx CC	39%	43	13%	14	32%	35	16%	18	3.6	1.8	110
12	CUNY Law	44%	. 7	6%	1	31%	5	19%	3	3.5	2.1	16
16	LAGCC	39%	48	11%	14	31%	38	19%	24	3.7	2.0	124
14	NYC Tech	43%	61	8%	11	30%	42	19%	27	3.5	1.9	141
	Total	36%	903	10%	252	39%	987	15%	375	4.0	1.9	2517

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 35 - Faculty Influence on College Policies

College	Ve Dissati Mile Dissat	sfied - dly	Neu	ıtral	Satis	ldly sfied - ery sfied	Not Imp		Tho	ven't ought out It			Totals
	%	. N	%	N.	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
CUNY Law.	13%	2	. 19%	3	69%	11	0%	0	0%	0	4.8	1.7	
Grad Center	22%	13	3%	2	67%	39	2%	1	5%	3	4.9	1.6	
QBCC	26%	39	10%	15	59%	88	0%	0	4%	6	4.5	1.8	
John Jay	23%	28	15%	19	58%	72	0%	0	4%	5	4.7	1.6	
Queens	23%	54	10%	24	57%	133	1%	2	9%	20	4.5	1.7	233
Hostos CC	35%	18	8%	4	54%	28	0%	0	4%	2	4.4	1.8	52
Baruch	25%	48	11%	22	49%	95	1%	2	14%	27	4.4	1.7	194
NYC Tech	35%	49	11%	15	46%	65	1%	2	6%	9	4.0	1.9	140
KBCC	29%	30	16%	17	45%	47	1%	1	10%	10	4.2	1.7	105
Brooklyn	32%	66	14%	30	44%	91	0%	1	9%	19	4.2	1.6	207
Lehman	32%	36	17%	19	44%	50	0%	0	8%	9	4.1	1.7	114
CSI	42%	50	9%	11	42%	50	1%	1	5%	6	3.9	1.9	118
Hunter	42%	112	13%	35	37%	99	0%	1	8%	21	3.8	1.8	268
Bronx CC	50%	54	9%	10	36%	39	0%	Ö	5%	5	3.4	1.8	108
Medgar Evers	53%	31	10%	6	36%	21	0%	0	2%	1	3.3	1.9	59
LAGCC	48%	59	15%	18	35%	44	. 0%	0	2%	3	3.5	1.8	124
ВМСС	56%	85	9%	13	32%	48	0%	0	4%	6	3.2	1.8	152
York	57%	54	8%	8	32%	30	0%	0	3%	3	3.4	1.7	95
City	54%	108	14%	27	22%	43	1%	2	10%	20	3.0	1.7	200
Total	37%	936	12%	298	43%	1093	1%	13	7%	175	4.0	1.8	2515

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 36 - Faculty Influence on the Direction and and Development of the Curriculum

College	Very Dissatisfi Mildly Dissatis	ied - /	Neutra	al	Satisf Ver Satis	ied - y	Not Impo to Me		Have Thoug Abou	ght			Total
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	. 1
CUNY Law	13%	2	6%	1	81%	13	0%	0	0%	0	5.1	1.8	-1
Grad Center	7%	4	7%	4	78%	45	2%	1	. 7%	4	5.6	1.5	- 5
CSI	15%	18	6%	7	77%	91	0%	0	2%	2	5.3	1.5	. 11
Queens	13%	30	8%	19	75%	174	0%	1	4%	9	5.3	1.4	23
Brooklyn	14%	28	8%	17	74%	152	.0%	0	4%	8	5.2	1.4	20
Lehman	14%	16	10%	11	72%	82	1%	1	4%	4	5.2	1.7	11
KBCC	19%	20	6%	. 6	70%	74	0%	0	5%	5	5.0	1.7	10
Hunter	15%	40	11%	29	70%	186	0%	1	4%	11	5.1	1.5	26
NYC Tech	24%	34	6%	8	70%	98	0%	0	1%	1	4.9	1.9	14
Baruch	14%	27	10%	20	69%	134	1%	1	6%	11	5.2	1.5	19
John Jay	15%	18	12%	15	69%	86	0%	0	. 4%	5	5.1	1.5	12
QBCC	20%	30	8%	12	68%	101	0%	0	4%	6	5.0	1.7	14
Hostos CC	29%	15	2%	1	65%	34	0%	0	4%	2	4.8	1.9	5
York	32%	31	9%	9	56%	54	0%	0	2%	2	4.4	1.7	9
Bronx CC	30%	33	11%	12	55%	60	0%	0	4%	4	4.3	1.7	10
LAGCC	27%	33	16%	20	55%	68	0%	0	2%	. 3	4.4	1.7	12
вмсс	32%	48	11%	17	55%	83	0%	0	3%	4	4.4	1.8	15
Medgar Evers	31%	18	14%	8	54%	32	0%	0	2%	1	4.2	1.9	5
City	33%	65	13%	25	52%	103	1%	1	3%	6	4.3	1.8	20
Total	20%	510	10%	241	66%	1670	0%	6	3%	88	4.9	1.7	251

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 37 - Faculty Influence Hiring New Faculty

College	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied			Neutral		Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		Not Important to Me		Haven't Thought About It				Totals
	%	N		%	· N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
Grad Center	12%	7		5%	3	83%	48	0%	0	0%	0	5.5	1.6	58
Queens .	8%	18		11%	26	77%	181	0%	1	3%	8	5.6	1.3	234
CSI	16%	18		6%	7	76%	88	0%	0	3%	3	5.3	1.5	116
John Jay	15%	18		8%	10	73%	90	0%	0	5%	6	5.3	1.6	124
Lehman	17%	19		8%	9	72%	82	0%	0	4%	4	5.3	1.7	114
Brooklyn	.16%	33		8%	17	71%	148	0%	1	4%	8	5.1	1.6	207
Hunter	20%	53		7%	20	71%	191	0%	0	2%	6	5.0	1.7	270
Baruch	13%	24		9%	17	69%	133.	1%	2	8%	16	5.2	1.6	192
Hostos CC	19%	10		6%	3	67%	35	2%	1	6%	3	5.0	1.5	52
QBCC	16%	24		9%	14	66%	98	1%	1	8%	12	5.1	. 1.7	149
CUNY Law	38%	6		0%	0	63%	10	0%	0	0%	o	4.6	2.0	16
York	23%	22		8%	8	63%	60	0%	0	6%	6	4.7	1.8	96
City	29%	57		9%	18	60%	120	0%	0	3%	5	4.5	1.8	200
LAGCC	17%	21		17%	21	60%	74	0%	. 0	6%	8	4.8	1.5	124
Bronx CC	22%	24		16%	17	58%	63	0%	0	5%	5	4.5	1.7	109
NYC Tech	29%	40		11%	15	54%	76	0%	0	6%	9	4.5	1.9	140
KBCC	17%	18		14%	15	54%	56	0%	0	14%	15	4.6	1.7	104
ВМСС	39%	59		15%	22	40%	60	1%	1	6%	9	3.8	1.9	151
Medgar Evers	40%	23		19%	11	40%	23	0%	0	2%	1	3.7	1.9	58
Total	20%	494		10%	253	65%	1636	0%	7	5%	124	4.9	1.7	2514

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 38 - Faculty Influence on Hiring Top Level Administrators

College	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied		Neutral		Satisfi	Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		tant	Haven't Thought About It				Totals	
	%	N		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	٨
Grad Center	26%	15		14%	8	47%	27	0%	0	14%	8	4.3	1.9	58
John Jay	26%	32		18%	22	44%	54	1%	1	12%	15	4.2	1.7	124
Hostos CC	31%	16		13%	7	42%	22	4%	2	10%	5	4.2	1.7	52
Queens	26%	61		18%	41	37%	85	1%	2	18%	42	4.1	1.7	23
CSI	41%	48		14%	17	31%	37	3%	3	11%	13	3.6	1.9	.118
Lehman	39%	45		16%	18	29%	33	0%	0	16%	18	3.5	1.9	11-
Baruch	28%	55		19%	36	28%	54	2%	3	23%	45	3.9	1.7	193
CUNY Law	63%	10		6%	1	25%	4	0%	0	6%	1	3.5	1.8	16
Hunter	49%	132		13%	36	23%	61	0%	1	14%	39	3.3	1.7	26
NYC Tech	42%	59		14%	20	22%	31	2%	3	20%	28	3.2	1.9	14
QBCC	40%	59		18%	26	22%	32	1%	2	19%	28	3.4	1.8	14
KBCC	33%	34		21%	22	21%	22	0%	0	25%	26	3.5	1.7	104
Brooklyn	44%	91		21%	43	20%	42	2%	4	13%	26	3.4	1.6	200
LAGCC	51%	63		16%	20	18%	22	0%	0	15%	18	3.0	1.7	123
Medgar Evers	59%	35		17%	10	17%	10	0%	0	7%	4	2.7	1.8	5
York	57%	55		11%	11	17%	16	0%	0	15%	14	2.9	1.7	9
вмсс	55%	83		14%	21	11%	17	0%	0	20%	30	2.6	1.7	15
City	62%	123		11%	21	11%	21	0%	0	17%	33	2.4	1.5	19
Bronx CC	64%	70		17%	18	9%	10	1%	1	9%	10	. 2.5	1.5	10
Total	43%	1086		16%	398	24%	600	1%	22	16%	403	3.3	1.8	250

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 39 - Support by Administration for Faculty Decisions on Academic Integrity

2															
0 5															
R a College	Ver Dissatis Milo Dissati	sfied -	Neutral		, Sat		ldly sfied - ery sfied	Not Important to Me		Haven't Thought About It				Totals	
k	%	N		%	N		%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
3 Baruch	7%	.14		13%	25		68%	132	1%	1	11%	21	5.5	1.4	_
2 QBCC	12%	17		11%	16		67%	99	0%	0	10%	15	5.2	1.6	
9 Hostos CC	17%	9		6%	3		67%	35	0%	0	10%	5	5.1	1.8	52
7 Lehman	10%	11		14%	16		64%	72	-0%	0	12%	. 14	5.2	1.5	113
5 Queens	8%	18		15%	36		60%	139	0%	1	17%	39	5.4	1.5	233
15 Grad Center	2%	1		11%	6		60%	34	0%	0	28%	16	5.8	1.1	57
10 KBCC	17%	18		10%	11		59%	62	1%	1	12%	13	5.0	1.7	105
- 13 LAGCC	14%	17		15%	18		58%	72	1%	1	13%	16	4.9	1.5	124
8 Brooklyn	16%	33		14%	29		58%	120	0%	1	12%	24	4.9	1.6	207
11 Hunter	13%	35		16%	42		57%	153	0%	1	14%	38	5.0	1.6	269
1 CUNY Law	13%	2		13%	2		56%	- 9	0%	0	19%	3	5.2	1.8	16
16 York	24%	23		13%	12		54%	52	1%	1	8%	8	4.6	1.7	96
4 NYC Tech	16%	22		16%	23		54%	76	1%	1	13%	19	4.9	1.8	141
17 John Jay	15%	19		16%	20		53%	66	0%	0	15%	19	4.8	1.6	124
12 CSI	15%	18		21%	24		53%	62	0%	0	11%	13	4.9	1.6	117
18 City	17%	33		23%	46		40%	79	1%	2	20%	39	4.5	1.7	199
6 Bronx CC	28%	31		17%	18		38%	41	0%	0	17%	19	4.1	1.9	109
14 BMCC	35%	53		17%	25		34%	51	1%	1	13%	20	3.8	2.0	150
19 Medgar Evers	24%	14		29%	17		33%	19	0%	0	14%	8	4.0	1.7	58
Total	15%	388		15%	389		55%	1373	0%	11	14%	349	4.9	1.7	2510

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 40 - Level of Respect Shown to Faculty by College President

College	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied		Neutral		Satisf Ve	Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		Not Important to Me		en't ght t It			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	. M	SD	N
Grad Center	9%	5	3%	2	88%	51	0%	0	0%	0	6.2	1.5	58
John Jay	11%	14	6%	8	77%	96	0%	0	5%	6	5.6	1.6	124
QBCC	16%	24	5%	8	76%	111	0%	0	2%	3	5.4	1.8	146
KBCC	12%	12	6%	6	75%	77	0%	0	7%	7	5.6	1.6	102
Queens	14%	33	8%	18	74%	173	1%	2	3%	8	5.4	1.8	234
Lehman	11%	13	12%	14	72%	82	0%	0	4%	5	5.3	1.6	.114
Hostos CC	10%	5	13%	7	71%	37	0%	0	6%	3	5.5	1.6	52
NYC Tech	23%	32	4%	6	70%	98	1%	1	3%	4	5.2	2.2	141
CSI	19%	22	7%	8	69%	81	2%	2	4%	5	5.2	1.9	118
York	26%	25	8%	8	64%	61	2%	2	0%	0	4.8	2.0	96
Baruch	14%	27	10%	20	63%	121	0%	0	13%	25	5.2	1.8	193
CUNY Law	31%	5	0%	0	63%	10	0%	0	6%	1	4.9	2.1	16
LAGCC	37%	45	7%	9	54%	67	0%	0	2%	2	4.3	2.1	123
Brooklyn	14%	28	18%	37	53%	107	1%	2	13%	27	5.0	1.6	. 201
Bronx CC	33%	36	14%	15	49%	53	0%	0	4%	4	4.3	2.1	108
вмсс	37%	56	12%	18	. 48%	73	1%	1	3%	4	4.1	2.2	152
Hunter	39%	105	11%	30	44%	117	0%	0	5%	14	3.9	2.1	266
Medgar Evers	33%	19	16%	9	40%	, 23	0%	0	11%	6	3.9	2.1	57
City	41%	80	13%	25	35%	68	0%	0	12%	24	3.6	2.0	197
Total	23%	586	10%	248	60%	1506	0%	10	6%	148	4.8	2.0	2498

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 41 - Level of Respect Shown to Faculty by College Provost/Chief Academic Officer

College	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied		Neutral		Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied			Not Important to Me		Haven't Thought About It			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	Totals
Grad Center	9%	5	7%	4	81%	47	0%	0	3%				. N
KBCC	9%	9	8%	8	78%	81	0%	0	6%		5.8	1.5	
John Jay	14%	17	6%	8	77%		0%	0			5.7	1.7	
NYC Tech	17%	24	6%	9	72%		1%	1	2%	3	5.4	1.7	
Lehman	23%	26	8%	9	68%	77	0%		4%	5	5.3	1.9	
Baruch	10%	19	9%	17	66%	128	1%	0	1%	1	5.1	1.9	
Hunter	16%	42	12%	32	66%	175		1	15%	28	5.5	1.6	193
Hostos CC	25%	13	8%	4	65%	34	0%	1	6%	17	5.2	1.8	267
QBCC	19%	28	9%	13	63%		0%	0	2%	. 1	5.0	2.1	. 52
CSI	20%	23	. 9%	10		92	0%	0 .	9%	13	5.1	1.9	146
Queens	15%	35	12%	27	62%	72	2%	2	9%	10	5.0	1.9	117
CUNY Law	7%	1	7%		58%	135	1%	2	15%	35	5.1	1.7	234
Brooklyn	29%	59		1.	57%	8	0%	0	29%	4	6.0	1.4	14
LAGCC	35%	44	14%	29	50%	103	0%	1	7%	14	4.4	2.0	206
Bronx CC	29%		9%	11	50%	62	2%	2	4%	5	4.2	. 2.1	124
Medgar Evers		32	14%	15	47%	51	0%	0	10%	11	4.3	2.1	109
York	32%	19	14%	8	46%	27	.0%	0	8%	5	4.1	2.1	59
BMCC	58%	56	1%	1	39%	37	1%	1	1%	1	3.4	2.2	96
City	44%	67	11%	16	36%	55	1%	2	7%	11	3.6	2.3	151
		112	10%	19	27%	53	1%	1	. 8%	15	3.1	2.0	200
Total	25% 6	531	10%	241	57%	1435	1%	14	7%	187	4.7	2.1	2508

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 42 - Administrative Support for Intellectual Life

2 0 0 5								7		- 1			
R a n College	Dissatis Mild	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied		Neutral		Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		Not Important to Me		en't ght it It			Totals
k	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
2 Grad Center	10%	6	0%	0	90%	52	0%	0	0%	0	5.8	1.5	58
3 CUNY Law	13%	2	13%	2	69%	11	0%	0	6%	1	5.1	1.6	16
1 QBCC	20%	30	9%	13	68%	101	0%	0	3%	4	4.9	1.8	148
8 KBCC	19%	20	12%	12	62%	64	1%	1	7%	7	4.9	1.9	104
10 Baruch	24%	46	9%	17	61%	118	1%	2	5%	9	4.7	1.8	192
14 John Jay	20%	24	13%	16	61%	74	0%	0	6%	7	4.8	1.7	121
9 Lehman	27%	30	10%	11	61%	68	0%	0	3%	3	4.6	1.7	112
5 Queens	23%	53	12%	28	57%	133	0%	0	8%	18	4.7	1.9	232
7 Hostos CC	25%	13	. 14%	7 .	55%	28	0%	0	6%	3	4.8	1.9	51
6 NYC Tech	31%	43	12%	17	52%	72	1%	1	4%	6	4.4	2.1	139
15 CSI	33%	38	13%	15	50%	58	1%	1	3%	4	4.3	1.9	116
17 York	41%	39	7%	7	49%	46	2%	2	0%	0	4.1	1.9	. 94
13 LAGCC	36%	44	14%	17	45%	55	2%	2	4%	5	4.1	1.9	123
12 Hunter	36%	95	17%	44	41%	108	0%	0	5%	14	4.0	1.9	261
11 Brooklyn	36%	74	16%	33	40%	81	0%	1	7%	14	4.0	1.7	203
4 Bronx CC	42%	45	13%	14	39%	42	0%	0	6%	7	3.7	2.0	108
16 BMCC	49%	73	13%	20	34%	51	1%	2	3%	4	3.5	2.1	150
19 City	46%	91	16%	31	32%	64	. 1%	2	6%	11	3.5	1.9	199
18 Medgar Evers	54%	31	18%	10	25%	14	0%	0 .	4%	2	3.1	. 1.9	57
Tota	al 32%	797	13%	314	50%	1240	1%	14	5%	119	4.3	1.9	2484

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 43 - Administrative Support for Free Expression of Ideas

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

2 0 0 5													
R a n College k	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied N		Neutral		Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		Not imp		The	even't ought out it			
3 Grad Center		- /	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	Totals
1 QBCC	15%		2% 9%	1 14	88% 71%	51 105	2% 1%	1	3%	2	6.2	1.3	N 58
7 CUNY Law	25%	4	6%	1	69%	11	0%	2	3%		5.1	1.8	148
4 Queens	6%	15	14%	33	68%	159	0%	0	0%		5.1	1.8	16
14 John Jay	11%	13	12%	15	67%	83	0%	. 0	11%	26	5.5	1.4	233
9 Lehman	12%	14	15%	17	64%	73		0	10%	12	5.3	1.5	123
2 Baruch	12%	23	12%	24	61%	118	0%	.0	9%	10	5.2	1.6	114
10 KBCC	17%	17	17%	18	57%	59	1%	2	13%	26	5.2	1.6	193
17 Hostos CC	24%	12	14%	7	56%	28	1%	1	8%	. 8	4.9	1.8	103
5 NYC Tech	23%	32	10%	14	56%	78	0%	0	6%	3	4.8	1.9	50
11 CSI	25%	29	16%	19	54%	64	1%	1	11%	15	4.8	2.0	140
6 Brooklyn	16%	33	21%	42	52%		1%	1	4%	5	4.7	1.9	118
13 LAGCC	35%	43	10%	12	49%	107	0%	1	10%	21	4.7	1.6	204
16 York	38%	36	13%	12		61	1%	1	6%	7	4.1	2.0	124
8 Bronx CC	22%	24	23%	25	46%	44	2%	2	1%	1	4.1	2.0	95
12 Hunter	32%	86	14%	37	45%	49	1%	1	8%	9	4.3	1.7	108
19 City	33%	65	21%		44%	117	0%	1	10%	26	4.2	1.9	267
15 BMCC	43%	66	18%	41	37%	73	1%	1	10%	20	3.9	1.9	200
8 Medgar Evers	46%	26		27	36%	54	0%	0	3%	5	3.6	1.9	152
Total		563	12%	7	35%	20	0%	0	7%	4	3.5	1.9	57
	2270	000	15% 3	866	54%	1354	1%	15	8%	205	4.7	1.9	2503

Note: The 2005 question concerned satisfaction with administrative support for academic freedom. Rank-ordering on this question is provided for contrast purposes but does not imply that questions are necessarily equivalent.

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 44 - Transparency of Budget Allocations

0 0 5 R a College	Very Dissatisfied - Mildly Dissatisfied			Neutral			Mildly Satisfied - Very Satisfied		Not Important to Me		en't ight ut It			Totals
k	%	N		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
11 Grad Center	18%	10		14%	8	47%	27	0%	0	21%	12	4.6	1.6	57
3 NYC Tech	31%	43		8%	11	45%	62	1%	2	15%	21	4.2	2.1	139
2 CUNY Law	31%	5		19%	3	44%	7	6%	1	0%	0	4.0	2.1	. 16
1 QBCC	27%	40		11%	16	41%	61	1%	1	20%	30	4.2	1.9	148
12 Hostos CC	33%	17		8%	4	38%	20	2%	1	19%	10	4.2	1.8	52
. 9 York	43%	41		10%	10	35%	34	1%	1	10%	10	3.6	1.9	96
14 CSI	37%	43		16%	19	33%	39	1%	1	13%	15	3.8	1.9	117
5 Baruch	36%	70		13%	25	30%	58	2%	4	19%	36	3.6	1.9	193
4 John Jay	37%	45		17%	21	29%	36	1%	1	16%	20	3.7	1.8	123
8 Lehman	45%	51		15%	17	29%	33	0%	0	11%	13	3.6	1.9	114
7 KBCC	26%	27		24%	25	28%	29	0%	0	23%	. 24	4.0	1.7	105
15 Queens	34%	80		15%	34	27%	63	0%	1	23%	54	3.6	1.8	232
13 LAGCC	44%	55		12%	15	23%	29	2%	3	18%	22	3.3	1.9	124
16 BMCC	44%	67		14%	21	23%	35	1%	2	17%	26	3.2	1.9	151
6 Brooklyn	46%	95		14%	29	21%	43	1%	3	17%	36	3.3	1.7	206
17 Hunter	49%	129		17%	44	18%	48	1%	3.	15%	41	3.0	1.8	265
10 Bronx CC	55%	60		15%	16	17%	18	2%	2	12%	13	2.8	1.8	109
18 City	63%	125		10%	20	15%	29	2%	3	11%	22	2.6	1.6	199
19 Medgar Evers	66%	39		14%	8	10%	6	0%	0	10%	6	2.3	1.7	59
Total	42%	1042		14%	346	27%	677	1%	29	16%	411	3.5	1.9	2505

Note: The 2005 question concerned satisfaction with access to information about the budget, a slight change in wording from the 2009 question.

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 45 - Agreement with Question about Primary Department or Program:

I feel like a full and equal participant in the problem-solving and decision-making process

College	Stroi disag Mildly d	ree-	Neu	ıtral	Stro	agree - ngly ree			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Grad Center	16%	9 .	2%	1	82%	46	5.6	1.7	56
Hostos CC	17%	9	2%	1	81%	42	5.3	1.8	52
Queens	21%	48	4%	10	75%	175	5.3	1.8	233
Brooklyn	24%	49	3%	6	73%	151	5.1	2.0	206
CSI	24%	28	4%	5	72%	85	5.1	2.0	118
John Jay	19%	24	9%	11	72%	89	5.1	1.8	124
York	27%	26	2%	2	71%	67	4.9	2.0	95
Hunter	26%	70	4%	12	70%	189	4.9	2.0	271
Lehman	26%	30	4%	5	69%	79	5.2	2.0	114
QBCC	27%	40	5%	7	68%	102	5.0	2.0	149
Baruch	29%	56	5%	10	66%	128	4.8	2.0	194
NYC Tech	32%	45	5%	7	63%	88	4.6	2.2	140
Medgar Evers	34%	20	3%	2	63%	37	4.5	2.2	59
KBCC	28%	29	10%	11	62%	65	4.8	2.0	105
Bronx CC	35%	39	3%	3	62%	68	4.7	2.1	110
City	36%	72	5%	11	59%	118	4.5	2.2	201
LAGCC	34%	42	9%	11	57%	71	4.6	2.0	124
CUNY Law	38%	6	6%	1	56%	9	4.4	2.0	16
ВМСС	36%	55	9%	14	55%	83	4.2	2.1	152
Total	28%	697	5%	130	67%	1692	4.9	2.0	2519

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 46 - Agreement with Question about Primary Department or Program:

I have a voice in how resources are allocated

	Stro				Mildly a	_			
College	Mildly d		Neut	tral	Agr	0,			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Grad Center	30%	17	2%	1	68%	38	4.9	2.0	56
Hostos CC	27%	14	10%	5	63%	33	4.7	1.8	52
QBCC	31%	46	9%	14	60%	89	4.5	2.0	233
Lehman	31%	35	10%	11	60%	68	4.7	2.0	114
John Jay	31%	39	10%	13	58%	. 72	4.4	1.9	124
Queens	32%	75	10%	. 24	58%	134	4.6	2.0	149
CSI	37%	43	7%	8	56%	66	4.4	2.1	117
York	35%	33	11%	10	54%	50	4.4	2.0	93
Brooklyn	37%	77	10%	20	53%	110	4.2	2.0	207
NYC Tech	41%	57	8%	11	51%	72	4.2	2.2	140
Hunter	42%	113	11%	29	48%	129	4.1	2.0	271
Baruch	44%	85	10%	19	46%	90	4.0	2.0	194
CUNY Law	50%	8	6%	1	44%	7	3.7	1.8	16
KBCC	37%	39	20%	21	43%	45	4.1	2.0	105
LAGCC	51%	63	8%	10	41%	51	3.7	2.0	124
City	49%	99	11%	23	39%	79	3.7	2.1	201
Bronx CC	51%	56	10%	11	39%	43	3.7	2.1	110
вмсс	48%	72	14%	21	38%	58	3.7	2.0	151
Medgar Evers	66%	38	7%	4	28%	16	3.2	2.0	58
Total	40%	1009	10%	256	50%	1250	4.2	2.0	2515

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 47 - Agreement with Question about Primary Department or Program:

Meetings allow for all participants to share their views

College	disa	ongly gree- lisagree	Ne	utral	Stro	agree - ongly ree			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
CSI	13%	15	3%	3	85%	100	4.4	2.1	118
Grad Center	14%	8	2%	1	84%	47	4.9	2.0	56
Queens	10%	22	8%	18	83%	190	4.6	2.0	149
Hostos CC	12%	6	6%	3	82%	42	4.7	1.8	51
John Jay	16%	20	4%	5	80%	99	4.4	1.9	124
Lehman	16%	18	5%	6	79%	89	4.7	2.0	113
York	21%	20	2%	2	77%	73	4.4	2.0	95
Hunter	18%	48	6%	16	76%	207	4.1	2.0	271
Brooklyn	19%	39	5%	10	76%	158	4.2	2.0	207
NYC Tech	19%	26	7%	10	74%	103	4.2	2.2	139
Baruch	21%	40	6%	12	73%	141	4.0	2.0	193
KBCC	16%	17	11%	12	72%	76	4.1	2.0	105
Bronx CC	21%	23	7%	8	72%	78	3.7	2.1	109
LAGCC	25%	31	3%	4	72%	88	3.7	2.0	123
Medgar Evers	27%	16	2%	1	71%	42	3.2	2.0	59
QBCC	20%	30	9%	14	70%	105	4.5	2.0	230
City.	23%	46	7%	15	70%	140	3.7	2.1	201
CUNY Law	19%	3	13%	2	69%	11	3.7	1.8	16
ВМСС	27%	41	8%	12	65%	99	3.7	2.0	152
Total	19%	469	6%	154	75%	1888	4.2	2.0	2511

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 48 - Agreement with Question about Primary Department or Program:

Committee assignments are shared fairly to allow participation of all full-time faculty

College	Stron disagn Mildly dis	ree-	Neut	ral	Mildly a Stror Agr	igly			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
Grad Center	16%	9	5%	3	79%	44	5.3	1.7	56
Hostos CC	19%	10	4%	2	77%	40	5.3	1.7	52
CSI	25%	30	6%	7	69%	81	5.0	2.0	118
Queens	23%	52	9%	20	69%	157	5.1	1.8	149
LAGCC	23%	28	9%	11	69%	85	4.9	. 1.8	124
QBCC	22%	33	9%	14	68%	102	5.1	2.0	229
Lehman	25%	29	8%	9	67%	76	5.0	1.9	114
Hunter	27%	72	9%	24	65%	175	4.8	1.9	27
Bronx CC	29%	32	6%	7	65%	71	4.7	2.0	110
John Jay	25%	31	10%	13	65%	80	4.8	2.0	124
NYC Tech	29%	41	8%	11	63%	88	4.7	2.1	140
City	29%	58	8%	17	63%	126	4.7	2.1	201
Brooklyn	30%	62	8%	16	62%	129	4.7	2.0	207
KBCC	21%	22	17%	17	62%	64	4.8	1.8	103
York	31%	30	7%	7	61%	59	4.8	2.0	96
Medgar Evers	36%	21	3%	2	61%	36	4.6	2.1	59
вмсс	31%	47	9%	14	59%	89	4.5	1.9	150
Baruch	35%	68	11%	21	54%	104	4.5	2.0	193
CUNY Law	44%	7	19%	3	38%	6	4.1	2.0	16

^{*}Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 49 - Agreement with Question about Primary Department or Program:

My department or program or campus is working to help me improve the quality of my teaching

	-								
College	disag	ngly gree- lisagree	Neu	utral	Stro	agree -			Totals
	%	N	%	N	. %	N	M	SD	N
QBCC	17%	25	11%	17	72%	106		1.8	231
LAGCC	15%	19	14%	17	71%	88		1.7	124
Hostos CC	25%	13	- 6%	3	69%	36		2.0	52
KBCC	14%	15	16%	. 17	69%	72	5.2	1.8	104
York	25%	24	10%	10	65%	62	4.9	1.7	96
Lehman	20%	23	16%	18	64%	73	4.9	1.8	114
Bronx CC	24%	26	13%	14	63%	69	4.8	2.0	109
John Jay	20%	25	19%	23	61%	76	4.8	1.7	124
NYC Tech	24%	33	15%	21	61%	85	4.8	1.9	139
ВМСС	25%	37	15%	22	61%	92	4.6	1.8	151
Baruch	20%	39	20%	38	60%	116	4.8	1.8	193
Brooklyn	25%	52	15%	32	59%	123	4.6	1.9	207
Queens	20%	46	21%	49	59%	136	4.8	1.6	148
CSI	28%	33	17%	20	55%	65	4.6	1.8	118
Hunter	27%	73	19%	51	54%	144	4.5	1.8	268
City	25%	50	23%	45	52%	104	4.5	1.9	199
CUNY Law	31%	5	19%	3	50%	8	4.4	1.8	16
Medgar Evers	36%	. 21	17%	10	47%	28	4.1	2.0	59
Grad Center	24%	13	50%	27	26%	14	4.0	1.5	54
Total	23%	572	17%	437	60%	1497	4.8	1.8	2506

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 50 - Agreement with Question Concerning Recruitment and within Primary Department or Program:

My department actively recruits women faculty

										-			
College	Stron disagr Mild disagr	ee- ly	Neut	ral	Mildly a Stror	ngly	Don Know/ Applica	Not	Have Recru	10222			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
CUNY Law	13%	2	6%	1	81%	13	0%	0	0%	0	5.8	1.6	16
CSI	8%	9	10%	12	80%	94	0%	. 0	3%	3	5.9	1.4	118
John Jay	6%	8	10%	13	77%	96	1%	1	5%	6	5.8	1.4	124
Grad Center	7%	4	9%	5	75%	43	4%	2	5%	3	5.7	1.2	57
LAGCC	4%	5	7%	. 8	75%	92	3%	4	11%	14	6.1	1.3	123
Brooklyn	9%	18	11%	22	74%	154	0%	1	6%	12	5.6	1.5	207
Lehman	4%	5	14%	16	74%	84	2%	2	5%	6	6.0	1.4	113
NYC Tech	6%	. 9	11%	16	74%	104	1%	1	7%	10	5.8	1.5	140
Queens	6%	14	12%	29	74%	173	2%	4	6%	13	5.8	1.5	149
York	7%	7	9%	9	74%	71	1%	1	8%	8	5.8	1.5	96
QBCC	7%	10	13%	20	74%	110	0%	0	6%	9	5.8	1.5	233
Hunter	9%	24	11%	31	73%	197	0%	1	7%	18	5.8	1.6	271
KBCC	4%	4	11%	11	71%	74	0%	0	14%	15	6.0	1.3	104
Bronx CC	8%	9	10%	11	70%	78	0%	Ò	12%	13	5.7	1.6	111
Baruch	9%	17	12%	24	70%	135	1%	1	8%	. 16	5.7	1.6	193
ВМСС	8%	12	11%	16	69%	104	1%	2	11%	17	5.6	1.5	151
Hostos CC	12%	6	8%	4	65%	34	2%	1	13%	7	5.6	1.8	52
Medgar Evers	19%	11	8%	5	64%	38	3%	2	5%	3	5.1	2.0	59
City	15%	30	14%	27	60%	- 119	1%	2	11%	22	5.2	1.8	200
Totals	8%	204	11%	280	72%	1813	1%	25	8%	195	5.7	1.5	2517

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Have not recruited" etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 51 - Agreement with Question Concerning Recruitment and within Primary Department or Program:

My department actively recruits faculty of color

College	disa Mi	ongly gree- idly gree	Neu	ıtral	Stro	agree - ngly ree	Do Know Applio	//Not		e Not			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N		N	M	SD	I N
CUNY Law	6%	1	13%	2	81%	13	0%	(0	5.7	1.7	10
Medgar Evers	5%	3	10%	6	76%	44	3%	2		3	5.8	1.4	
LAGCC	7%	9	5%	6	76%	93	3%	4		11	5.9		58
John Jay	12%	15	9%	11	74%	92	1%	1		5	5.6	1.4	123
Lehman	11%	12	12%	14	73%	82	1%	1		4	5.7	1.7	124
York	10%	10	9%	9	72%	69	1%	1		7	5.6	1.6	113
CSI	12%	14	13%	15	69%	82	2%	2		5		1.7	96
KBCC	8%	8	10%	10	69%	72	0%	0	13%	14	5.5	1.6	118
Brooklyn	14%	28	10%	20	69%	142	1%	2	7%		5.7	1.5	104
NYC Tech	12%	17	12%	17	68%	95	1%	1		15	5.3	1.7	207
Hunter	13%	36	11%	31	67%	182	1%	3	6%	9	5.4	1.8	139
QBCC	13%	19	14%	21	66%	99	0%		7%	19	5.5	1.7	271
Queens	11%	25	14%	32	65%	153	3%	0	7%	10	5.4	1.7	234
Bronx CC	15%	17	8%	9.	65%	72		6	8%	18	5.4	1.7	149
Hostos CC	13%	7	8%	4	63%	33	1%	1	11%	12	5.4	1.9	111
вмсс	14%	21	10%	15	63%		2%	1	13%	7	5.4	1.8	52
Grad Center	19%	11	7%	4	63%	95	1%	2	11%	17	5.3	1.7	150
Baruch	12%	24	13%	26		36	4%	2	7%	4	5.0	1.8	57
City	23%	46	16%	31	61%	117	2%	3	12%	23	5.3	1.7	193
Totals	13%	323	11%	283	51%	102	1%	2	10%	19	4.7	2.0	200
	1070	020	1170	203	67%	1673	1%	34	8%	202	5.4	1.7	2515

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Have not recruited" etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 52 - Agreement with Question Concerning Recruitment and within Primary Department or Program:

My department takes steps to enhance the climate for women faculty

College	Stron disagr Mild disag	ee- ly	Neut	tral	Mildly a Stroi	ngly	Don Know/ Applica	Not				
	%	N	%	N	%	Ν.	%	N	1	M	SD	N
Hostos CC	10%	5	13%	7	63%	33	13%	7		5.4	1.7	
NYC Tech	14%	20	15%	21	63%	88	8%	11		5.2	1.8	14
CUNY Law	13%	2	19%	3	63%	10	6%	1		5.5	1.8	1
Queens	10%	24	17%	40	63%	145	10%	23		5.4	1.6	14
KBCC	13%	14	9%	9 .	62%	65	16%	17		5.4	1.8	10
CSI	14%	16	17%	20	62%	73	8%	9		5.4	1.7	1
QBCC	15%	22	16%	24	62%	92	7%	11		5.2	1.9	23
Brooklyn	13%	26	17%	35	61%	127	9%	19		5.2	1.8	20
Lehman	7%	8	24%	27	61%	. 69	8%	.9		5.5	1.6	11
York	15%	14	21%	20	60%	58	4%	4		5.1	1.8	9
Bronx CC	13%	14	19%	21	60%	67	8%	9		5.2	1.8	11
John Jay	12%	15	19%	23	60%	74	10%	12		5.3	1.7	12
вмсс	15%	22	18%	27	59%	89	9%	13		5.0	1.8	15
Hunter	15%	41	17%	46	59%	160	9%	25		5.2	1.8	27
Baruch	11%	21	18%	35	58%	111	13%	25		5.3	1.7	19
Grad Center	7%	4	25%	14	56%	32	12%	7		5.2	1.4	
LAGCC	13%	16	16%	20	56%	69	15%	18		5.2	1.8	12
Medgar Evers	28%	16	16%	9	48%	28	9%	5		4.5	2.0	1 5
City	21%	42	27%	53	41%	82	12%	23		4.5	2.0	20

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Have not recruited" etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 53 - Agreement with Question Concerning Recruitment and within Primary Department or Program:

My department takes steps to enhance the climate for faculty of color

College	Stro disag Mil disag	dly	Neu	ıtral	Mildly a Stron	ngly	Do Know Applio	/Not			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Medgar Evers	16%	9	14%	8	64%	37	7%	4	5.3	1.8	58
Hostos CC	17%	9	12%	6	62%	32	10%	5	5.2	1.9	52
York ,	13%	12	20%	19	61%	58	6%	6	5.1	1.8	95
LAGCC	11%	13	13%	16	59%	73	17%	21	5.4	1.8	123
Jóhn Jay	11%	14	19%	24	59%	73	10%	13	5.2	1.7	124
KBCC	14%	15	9%	9	59%	61	18%	19	5.3	1.9	104
NYC Tech	14%	20	18%	. 25	59%	82	9%	13	5.1	1.9	140
CUNY Law	31%	5	6%	1	56%	9	6%	1	4.7	2.2	16
Lehman	10%	11	25%	28	56%	63	10%	11	5.3	1.8	113
ВМСС	14%	21	16%	24	56%	84	15%	22	5.0	1.8	151
QBCC	11%	17	20%	30	55%	82	13%	20	5.3	1.6	232
Hunter	14%	38	18%	50	54%	148	13%	36	5.1	1.8	272
CSI	10%	12	17%	20	54%	64	19%	22	5.3	1.7	118
Bronx CC	13%	14	18%	. 20	54%	60	15%	17	5.2	1.7	
Brooklyn	14%	30	16%	34	53%	110	16%	33	5.0	1.7	111
Queens	11%	25	19%	43	53%	123	18%	41	5.2		207
Baruch	12%	23	21%	41	48%	93	18%	35	5.2	1.7	149
Grad Center	11%	6	23%	13	40%	23	26%	15		1.8	192
City	23%	46	25%	49	39%	78	14%	27	4.9	1.5	57 200
Totals	14%	340	18%	460		1353	14%	361	5.1	1.8	2514

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) Indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisified, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Have not recruited" etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 54 - Satisfaction with Position at CUNY

Full-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

2										
0										
0										
3		Ver				Mile				
R		Dissatis				Satist				
a	College	Mild		Neutr	al	Ve Satis				Totals
n k	- Comoge	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
	Grad Center	10%	6	0%	0	90%	52	6.0	1.3	58
8	Lehman	10%	- 11	2%	2	89%	101	5.6	1.4	114
11		12%	13	2%	2	86%	95	5.4	1.5	110
12	John Jay	13%	16	2%	3	85%	105	5.5	1.6	124
4	KBCC	12%	13	4%	4	84%	88	5.6	1.5	105
10	Queens	12%	29	4%	10	83%	196	5.5	1.5	235
5	Hostos CC	15%	8	2%	1	83%	43	5.3	1.5	52
6	Brooklyn	14%	29	3%	7	83%	171	. 5.4	1.4	207
14	Baruch	15%	29	3%	5	82%	159	5.4	1.5	193
15	Hunter	15%	40	4%	10	82%	222	5.4	1.5	272
3	QBCC	15%	22	4%	6	81%	121	5.6	1.6	149
9	NYC Tech	14%	20	5%	7	81%	113	5.4	1.4	140
7	LAGCC	15%	18	6%	7	80%	99	5.4	1.5	124
2	CSI	14%	17	6%	7	80%	95	5.3	1.6	119
17	вмсс	14%	22	7%	11	78%	119	5.2	1.6	152
18	York	22%	21	2%	2	76%	73	5.0	1.8	96
13	Medgar Evers	15%	9	10%	6	75%	45	5.1	1.6	60
19	City	19%	39	8%	16	73%	146	5.1	1.7	201
	CUNY Law	25%	4	6%	1	69%	11	5.1	1.9	16
	Totals	14%	366	4%	107	81%	2054	5.4	1.5	2527

Note: The 2005 question concerned satisfaction with respondents' "teaching position." Thus, there is not direct equivalence between questions but rank-ordering is provided to provide a contrast between years.

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

Table 55 - Satisfaction with Career Progression at CUNY

		-				V 1			
College	Dissat	ery isfied - dly tisfied	Neut	ral	Satis	dly fied - ery			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Grad Center	12%	.7.	2%	1	86%	50	5.9	1.4	
QBCC	15%	. 22	3%	5	82%	121	5.5	1.6	1
Hostos CC	15%	8	4%	2	81%	42	. 5.4	1.6	52
Lehman	14%	16	5%	6	81%	92	5.4	1.6	
KBCC	15%	16	5%	5	80%	84	5.4	1.6	105
Brooklyn	17%	35	4%	. 8	79%	163	5.2	1.6	206
LAGCC	15%	18	6%	8	79%	98	5.2	1.7	124
John Jay	20%	25	2%	2	78%	97	5.4	1.7	124
Hunter	17%	47	5%	13	78%	211	5.2	1.6	271
Baruch	19%	36	4%	7	78%	150	5.3	1.7	193
Queens	19%	44	4%	9	77%	182	5.2	1.7	235
Bronx CC	21%	23	3%	3	76%	84	5.2	1.6	110
York	23%	. 22	1%	1	76%	73	5.0	1.9	96
CSI	17%	20	8%	9	76%	90	5.2	1.6	119
NYC Tech	20%	28	5%	7	75%	104	5.2	1.8	139
City	21%	42	4%	9	75%	150	5.0	1.8	201
BMCC	18%	27	10%	15	72%	110	5.1	1.7	152
Medgar Evers	20%	12	8%	5	72%	43	4.9	1.6	60
CUNY Law	25%	4	6%	1	69%	11	4.8	2.2	16
Totals	18%	452	5%	116	77%	1955	5.2	1.7	2523

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means, medians) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Strongly disagree) to 7 (Strongly agree) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations.

APPENDIX C

University-Wide Part-Time Faculty
Survey Item Results

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



SURVEY ITEMS AND RESULTS

CUNY-Wide: Part-Time Faculty

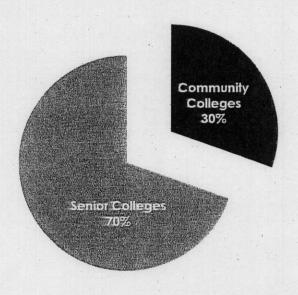
Section 1. Your Campus and Department

(In reporting results, totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.)

1. Which is your college, the one where you spent most of your time during the Spring of 2009?

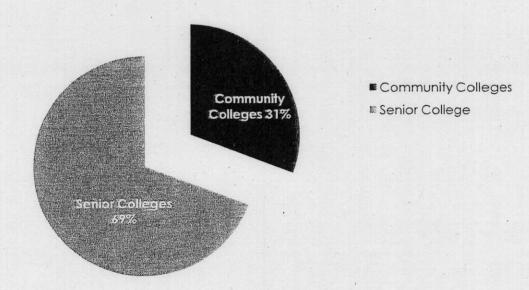
	CUNY	Survey	Unadjusted Response Rate %	% of Total Rs
Baruch	. 470	125	26.6%	6.4
ВМСС	835	169	20.2%	8.7
Bronx CC	313	53	16.9%	2.7
Brooklyn	714	157	22.0%	8.1
City	777	140	18.0%	7.2
CSI	514	99	19.3%	5.1
CUNY Law	11	3	27.3%	.2
Graduate Center	19	6	31.6%	.3
Hostos CC	154	30	19.5%	1.5
Hunter	926	212	22.9%	10.9
John Jay	540	88	16.3%	4.5
KBCC	459	90	19.6%	4.6
LAGCC	585	124	21.2%	6.4
Lehman	481	82	17.0%	4.2
Medgar Evers	228	43	18.9%	2.2
NYC Tech	607	146	24.1%	7.5
Queens	773	189	24.5%	9.7
QCC	496	127	25.6%	6.5
School of Journalism	11	5	45.5%	.3
School of Professional Studies	77	17	22.1%	.9
York	292	43	14.7%	2.2
Totals	9282	1948	21.0%	2.2
Non-Consent IRB			21.070	
Refusals	136			
Average Postcard Returned:				
All Waves	283			
Adjusted	8999		21.6%	

CUNY Part-Time Adjunct Faculty Respondents by Campus Type: Community College (N=2.842) and Senior Colleges (N=6.440) (Total N=9.282)



- Community Colleges
- Senior College

CUNY University-Wide Part-Time Faculty Respondents by Campus Type: Community College (N=593) and Senior Colleges (N=1,355) (Total N = 1,948)



Section 2. Work Status, Conditions and Workload

2a. During the Spring 2009 term, was your title or position at CUNY full-	1000		2g. Were you retired?	· ·		
time or part-time?	%	N	Retired from CUNY (any college)	% 3	N 58	
	, ,,		Retired from K-12 teaching	10		
Full-Time	0.0	0	profession	8	140	
Part-Time	100.0	1808	Not retired	79	1406	-
Total	100.0	1808	Total	99.9	1786	
				00.0	1700	_
2b. During the Spring 2009 term, what						7
was your title (at the college where			2h. How long have you been working			
you spend the most time)?	%	N	in a part-time position at CUNY?	%	N	
Adjunct Professor	8.2	147	Less than 1 year	7.4		_
Adjunct Associate Professor	5.0	91	1 to 2 years	18		
Adjunct Assistant Professor	18.4	333	3 to 5 years	25	448	
Adjunct Lecturer	46.9	845	6 to 10 years	19	347	
Adjunct Instructor	19.6	354	11 to 20 years	20	364	
Grad Fellow A	0.1	1	21 to 30 years	8	150	
Grad Fellow B	0.1	2	More than 30 years	2	42	
Grad Fellow C	0.3	6	Total	99.9	1807	
Chancellor's Fellow	0.2	3		00.0		-
Non-teaching Adjunct	0.0	0	2i. How many CUNY campuses were	N	М	Ι.,
Higher Education Officer Series	0.0	0	you teaching at in Spring 2009?	1575	1.1	
Other	1.2	21	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	10,0		1
Total	100.0	1803				
				N	М	1
2d. Are you currently a graduate			2j. During the Spring 2009 semester,	10	IVI	-
student?	%	N	how many course sections were you teaching at CUNY? (numsect <= 9)	1610	10	1.
The second secon			teaching ar CONT (Humsect <- 9)	1610	1.9	1
es, currently a CUNY graduate student	9.9	175	TO DESCRIPTION OF STREET ASSESSMENT AND ADDRESS OF THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	,		
es, currently a graduate student at			2k. How many CUNY credit hours			
another university	5.2	92	were you teaching at in Spring 2009?		М	3
No, not currently a grad student	84.9	1506	(creds <= 18)	1541	6.2	1
[otal	100.0	1773				
			2l.Altogether, approximately how man	ny stude	ents w	er
te. Which of the following best lescribes your employment situation?	%	N	enrolled in all the sections you taugh			
	70	70	semester of 2009?	的自由		
My part-time CUNY appointment is my rimary employment	41.0	744	0/			
work a full-time job outside CUNY	41.0	741	% N		%	
work full-time at CUNY (e.g., as a HEO)	0.0	567	1-24 28.7 516 100-124 25-49 36.7 660 125-149		4.0	
have two or more part-time jobs	27.7	500			1.8	
nate the of more part-time jobs	1	1808	50-74 18.4 331 150+ 75-99 9.4 168 Total		0.9	
otal						

Total

the Spring of 2009? Working full-time for NYC DOE

Working part-time for NYC DOE

Not working for NYC DOE

9.4

7.4

83.2 1480

100.0 1779

168

131

SD Min - Max

0-4

Min - Max

0-9

0 - 18

SD Min - Max

Section 2. Work Status, Conditions and Workload (cont'd)

2m. During the Spring 2009 term, how many regular office hours did you hold?	%	N
No office hours	29.8	535
One hour per week	45.5	818
Two hours per week	16.6	298
More than two hours per week	8.1	146
Total	100.0	1797

2n. On average, how many hours per week did you spend on class-related activities outside of class (class preparation, grading, email to students)

М	Mdn	. Mo	SD	Min	Max	. N
8.8	6.0	10.0	7.8	0	75	1651

	you teaching college courses f CUNY in Spring 2009?	%	N
Yes		19.0	342
No		81.0	1458
Total		100.0	1800

For the following questions (2 p through 5 g), please respond concerning the CUNY campus where you did most of your teaching, Spring 2009:

2p. Which of the following best		
describes your office situation?	% .	N
No office space	26.5	477
Shared common room	38.5	692
Shared office	33.5	603
Private office	1.5	27
Total	100.0	1799
2q. Do you receive timely notification of reappointment?	%	N
·	70	
Always	50.3	905
Usually	36.4	654
Usually not	8.6	154
Never	1.6	29
Not applicable (I taught only one semester, Spring 2009)	3.1	56
Total	100.0	1798
2r. Did you receive your schedule for the next term prior to the end of the		
previous term?	%	N
Always	40.6	722
Usually .	30.5	542
Usually not .	15.5	276
Never	13.4	239
Total	100.0	1779

2s. Do you experience difficulties with your local Payroll Department?	%	N
Always	2.1	38
Usually	5.9	106
Usually not	40:0	710
Never .	52.0	933
Total	100.0	179
2t. Are you dependent on your CUNY position for healthcare benefits?	%	N
Yes	26.5	478
	73.5	132
No	10.0	

Section 2. Work Status, Conditions and Workload (cont'd)

How much do you agree to disagree with the following statements about about your employment situation at CUNY?	% Strongly disagree (1)	% Disagree (2)	% Mildly disagree (3)	Neither agree or % disagree (4)	% Mildly agree (5)	Agree (6)	Strongly agree (7)		Total	
211 The faculty in my department	70	70	/0	70	70	%	%	М	SD	N
2u. The faculty in my department or program make me feel welcome	1.7	2.9	3.1	6.9	10.3	35.6	39.5	5.9	1.4	1802
2v. The staff in my department or program make							00.0	0.0	1.4	1002
me feel welcome	0.9	1.6	2.4	4.9	6.2	34.8	49.2	6.1	1.2	1800
2w. I have a voice in determining my teaching										1000
assignments and schedule	4.7	7.7	4.5	8.1	18.2	32.3	24.5	5.2	1.7	1794
2x. My department or program or campus is working to help me improve the quality of my										
teaching	4.2	7.7	4.6	19.1	16.1	31.1	17.2	5.0	17	1700
2y. My campus office situation provides						01.1	17.2	5.0	1.7	1790
adequate privacy to meet with students	17.5	14.9	8.7	13.3	13.6	20.0	12.0	4.0	2.1	1786
			9							

position at CUNY?	2.4	4.1	5.3	3.9	13.9	38.2	32.3	M 5.7	SD 1.5	N 1792
2z. Please respond concerning the CUNY campus where you do all or part of your teaching: How satisfied are you, in general, with your	Very dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	Mildly dissatisfied (3)	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (4)	Mildly satisfied (5)	Satisfied (6)	Very satisfied (7)		Total	

Section 3. Facilities, Programs and Resources

In terms of your own use or access, how would you rate each of the following facilities, programs, or resources at your college during the Spring of 2009?	% Poor	? Fair	Good S	Excellent	Resource not available	Don't Know	Total
3a. Office space	24.3	26.0	22.7	6.2	%	%	N 1704
3b. Office computers including available software	24.5	20.0	22.1	0.2	14.9	5.1	1794
& Internet connections	18.0	24.2	28.8	11.3	10.2	6.6	1792
3c. Tech support for computer-related activities	11.2	22.4	34.8	14.5	4.8	11.3	1789
3d. Library holdings: printed books and journals	5.3	17.4	37.7	15.0	2.2	21.1	1784
3e. Library holdings: electronic resources	4.4	14.3	35.0	16.1	2.1	26.6	1780
3f. Computer labs and "smart" classrooms	9.0	19.1	31.6	13.7	4.2	21.0	1783
3g. Access to your office/lab after hours & on							
weekends	6.5	11.1	29.9	16.2	10.2	24.6	1780
3h. Off-campus access to your campus email	3.5	8.2	34.2	36.9	2.9	12.1	1767
3i. Physical plant conditions (including escalators,		,					
elevators, classrooms, common areas)	16.5	29.1	37.8	11.9	1.2	2.6	.1792
3j. Bathrooms	15.2	29.9	38.6	12.3	0.8	2.2	1788

Section 4. Services, Functions and Grant Support

In terms of your own experiences, how would you rate each of the following at your college during the Spring of 2009?	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	Resource not available	Don't Know	Total
Death American Straight and Control of the Control	%	%	%	%	%	%	N
4a. Telephone service (including voice mail)	7.2	13.4	27.9	9.5	17.6	24.4	1788
4b. Mail service (access to mail, promptness of							
delivery)	3.5	15.7	46.1	16.2	3.8	14.8	1789
4c. Photocopying	12.1	21.8	36.8	19.1	2.8	7.2	1795
4d. Security	3.3	17.8	49.6	19.2	1.2	8.9	1783
4e. Bookstore	4.2	18.0	39.0	11.8	2.8	24.2	1781
4f. Cafeteria/Food services	12.1	23.7	28.4	5.8	3.3	26.7	1779
4g. Enforcement of health and safety regulations	4.7	16.5	33.4	9.1	1.9	34.5	1779
4h. Faculty development activities 4i. Availability of small internal grants	9.2	20.8	33.3	10.5	3.3	22.9	1780
(e.g., PSC-CUNY or grants for part-time faculty)	9.9	14.1	15.7	4.1	6.2	50.0	1779

Section 5. Elements of Job Satisfaction

How satisfied are you with each of the following?	% Very dissatisfied (1)	Dissatisfied (2)	: Mildly dissatisfied (3)	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (4)	Mildly satisfied (5)	Satisfied (6)	Very satisfied (7)	Don't know		Total	
The state of the s	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	М	SD	N
5a. Your authority to make decisions about content & methods in your instruct 5b. Your authority to set standards and	1.2	1.4	1.8	4.8	8.2	34.3	47.0	1.1	6.1	1.2	1796
grading policies	1.4	1.7	2.5	5.0	8.0	37.7	42.1	1.6	6.0	1.3	1796
5c. Class size	3.7	6.0	9.4	6.1	14.0	37.4	22.1	1.2	5.2	. 1.7	1793
5d. Your workload	2.9	5.6	6.0	7.6	10.7	44.0	22.5	0.7	5.4	1.6	1789
5e. Your salary 5f. Availability of travel funds to attend	11.9	10.9	12.4	7.3	18.2	29.1	9.6	0.6	4.4	1.9	1786
professional meetings	8.3	7.7	5.1	10.0	4.0	6.3	2.2	56.3	3.5	1.8	1774
5g. Health care benefits	9.0	4.9	4.0	11.4	6.8	11.2	4.8	47.9	4.1	2	1762

Sections 6 - 9: Demographic Characteristics

Section 6. Sex

Are you fer	ale or mal	e?		%	N
Female				51.1	912
Male				48.9	871
Total			. 1	0.00	1783

Section 7. Age Group

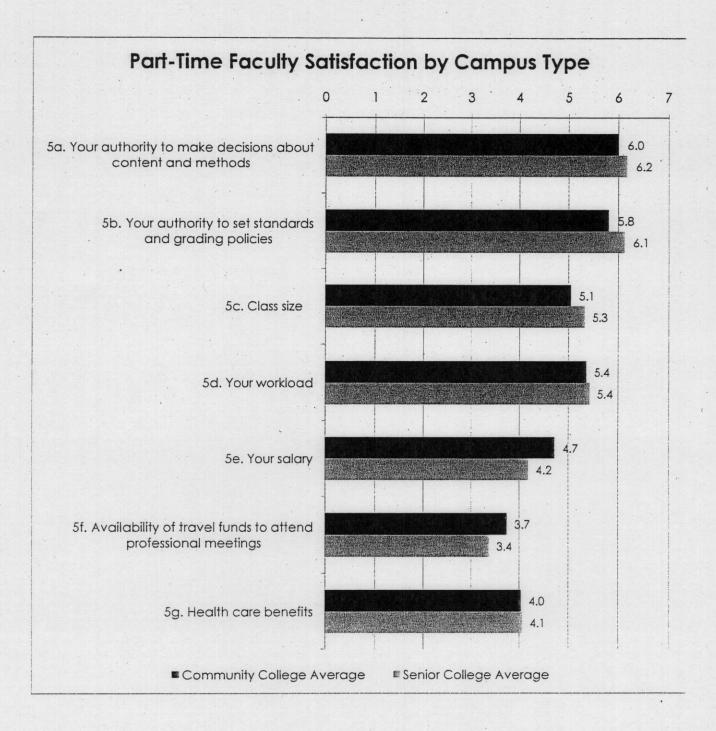
What is your age?	%	N
Under 35	12.9	230
35 - 45	16.6	296
46 - 55	22.4	399
56 - 65	31.7	565
Over 65	16.5	294
Total	100.1	1784

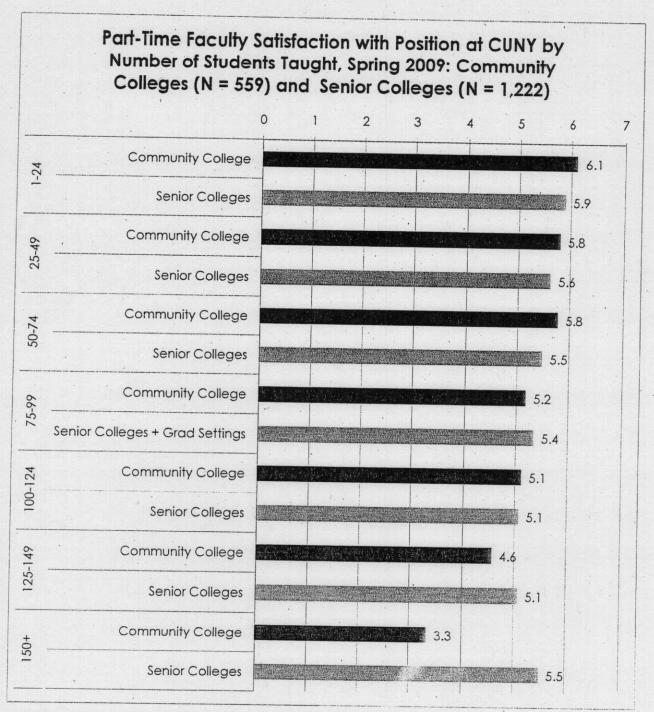
Section 8. Ethnicity

Are you Hispanic or Latino?	%	N
Not Hispanic or Latino	93.2	1598
Hispanic or Latino	6.8	117
Total	100.0	1715

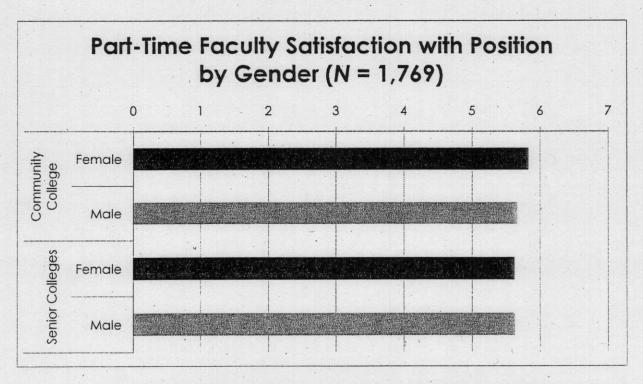
Section 9. Race

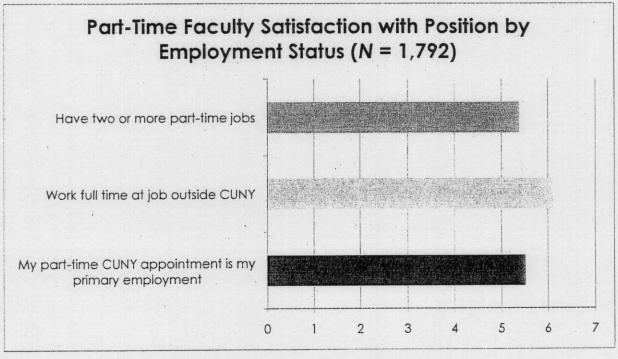
What is your race?	%	N
Asian	6.0	104
Black/African descent	12.1	210
Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.1	2
Native American or Alaskan Native	0.2	4
White	73.7	1283
Other	7.9	138
Total	100.0	1741

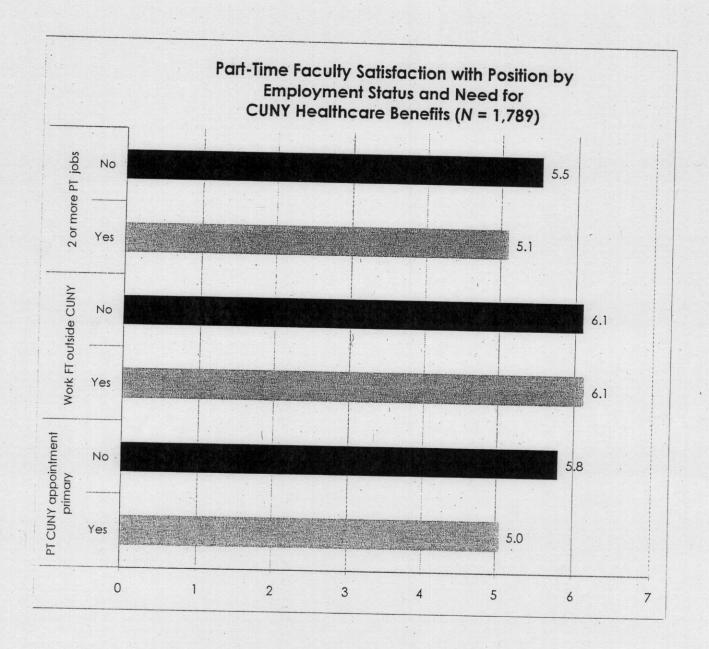




Note: Ratings for class sizes of 150+ are based on 3 individuals in community colleges and 14 in senior colleges.

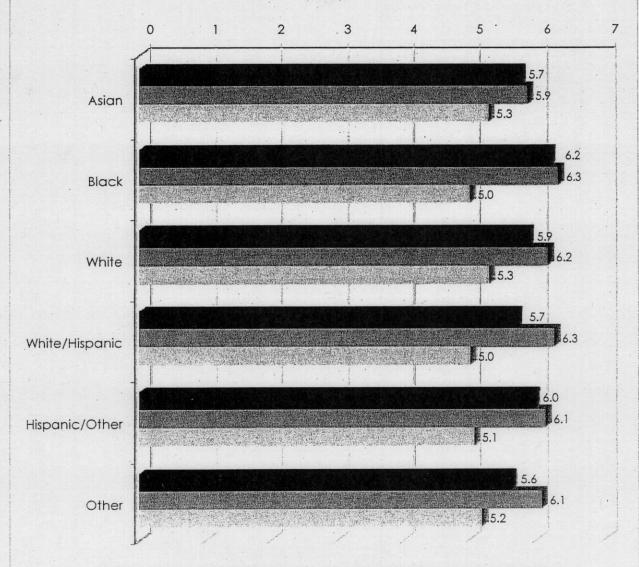






Part-Time Faculty Agreement with Departmental Relationships by Race/Ethnicity

(Black/Hispanic, Native American/Alaskan Native and Hawaiian/Pacific Islander sample sizes are too small to present)



- Faculty in my department or program make me feel welcome (N=1670)
- Staff in my department or program make me feel welcome (N=1668)
- Have a voice in determining teaching assignments & schedule (N=1662)

APPENDIX D

PART-TIME FACULTY
Survey Items Rank-Ordered by Campus

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



Table 1 - Which of the following best describes your office situation?

Part-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	No offic			ared					
College		ce space		on room	Shared	office	Private	office	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Lehman	24%	17	21%	15	54%	38	0%	0	70
Baruch	12%	14	38%	45	49%	57	1%	1	117
Brooklyn	28%	42	25%	37	45%	66	2%	3	148
Queens	25%	43	27%	46	43%	75	5%	9	173
KBCC	37%	30	23%	19	39%	32	1%	1	82
Hunter	26%	52	34%	66	39%	76	2%	3	197
City	37%	45	26%	31	36%	43	2%	2	121
Bronx CC	17%	. 9	48%	25	35%	18	0%	0	52
CSI	22%	20	46%	41	31%	28	0%	0	89
Hostos CC	41%	12	28%	8	31%	9	0%	0	29
ВМСС	14%	23	55%	89	30%	49	0%	0	161
John Jay	24%	20	45%	38	26%	22	5%		
LAGCC	28%	33	48%	56	22%	26	2%	4	84
York	29%	11	50%	19	21%			2	117
NYC Tech	33%	44	47%	62		8	0%	0	38
QCC	26%	31			20%	27	0%	0	133
Medgar Evers	21%		54%	65	19%	23	1%	1	120
Schl Profl Studies		. 8	67%	26	13%	5	0%	0	39
	100%	15	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	15
Totals	26%	469	39%	688	34%	602	1%	26	1785

Table 2 - Do you receive timely notification of of reappointment?

Part-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	Always	Usually			Usually not		Never		Not appli (2009 was semest	Totals	
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
KBCC	65%	53	29%	24	1%	1.	1%	1	4%	3	82
Bronx CC	62%	32	35%	18	2%	1	0%	0	2%	1	.52
CSI	58%	52	34%	30	7%	6	0%	0	1%	1	89
NYC Tech	56%	75	34%	45	7%	9	2%	2	2%	2	133
QCC	55%	66	36%	44	8%	10	0%	0	1%	1	121
Baruch	53%	62	34%	40	12%	14	0%	0	1%	1	. 117
Queens	52%	89	39%	67	- 6%	11	0%	0	3%	. 5	172
LAGCC	50%	59	37%	44	7%	8	2%	2	4%	5	118
Brooklyn	49%	73	36%	54	9%	13	1%	2	4%	6	148
Hunter	48%	95	35%	69	9%	18	4%	7	4%	8	197
Lehman	47%	33	31%	22	19%	13	1%	1	1%	1	70
вмсс	47%	75	43%	68	6%	10	2%	3	3%	4	160
York	46%	17	30%	11	8%	3	8%	3	8%	3	37
City	46%	55	35%	42	11%	13	4%	5	4%	5	120
Hostos CC	45%	13	31%	9	17%	5	3%	1	3%	1	29
John Jay	42%	35	46%	39	6%	5	1%	1	5%	. 4	84
Medgar Evers	28%	11	51%	20	15%	6	3%	. 1	3%	1	39
Schl Profl Studies	19%	3	25%	4	44%	7	0%	0	13%	2	16
Totals	50%	898	36%	650	9%	153	2%	29	3%	54	1784

Table 3 - Do you receive your schedule for the next term prior to the end of the previous term?

Part-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	Always		Usu	Usually		y not	Never		Totals
	%	N	%	. N	%	N	%	N	N
Queens	62%	105	24%	40	9%	15	6%	10	170
Baruch	56%	65	30%	35	11%	13	3%	3	116
City	48%	57	27%	32	12%	14	13%	16	119
QCC	46%	56	26%	32	16%	19	12%	14	121
LAGCC	45%	53	29%	34	15%	17	11%	13	
Brooklyn	45%	66	39%	57	12%	18	3%		117
Lehman	43%	30	30%	21	14%	10	12%	5	146
Hunter	42%	82	28%	55	14%	27	15%	8	69
York	42%	16	32%	12	11%	4	16%	30	194
Schl Profl Studies	38%	6	38%	6	13%			6	38
John Jay	37%	31	44%	37	11%	2	13%	2	16
KBCC .	36%	29	25%	20	24%	9	8%	7	84
Hostos CC	34%	10	24%	7	14%	19	15%	12	80
CSI	30%	27	37%	33	18%	4	28%	8	29
NYC Tech	27%	36	31%			16	15%	13	89
Bronx CC	25%	13		41	18%	24	23%	30	131
BMCC			17%	. 9	21%	11	37%	19	52
Medgar Evers	18%	29	35%	55	25%	40	21%	33	157
Totals	18%	7	32%	12	32%	12	18%	7	38

Table 4 - Do you experience difficulties with your local Payroll Department?

Part-time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

	A1		I In conflict		I I a calling		Name		T-4-1-
College	Always		Usually		Usually		Neve		Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
KBCC	1%	1	1%	1	20%	16	78%	64	82
QCC	0%	0	0%	0	28%	34	72%	. 87	121
LAGCC	1%	1	2%	. 2	35%	41	63%	74	118
Hostos CC	7%	2	7%	2	28%	8	59%	17	29
CSI .	0%	0	6%	5	38%	33	57%	50	88
Bronx CC	2%	1	0%	0	43%	22	55%	28	51
ВМСС	1%	2	3%	5	41%	65	55%	87	159
Queens	2%	4	6%	10	38%	65	54%	94	173
Brooklyn	1%	2	7%	10	41%	61	51%	75	148
John Jay	0%	0	4%	3	46%	38	51%	42	83
Schl Profl Studies	0%	0	6%	1	44%	7	50%	8	16
Hunter	4%	7	7%	14	40%	79	49%	98	198
NYC Tech	2%	2	5%	-7	44%	57	49%	64	130
York	3%	1	18%	7	32%	12	47%	18	38
City	3%	4	8%	10	49%	59	40%	48	121
Baruch -	3%	4	10%	12	52%	60	34%	40	116
Lehman	1%	1	15%	10	50%	34	34%	23	68
Medgar Evers	10%	4	15%	6	51%	20	23%	9	.38
Totals	2%	36	6%	105	40%	711	52%	926	1778

Table 5 - Agreement with Question about Employment Situation at CUNY:

The faculty in my department or program make me feel welcome

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

								. 1	
College	Strongly of Mildly di		Neutral		Mildly a				Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	. M	SD	N
Bronx CC	0%	0	0%	. 0	100%	52	3.0	0.0	52
Schl Profl Studies	6%	1	0%	0	94%	15	2.9	0.5	16
KBCC	5%	4,	5%	4	90%	74	2.9	0.5	82
York	5%	2	5%	2	89%	34	2.8	0.5	38
QCC	5%	6	7%	8	88%	107	2.8	0.5	121
Queens '	5%	9	8%	13	87%	151	2.8	0.5	173
Brooklyn	4%	6	9%	13	87%	129	2.8	0.5	148
CSI	10%	9	3%	3	87%	77	2.8	0.6	89
ВМСС	10%	16	4%	7	86%	139	2.8	0.6	162
Lehman	6%	4	9%	6	86%	60	2.8	0.5	70
Hunter	9%	18	6%	12	85%	168	2.8	0.6	198
Medgar Evers	5%	2	10%	4	85%	33	2.8	0.5	39
NYC Tech	8%	10	9%	.12	83%	111	2.8	0.6	133
Hostos CC	17%	5	0%	0	83%	24	2.7	0.8	29
LAGCC	10%	- 12	8%	9	82%	97	2.7	0.6	
City	9%	11	10%	12	81%	96	2.7		118
John Jay	13%	11	7%	6	80%	67	2.7	0.6	119
Baruch	9%	11	11%	13	79%	93	2.7	0.7	84
Tot	tals 8%	137	7%	124	85%	1527	2.8	0.6	1788

Table 6 - Agreement with Question about Employment Situation at CUNY:

The staff in my department or program make me feel welcome

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College		Strongly of Mildly di	-	Neuti	al	Mildly a	- 1			Totals	
		%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N	
Bronx CC		0%	0	0%	0	100%	52	3.0	0.0	52	
CSI		1%	1	1%	1	98%	87	3.0	0.2	89	
York		3%	1	3%	1	95%	36	2.9	0.4	38	
Brooklyn		3%	. 4	3%	5	94%	139	2.9	0.4	148	
KBCC		2%	2	4%	3	94%	77	2.9	0.4	82	
Schl Profi Stud	es	6%	1	0%	0	94%	15	2.9	0.5	16	
Queens		3%	. 6	4%	7	92%	160	2.9	0.4	173	
QCC		3%	4	5%	6	92%	110	2.9	0.4	120	
Lehman		6%	4	3%	2	91%	64	2.9	0.5	. 70	
Hunter		4%	7	6%	11	91%	180	2.9	0.4	198	
ВМСС		7%	12	5%	8	88%	141	2.8	0.6	161	
LAGCC	*	5%	6	8%	9	87%	103	2.8	0.5	118	
Medgar Evers		8%	3	5%	2	87%	34	2.8	0.6	39	
City		6%	7	8%	9	87%	103	2.8	0.5	119	
Baruch		9%	11	4%	. 5	86%	101	2.8	0.6	117	
John Jay		10%	8	5%	4	86%	72	2.8	0.6	84	
NYC Tech		7%	9	9%	12	84%	112	2.8	0.6	133	
Hostos CC		7%	2	10%	3	83%	24	2.8	0.6	29	
	Totals	5%	88	5%	88	90%	1610	2.9	0.5	1786	

Table 7 - Agreement with Question about Employment Situation at CUNY:

I have a voice in determining my teaching assignments and schedule

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College		Strongly Mildly d		Neu	utral		agree -			Totals
		%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
Schl Profi Stud	dies	13%	2	0%	. 0	88%	14	2.8	0.7	16
Lehman		9%	6	4%	3	87%	60	2.8	0.6	69
Brooklyn		13%	19	6%	9	81%	119	2.7	0.7	147
CSI		17%	15	4%	4	79%	70	2.6	0.8	89
Queens		14%	24	8%	13	79%	136	2.5	0.8	173
Hunter		16%	31	6%	12	78%	154	2.6	0.7	197
Baruch		15%	18	7%	8	78%	91	2.6	0.7	117
Bronx CC		12%	6	12%	6	77%	40	2.7	0.7	52
KBCC		15%	12	11%	9	74%	61	2.6	0.7	82
NYC Tech		18%	24	8%	10	74%	97	2.6	0.8	131
LAGCC		17%	20	9%	11	74%	87	2.6	0.8	118
City		14%	16	14%	16	73%	85	2.6	0.7	117
John Jay		18%	15	11%	9	71%	59	2.5	0.8	83
QCC		21%	25	8%	10	71%	86	2.6	0.7	121
ВМСС		24%	39	9%	15	67%	108	2.4	0.9	162
York		26%	10	8%	3	66%	25	2.4	0.9	38
Medgar Evers		26%	10	10%	4	64%	25	2.4	0.9	39
Hostos CC		31%	9	10%	3	59%	17	2.3	0.9	29
	Totals	17%	301	8%	145	75%	1334	2.6	0.8	1780

Table 8 - Agreement with Question about Employment Situation at CUNY:

My department or program or campus is working to help me improve the quality of my teaching

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

									1	
College	Strongly disagree- Mildly disagree		Neut	ral	Mildly a	-		Totals		
	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N	
Schl Profi Studies	6%	1	0%	0	94%	15	2.9	0.5	16	
LAGCC	12%	14	11%	13	77%	90	2.6	0.7	117	
Bronx CC	10%	5	17%	9	73%	38	2.6	0.7	52	
Hunter	17%	33	12%	24	71%	138	2.5	0.8	195	
KBCC	15%	12	16%	13	70%	57	2.5	0.7	82	
City	13%	15	21%	25	66%	79	2.5	0.7	119	
acc	8%	10	26%	31	66%	79	2.4	0.8	120	
Lehman	14%	10	20%	14	66%	46	2.5	0.7	70	
Hostos CC	21%	6	14%	. 4	66%	19	2.4	0.8	29	
John Jay	25%	21	11%	. 9	64%	53	2.4	0.9	83	
Baruch	20%	23	18%	21	62%	73	2.4	0.8	. 117	
CSI	17%	15	21%	19	62%	55	2.4	0.8	89	
Brooklyn	12%	18	26%	38	62%	90	2.5	0.7	146	
York	21%	. 8	18%	7	61%	23	2.4	0.8	38	
Queens	16%	28	25%	43	58%	99	2.6	0.6	170	
Medgar Evers	29%	11	13%	5	58%	22	2.3	0.9	38	
NYC Tech	25%	33	17%	23	58%	77	2.3	0.9	133	
вмсс	19%	30	25%	41	56%	91	2.4	0.8	162	
Total	s 16%	293	19%	339	64%	1144	2.5	0.8	1776	

Table 9 - Agreement with Question about Employment Situation at CUNY:

My campus office situation provides adequate privacy to meet with students

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	Strongly di		Neu	Neutral		agree -			Totals		
	%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N		
KBCC	24%	19	16%	13	60%	48	2.4	0.8	80		
Lehman	30%	21	10%	7	59%	41	2.3	0.9	69		
Queens	30%	51	12%	20	58%	. 99	2.0	0.9	170		
Brooklyn	33%	48	11%	16	56%	83	2.2	0.9	147		
Baruch	39%	46	7%	8	54%	63	2.1	1.0	117		
CSI	39%	34	9%	8	52%	45	2.1	0.9	87		
City	32%	38	18%	21	50%	58	2.2	0.9	117		
Bronx CC	41%	21	10%	5	49%	25	2.1	1.0	51		
York	39%	. 15	13%	5	47%	18	2.1	0.9	38		
John Jay	43%	36	13%	11	44%	37	2.0	0.9	84		
QCC	41%	49	17%	20	43%	51	2.3	0.9	120		
LAGCC	42%	50	18%	21	40%	47	2.0	0.9	118		
Hostos CC	55%	16	7%	2	38%	11	1.8	1.0	29		
Hunter	54%	106	9%	18	37%	73	1.8	0.9	197		
BMCC	51%	82	.15%	25	34%	55	1.8	0.9			
NYC Tech	52%	69	17%	22	32%	42			162		
Medgar Evers	53%	20	18%	7	29%	11	1.8	0.9	133		
Schl Profl Studies	47%	7	40%	6	13%	2	1.8	0.9	38 15		
Totals	41%	728	13%	235	46%	809	2.0	0.9	1772		

Table 10 - Satisfaction Question about Position at CUNY:

How satisfied are you, in general, with your position at CUNY?

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College		Strongly d					agree -		Totals	
		%	N	%	N	%	N	M	SD	N
QCC		5%	6	3%	4	92% -	111	2.7	0.7	121
KBCC		9%	7	1%	1	90%	73	. 2.8	0.6	81
Brooklyn		10%	14	3%	4	88%	127	2.8	0.6	145
Baruch		11%	13	2%	2	87%	102	2.8	0.6	117
Lehman		9%	6	4%	3	87%	61	2.8	0.6	70
Bronx CC		12%	6	2%	. 1 .	87%	45	2.8	0.7	52
LAGCC		12%	14	3%	4	85%	99	2.7	0.7	117
John Jay		12%	10	4%	3	84%	70	2.7	0.7	83
City		12%	14	4%	5	84%	102	2.7	0.7	121
NYC Tech		9%	12	7%	9	84%	111	2.8	0:6	132
CSI		11%	10	6%	5	83%	73	2.7	0.7	88
York		18%	7	0%	0	82%	31	2.6	0.8	38
Queens		13%	23	5%	9	81%	140	2.9	0.5	172
Hunter		15%	29	4%	8	81%	161	2.7	0.7	198
вмсс		15%	24	4%	7	81%	129	2.7	0.7	160
Schl Profl Studie	s	20%	3	0%	0	80%	12	2.6	0.8	15
Hostos CC		17%	5	3%	1	79%	23	2.6	0.8	29
Medgar Evers		18%	7	10%	4	72%	28	2.5	0.8	39
	Totals	12%	210	4%	70	84%	1498	2.7	0.7	1778

Table 11 - Rating of Office Space

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	Fair or Poor		Good or Excellent		Res	Resource			TERES.
					Not Available		Don't know		Total
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	٨
Baruch	43%	50	50%	58	8%	9	0%	0	11
Lehman	35%	24	49%	34	10%	7	6%	4	
Queens	44%	75	41%	. 71	9%	16	6%	10	6
KBCC	33%	27	38%	31	13%	11	16%		17
CSI	48%	42	36%	32	9%	8		13	8:
QCC	53%	64	32%	39	12%	14	7%	6	8
City	34%	41	32%	38	28%		3%	4	12
York	50%	19	32%	12		34	6%	7	120
Brooklyn	51%	75	31%	45	18%	7	0%	0	38
Hostos CC	55%	16	28%		16%	24	2%	3	147
Bronx CC	63%	33		8	14%	4	3%	1	29
John Jay	49%		27%	14	. 8%	4	2%	1	52
Hunter		41	25%	22	21%	18	4%	2	84
LAGCC	57%	113	21%	41	17%	34	5%	10	196
NYC Tech	53%	66	20%	23	18%	21	6%	7	111
BMCC	%	75	18%	24	21%	27	5%	7	131
	73%	119	14%	22	8%	13	5%	8	162
Medgar Evers	71%	27	13%	5	11%	4	5%	2	38
Schl Profl Studies	0%	0	0%	0	74	11	27%	4	15
Totals	J . 70	900	25%	0.0	. JVe	66	5%	90	1780

Note. Row percentages are accompanied with the number of respondents answering within each category. Column "Totals" refer to the Totals number of respondents for each campus. The grand Totals (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Averaged percentages may not Totals to 100% due to rounding.

Table 12 - Rating of Office Computers including Available Software and Internet Conections

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

College	Fair or Poor		Good or Excellent		Resource Not Available				
							Don't know		Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Baruch	31%	36	62%	72	6%	7	2%	2	117
QCC	35%	42	55%	66	7%	8 .	4%	5	121
Lehman	35%	24	48%	33	10%	7	7%	5	69
Brooklyn	39%	58	47%	69	10%	14	4%	6	147
KBCC	30%	24	47%	38	10%	8	14% ·	11	81
Bronx CC	50%	26	46%	24	2%	1	2%	1	52
John Jay	40%	33	46%	38	8%	7	6%	5	83
York	34%	13	42%	16	16%	6	8%	3	38
City	33%	39	41%	49	16%	19	11%	13	120
Queens	42%	73	39%	67	9%	16	10%	17	173
Hostos CC	38%	11	38%	11	17%	5	7%	2	29
Hunter	48%	95	35%	69	12%	23	5%	10	197
CSI	55%	48	32%	28	3%	3	10%	9	88
ВМСС	59%	96	31%	50	4%	7	6%	9	162
Medgar Evers	56%	20	31%	11	6%	2	8%	3	36
LAGCC	46%	53	30%	35	17%	20	7%	8	116
NYC Tech	50%	67	30%	40	17%	22	3%	4	133
Schl Profl Studies	13%	. 2	19%	3	44%	7	25%	4	16
Totals	43%	760	40%	719	10%	182	7%	117	1778
								THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	

Note. Row percentages are accompanied with the number of respondents answering within each category. Column "Totals" refer to the Totals number of respondents for each campus. The grand Totals (all campuses) is indicated in the lower right hand corner. Averaged percentages may not Totals to 100% due to rounding.

Table 13 - Tech Support for Computer-Related Activities

Callaga		ir or		od or	Resc	ource			
College		oor	Exce	ellent	Not Av	ailable	Don'	t know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	٨
Baruch	26%	31	69%	81	1%	1	3%	4	117
QCC	25%	30	66%	79	2%	2	8%	9	
KBCC	15%	12	62%	51	5%	4	18%	15	120
John Jay	29%	. 24	59%	49	4%	3			82
CSI	34%	30	55%	48	3%	3	8%	7	. 83
City	28%	33	53%	63	8%		8%	7	88
Hunter	37%	72	50%	99		10	12%	14	120
LAGCC	35%	41			3%	6	10%	20	197
Brooklyn			50%	58	4%	5	10%	12	116
Bronx CC	32%	47	47%	68	7%	10	14%	21	146
Queens	37%	19	46%	24	6%	3	12%	6	52
Lehman	36%	63	44%	76	5%	9	14%	25	173
	32%	22	43%	30	6%	4	19%	13	69
NYC Tech	39%	52	43%	57	8%	11	9%	12	132
Hostos CC	39%	11	39%	11	7%	2	14%	4	28
York	28%	10	39%	14	17%	6	17%		
Schl Profi Studies	31%	5	38%	6	13%	2	19%	6	36
ВМСС	51%	82	36%	58	2%	4	11%	3	16
Medgar Evers	53%	20	29%	11	3%	1		18	162
Totals	34%	604	50%	883	5%		16%	6	38
				000	376	86	11%	202	1775

Table 14 - Library Holdings: Printed Books and Journals

	Fair	or	Good	or	Resou	urce			
College	Po	or	Excel	lent	Not Ava	ilable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Baruch	12%	14	68%	79	1%	1	. 20%	23	117
Queens	14%	24	63%	108	3%	5	20%	34	171
KBCC	21%	. 17	62%	51	4%	3	13%	11	82
John Jay	23%	19	61%	51	2%	2	13%	11	83
Brooklyn	20%	29	61%	89	2%	3	17%	25	146
Hunter	24%	48	59%	116	1%	2	16%	31	197
Lehman	21%	14	57%	39	-0%	0	22%	15	68
Hostos CC	24%	7	55%	16	3%	1	17%	5	29
CSI	23%	20	55%	48	0%	0	23%	20	88
LAGCC	22%	26	54%	63	0%	0	24%	28	117
City	24%	28	51%	60	6%	7	19%	23	118
Bronx CC	33%	17	46%	24	2%	1	19%	10	52
occ	22%	26	44%	52	2%	2 .	32%	38	118
NYC Tech	29%	38	42%	55	4%	5	26%	34	132
ВМСС	30%	48	40%	64	1%	2	29%	47	161
Medgar Evers	35%	13	35%	13	5%	2	24%	9	37
York	39%	15	32%	12	5%	2	24%	9	38
Schl Profi Studies	38%	6	25%	4	13%	2	25%	4	16
Totals	23%	409	53%	944	2%	40	21%	377	1770

Table 15 - Library Holdings: Electronic Resources

College		ir or		od or	Res	ource		T	
College		oor	Exc	ellent	Not Av	ailable	Don't	know	Totals
Baruch	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
	9%	10.	70%	82	1%	1	21%	24	
John Jay	18%	15	64%	54	2%	2	15%		117
CSI	16%	14	58%	51	0%	0		13	84
Brooklyn	16%	23	57%	82	3%	4	26%	23	88
LAGCC	13%	15	57%	67	0%		24%	34	143
Queens	14%	24	56%	97	2%	0	30%	35	117
Hunter .	23%	45	55%	108		4	28%	48	173
Bronx CC	25%	13	55%	28	2%	3	20%	40	196
Lehman	13%	9	54%		0%	0	20%	10	51
City	22%	26		37	1%	1	31%	21	68
Hostos CC	31%		53%	62	5%	6	20%	24	118
KBCC		.9	52%	15	3%	1	14%	4	29
QCC	17%	14	46%	38	4%	3	33%	27	82
BMCC	21%	25	43%	51	2%	2	35%	42	120
NYC Tech	24%	38	39%	62	1%	1	36%	58	159
	22%	29	38%	49	5%	6.	35%	45	129
Schl Profl Studies	31%	5	38%	6	13%	2	19%	3	
York	26%	10	37%	14	3%	1	34%	13	16
Medgar Evers	32%	12,	34%	13	3%	1	32%		38
Totals	19%	336	52%	916	2%	38		12	38
					270	30	27%	476	1766

Table 16 - Computer Labs and "Smart" Classrooms

	Fai		Goo	NAC TANGE IN	Reso	urce			
College	Po	or	Exce	llent	Not Ava	ailable	Don't know		Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Baruch	15%	17	66%	77	3%	3	16%	19	116
CSI	22%	19	60%	-52	2%	2	16%	14	87
LAGCC	31%	. 36	58%	67	1%	1	10%	12	116
John Jay	25%	21	54%	45	4%	3	17%	14	83
QCC	27%	32	52%	62	4%	5	18%	21	120
Bronx CC	35%	18	49%	. 25	0%	0	16%	8	51
KBCC	21%	17	48%	39	4%	3	28%	23	82
Brooklyn	27%	39	47%	67	3%	5	23%	33	144
Medgar Evers	26%	10	45%	17	3%	1	26%	10	38
Hunter	31%	61	43%	85	4%	8	22%	43	197
Hostos CC	31%	9	41%	12	10%	3	17%	5	29
ВМСС	38%	60	41%	65	3%	4	19%	31	160
Lehman	26%	18	41%	28	3%	2	30%	21	69
City	30%	36	39%	47	7%	8	24%	28	119
NYC Tech	36%	48	39%	52	6%	8	19%	25	133
Queens	28%	49	35%	61	6%	10	30%	52	172
York	35%	13	24%	9	14%	5	27%	10	37
Schl Profl Studies	13%	2	13%	2	31%	5	44%	7	16
Totals	29%	505	46%	812	4%	76	21%	376	1769

Table 17 - Access to Your Office/Lab After Hours and After Hours and On Weekends

College			air or		od or		source	,		
		%	N		ellent	Not A	vailable	Don'	t know	Totals
Baruch				%	N	%	N	%	N	N
CSI		6%	7	70%	81	3%	4	21%	24	116
John Jay		14%		58%	51	7%	6	22%		88
Brooklyn		17%	14	57%	47	12%	10	14%		
		17%	25	52%	76	9%	13	21%		83
Hostos CC		14%	4	52%	15	21%	6	14%	31	145
Lehman		17%	12	48%	33	7%	5		4	29
Hunter		13%	26	47%	92	12%		28%	19	69
QCC		19%	23	47%	56		24	27%	53	195
Queens		15%	25	. 47%		8%	9	26%	31	119
KBCC		17%	. 14		80	9%	16	30%	51	172
Bronx CC		33%	17	46%	37	4%	3	33%	27	81
York		22%		44%	23	8%	4	15%	8	52
ВМСС			8	43%	16	11%	4	24%	9	37
City		23%	37	42%	67	8%	12	28%	44	160
LAGCC		16%	19	39%	46	21%	25	24%	29	119
NYC Tech		27%	31	38%	44	9%	10	27%	31	116
	1	25%	33	38%	50	15%	20	22%	29	
Medgar Evers		26%	10	37%	14	5%	2	32%		132
Schl Profl Stud	ies	0%	0	0%	0	56%	9	44%	12	38
	Totals	18%	317	47%	828	10%	182	25%	7 440	16

Table 18 - Off-Campus Access to Your Campus Email

		ror	God	od or	Reso	urce		T	
College	Po	or	Exce	ellent	Not Ava	ailable	Don't know		Totals
	%	N	%	N	. %	N	%	N	' N
QCC	10%	.12	86%	102	1%	1	3%	4	119
Bronx CC	13%	7	85%	44	0%	0	2%	1	52
Hunter	9%	18	83%	161	1%	2	7%	14	195
Lehman	7%	5	81%	57	0%	0	11%	8	70
John Jay	15%	12	81%	65	1%	1	3%	2	80
Baruch	10%	11	81%	92	3%	3	7%	8	114
LAGCC	15%	17	74%	85	1%	1	10%	12	115
Queens	12%	20	73%	127	1%	2	14%	24	173
Brooklyn	9%	12	73%	103	2%	3	16%	23	141
York	11%	4	70%	26	5%	2	14%	5	37
CSI	9%	8	70%	62	1%	1	20%	18	89
KBCC	11%	9	70%	57	6%	5	13%	11	82
NYC Tech	11%	14	63%	81	9%	11	18%	23	129
Hostos CC	10%	3	62%	18	14%	4	14%	4	29
City	16%	19	62%	72	4%	5	18%	21	
ВМСС	20%	31	59%	94	4%	7	16%	26	117
Medgar Evers	24%	9	55%	21	0%	0	21%		158
Schl Profl Studies	0%	0	44%	7.	19%	3	38%	8	38
Totals	12%	211	73%	1274	3%	51	12%	218	1754

Table 19 - Physical Plant Conditions (including escalators, elevators, classrooms, common areas)

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

	-								
College		air or		od or	Res	ource		T	
- cinoge		oor		ellent	Not A	vailable	Don't know		Totals
CSI	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	. ^
LAGCC	28%		71%	63	0%	. 0	1%	1	8
KBCC '	35%	41	62%	72	0%	0	3%	4	
Queens	28%	23	61%	50	2%	2	9%	7	11
	42%	72	54%	92	1%	2	3%		82
City	39%	47	54%	64	3%	3		5	171
QCC	43%	52	54%	65	1%		4%	5	119
Lehman	43%	30	54%	37	0%	1	2%	3	121
John Jay	48%	40	52%	44		0	3%	2	69
Hostos CC	45%	13	52%		0%	0	0%	0	84
Baruch	47%	55		15	3%	1	0%	0	29
Brooklyn	46%	67	50%	59	2%	2	1%	1	117
York	49%		50%	73	2%	3	3%	4	147
ВМСС		18	49%	18	3%	1	0%	0	37
Hunter	55%	88	44%	70	1%	2	0%	0	160
Medgar Evers	53%	104	43%	85	1%	2	3%	6	197
NYC Tech	55%	21	39%	15	0%	0	5%	2	.38
	65%	86	35%	46	0%	0	1%	1	
Schl Profl Studies	25%	4	31%	5	6%	1	38%		133
Bronx CC	69%	36	29%	15	2%	1		6	16
Totals	46%	822	50%	888	1%	21	0%	0	52
					1 70	21	3%	47	1778

Table 20 - Bathrooms

	Fai	ror	Goo	d or	Reso	urce		T	
College	Po	or	Exce	llent	Not Av	ailable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Baruch	26%	31	73%	85	1%	1	0%	0	117
Medgar Evers	37%	. 14	61%	23	0%	0	3%	1	38
CSI	39%	35	60%	53	0%	0	1%	1	89
ВМСС	39%	63	59%	.94	1%	2	1%	1	160
John Jay	43%	36	57%	47	0%	0	0%	0	83
KBCC	35%	28	56%	45	2%	2	7%	6	81
QCC	42%	51	55%	66	1%	1	2%	3	121
Brooklyn	43%	63	53%	77	1%	2	2%		
LAGCC	45%	52	51%	59	1%	1	3%	3	145
Queens	47%	80	51%	86	0%	0		4	116
City	47%	56	48%	58	2%	2	2%	4	170
Hostos CC	52%	15	48%	14	0%		3%	4	120
Lehman	54%	37	46%	32	0%	0	0%	0	29
Hunter	54%	107	44%	87	0%		0%	0	69
NYC Tech	60%	80	38%	51	0%	0	2%	4	198
York	63%	24				0	2%	2	133
Schl Profi Studies			34%	13	3%	1	0%	0	38
Bronx CC	25%	4	31%	5	6%	1	38%	6	16
	71%	36	27%	14	2%	1	0%	0	51
Totals	46%	812	51%	909	1%	14	2%	39	1774

Table 21 - Telephone Services

College	Poor	or Fair		od or ellent		ource			
	%					vailable	Don't	know	Totals
QCC .		N		N	%	N	%	N	N
Baruch	13%			67	14%	17	17%	20	120
CSI	23%	27	53%	61	8%	9	16%	19	116
	12%	. 11	47%	42	18%	16	22%	20	
Lehman	17%	12	46%	32	17%	12	19%		89
Bronx CC	. 29%	15	44%	23	15%	8		13	69
KBCC	15%	12	43%	35	15%		12%	6	52
Brooklyn	16%	24	42%	61		12	28%	23	82
Queens	17%	30			19%	28	23%	33	146
Hostos CC	31%		42%	72	12%	20	29%	51	173
John Jay		9	38%	11	24%	7	7%	2	29
York	30%	25	36%	30	19%	16	15%	13	84
City	32%	12	34%	13	18%	7	16%	6	38
	16%	19	34%	40	22%	26	28%	33	118
LAGCC	17%	20	34%	39	21%	24	28%	33	
ВМСС	34%	54	28%	44	14%	22	25%		116
NYC Tech	23%	30	26%	34	24%	31		40	160
Hunter	18%	36	26%	51			27%	35	130
Medgar Evers	44%				21%	41	35%	69	197
Schl Profi Studies		17	23%	9	13%	5	21%	8	39
	0%	0	19%	3	56%	9	25%	4	16
Totals	21%	369	38%	667	1.7%	310	24%	428	1774

Table 22 - Mail Service (access to mail, promptoness of delivery)

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

			Goo	od or	Reso	urce				
College	Poor	or Fair		ellent	Not Ava	ailable	Don't know		Totals	
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N	
QCC	9%	11	79%	95	2%	2	10%	12	120	
Lehman	12%	8	77%	53	0%	0	12%	8	69	
CSI	16%	14	74%	66	0%	.0	10%	9	89	
Baruch	21%	24	68%	. 80	3%	3	9%	10	117	
Brooklyn	14%	21	68%	100	2%	3	16%	23	147	
Bronx CC	19%	10	67%	35	2%	1	12%	6	52	
Queens	22%	37	65%	112	1%	2	12%	21	172	
John Jay	24%	20	65%	54	4%	3	7%	6	83	
КВСС	. 11%	9	65%	53	4%	3	21%	17	82	
Hostos CC	17%	5	62%	18	- 14%	4	7%	2	29	
City	13%	16	60%	71	7%	8	20%	24	119	
Hunter	19%	38	58%	115	6%	11	17%	33		
LAGCC	18%	21	57%	66	6%	7	19%		197	
York	26%	10	55%	21	8%			22	116	
вмсс	28%	45	54%	85		3	11%	4	38	
NYC Tech	30%	39			2%	3	16%	25	158	
Medgar Evers			49%	65	4%	5	17%	23	132	
Schl Profi Studies	33%	13	46%	18	3%	1	18%	7	39	
Och Fron Studies	19%	342	25%	4	44%	7	25%	4	16	

Table 23 - Photocopying

College	Poor	a. F.:		od or		ource	•		
- chage		or Fair		ellent	Not Av	/ailable	Don'	t know	Totals
Brooklyn	%	N	- "	N	%	N	%	N	N
CSI	26%	-		96	3%	5	5%	8	147
Baruch	29%			56	0%	0	8%	7	89
KBCC	33%	39	62%	73	1%	1	3%	4	117
QCC	20%	16	62%	51	4%	3	15%	12	82
	33%	40	62%	74	2%	2	3%	4	120
Queens	27%	47	61%	106	3%	5	9%	15	173
John Jay	33%	27	59%	49	2%	2	6%	5	83
Hostos CC	28%	8	59%	17	10%	3	3%	1	
York	37%	14	58%	22	5%	2	0%	o	29
BMCC	40%	64	57%	92	1%	2	2%		38
Bronx CC	40%	21	54%	28	4%	2		3	161
Hunter	37%	72	54%	106	2%		2%	1	52
Lehman	35%	24	54%	37		4	8%	15	197
NYC Tech	44%	58	51%		1%	1	10%	7	69
City	32%	39	47%	67	2%	3	3%	4	132
LAGCC	40%	46	STOLAR TO	57	6%	7	15%	18	121
Medgar Evers	64%		44%	51	4%	5	12%	14	116
Schl Profl Studies		25	28%	11	3%	1	5%	2	39
Totals	19%	3	25%	4	19%	3	38%	6	. 16
rotals	34%	607	56%	997	3%	51	7%	126	1781

Table 24 - Security

			Goo	d or	Reso	urce	•		
College	Poor	or Fair	Exce	llent	Not Av	ailable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Medgar Evers	15%	6	79%	31	0%	0	5%	2	39
Baruch	18%	21	77%	90	1%	1	4%	5	117
QCC	15%	18	76%	90	2%	2	7%	8	118
KBCC	10%	8	74%	61	2%	2	13%	11	82
ВМСС	20%	32	74%	118	1%	1	5%	8	159
CSI	21%	18	74%	64	0%	0	6%	5	87
John Jay	18%	15	73%	60	1%	1	7%	6	82
Brooklyn	21%	31	71%	105	1%	1	7%	10	147
NYC Tech	24%	31	71%	93	0%	0	5%	7	131
Hostos CC	24%	7	69%	20	3%	1	3%	1	29
York	26%	10	68%	26	3%	1	3%	1	38
Lehman	18%	12	68%	46	0%	0	15%	10	68
Queens	20%	35	65%	112	1%	2	14%	24	173
City	23%	27	64%	76	2%	2	12%	14	119
Bronx CC	31%	16	63%	33	0%	0	6%	3	52
LAGCC	28%	33	62%	72	0%	0	9%	11	116
Hunter .	28%	55	59%	115	2%.	4	11%	22	196
Schl Profl Studies	6%	1	31%	5	19%	3	44%	7	. 16
Totals	21%	376	69%	1217	1%	21	9%	155	1769

Table 25 - Bookstore

D			od or		ource			
			ellent	Not A	vailable	Don't	know	Totals
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
12%	14	75%	88	. 1%	1	12%	14	117
19%	28	59%	86	1%	1	21%		146
31%	26	57%	48	1%	1			
18%	21	56%	67	2%				84
31%	9	55%						119
22%								29
					,	23%	16	69
					4	24%	47	192
			41	4%	3	26%	21	81
		50%	80	4%	6	19%	30	160
25%	22	49%	44	0%	0	26%	23	89
23%	30	47%	61	2%	2	28%	37	130
24%	41	47%	81	2%	3	28%		173
21%	11	46%	24	0%	0			
19%	7	46%	17					52
28%	32							37
19%								116
					14	28%	33	118
					1	36%	14	39
				38%	6	31%	. 5	16
22%	394	51%	903	3%	46	24%	424	1767
	% 12% 19% 31% 18% 31% 22% 20% 28% 25% 23% 24% 21% 19%	% N 12% 14 19% 28 31% 26 18% 21 31% 9 22% 15 22% 42 20% 16 28% 44 25% 22 23% 30 24% 41 21% 11 19% 7 28% 32 19% 23 23% 9 25% 4	Poor or Fair Excel % N % 12% 14 75% 19% 28 59% 31% 26 57% 18% 21 56% 31% 9 55% 22% 15 55% 22% 42 52% 20% 16 51% 28% 44 50% 25% 22 49% 23% 30 47% 24% 41 47% 21% 11 46% 19% 7 46% 28% 32 42% 19% 23 41% 23% 9 38% 25% 4 6%	Poor or Fair Excellent % N % N 12% 14 75% 88 19% 28 59% 86 31% 26 57% 48 18% 21 56% 67 31% 9 55% 16 22% 15 55% 38 22% 42 52% 99 20% 16 51% 41 28% 44 50% 80 25% 22 49% 44 23% 30 47% 61 24% 41 47% 81 21% 11 46% 24 19% 7 46% 17 28% 32 42% 49 19% 23 41% 48 23% 9 38% 15 25% 4 6% 1	Poor or Fair Excellent Not Average % N % N % 12% 14 75% 88 1% 19% 28 59% 86 1% 31% 26 57% 48 1% 18% 21 56% 67 2% 31% 9 55% 16 0% 22% 15 55% 38 0% 22% 42 52% 99 2% 20% 16 51% 41 4% 28% 44 50% 80 4% 25% 22 49% 44 0% 23% 30 47% 61 2% 24% 41 47% 81 2% 21% 11 46% 24 0% 19% 7 46% 17 3% 28% 32 42% 49 1%	Poor or Fair Excellent Not Available % N % N % N 12% 14 75% 88 1% 1 19% 28 59% 86 1% 1 31% 26 57% 48 1% 1 18% 21 56% 67 2% 2 31% 9 55% 16 0% 0 22% 15 55% 38 0% 0 22% 42 52% 99 2% 4 20% 16 51% 41 4% 3 28% 44 50% 80 4% 6 25% 22 49% 44 0% 0 23% 30 47% 61 2% 2 24% 41 47% 81 2% 3 21% 11 46% 24 0% 0<	Poor or Fair Excellent Not Available Don't % N % N % N % 12% 14 75% 88 1% 1 12% 19% 28 59% 86 1% 1 21% 31% 26 57% 48 1% 1 11% 18% 21 56% 67 2% 2 24% 31% 9 55% 16 0% 0 14% 22% 15 55% 38 0% 0 23% 22% 42 52% 99 2% 4 24% 20% 16 51% 41 4% 3 26% 28% 44 50% 80 4% 6 19% 25% 22 49% 44 0% 0 26% 23% 30 47% 61 2% 2 28%	Poor or Fair Excellent Not Available Don't know % N % N % N 12% 14 75% 88 1% 1 12% 14 19% 28 59% 86 1% 1 21% 31 31% 26 57% 48 1% 1 11% 9 18% 21 56% 67 2% 2 24% 29 31% 9 55% 16 0% 0 14% 4 22% 15 55% 38 0% 0 23% 16 22% 42 52% 99 2% 4 24% 47 20% 16 51% 41 4% 3 26% 21 28% 44 50% 80 4% 6 19% 30 25% 22 49% 44 0% 0 26%

Table 26 - Cafeteria/Food Services

			Goo	d or	Res	ource			
College	Poor	or Fair	Exce	779	Not A	vailable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
KBCC	20%	. 16	46%	37	6%	5	28%	23	81
Lehman	32%	22	46%	31	0%	. 0	22%	15	68
CSI	27%	24	45%	40	0%	0	28%	25	89
QCC	26%	31	42%	50	2%	2	30%	35	118
Hostos CC	38%	11	41%	12	0%	0	21%	6	29
John Jay	30%	25	40%	33	1%	1	29%	24	83
Brooklyn	39%	57	38%	56	1%	2	21%	31	146
ВМСС	40%	65	38%	61	3%	5	19%	30	161
City	30%	36	35%	42	12%	14	23%	28	120
Baruch	32%	37	33%	39	1%	1	34%	40	117
Hunter	45%	87	30%	58	3%	5	23%	44	194
York	50%	19	29%	11	3%	1	18%	7	38
Queens	35%	59	29%	49	2%	3	35%	60	171
LAGCC	43%	49	27%	31	3%	3	27%	31	114
Bronx CC	40%	21	27%	14	2%	1	31%	16	52
NYC Tech	43%	56	26%	34	3%	4	28%	36	130
Medgar Evers	47%	18	21%	8	3%	1	29%	11	38
Schl Profl Studies	0%	0	0%	0	50%	8	50%	8	16
Totals	36%	633	34%	606	3%	56	27%	470	1765

Table 27 - Enforcement of Health and Safety Regulations
Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009,

City University of New York

				od or	Reso	ource			
College	Poor	or Fair	Exce	ellent	Not Av	railable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	· N	%	N	%	N	N
KBCC	20%	16	46%	37	6%	5	28%	23	81
Lehman	32%	22	46%	31	0%	0	22%	15	
CSI	27%	24	45%	40	0%	0	28%		. 68
QCC	26%	. 31	42%	50	2%	2		25	89
Hostos CC	38%	11	41%	12	0%		30%	35	118
John Jay	30%	25	40%	33	311	0	21%	6	29
Brooklyn	39%	57	38%		1%	1	29%	24	83
ВМСС	40%	65		56	1%	2	21%	. 31	146
City	30%		38%	61	3%	5	19%	30	161
Baruch		36	35%	42	12%	14	23%	28	120
Hunter	32%	37	33%	39	1%	1	34%	40	117
York	45%	87	30%	58	3%	5	23%	44	194
Queens	50%	19	29%	11	3%	1	18%	7	38
	35%	59	29%	49	2%	3	35%	60	171
LAGCC	43%	49	27%	31	3%	3	27%	31	114
Bronx CC	40%	21	27%	14	2%	1	31%	16	52
NYC Tech	43%	56	26%	34	3%	4	28%	36	130
Medgar Evers	47%	18	21%	8	3%	1	29%	11	38
Schl Profl Studies	0%	0	0%	0	50%		50%	8	
Totals	36%	633	34%	606	3%		27%	470	16

Table 28 - Faculty Development Activities

				Goo	d or	Reso	urce			
College		Poor	or Fair	Exce	llent	Not Ava	ailable	Don't	know	Totals
		%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Schl Profi Stu	dies	27%	4	60%	9	7%	1	7%	. 1	15
Bronx CC		19%	10	60%	31	2%	1	19%	10	52
QCC		19%	23	55%	66	3%	3	23%	27	119
Hostos CC		24%	7	55%	16	7%	2	14%	4	29
Baruch		32%	37	54%	63	1%	1	14%	16	117
KBCC		23%	18	53%	42	4%	3	21%	17	80
LAGCC		29%	34	51%	59	1%	1	19%	22	116
Lehman		23%	16	49%	34	1%	1	26%	18	69
John Jay		36%	30	45%	37	2%	2	17%	14	83
Brooklyn		29%	43	44%	64	2%	3	25%	36	146
York		32%	12	42%	16	5%	2	21%	8	38
NYC Tech		42%	55	41%	54	5%	6	12%	16	131
ВМСС		33%	53	40%	63	3%	5	24%	38	159
CSI		28%	25	39%	35	2%	2	30%	27	89
Hunter		36%	71	38%	75	4%	7	22%	42	195
Medgar Evers		37%	14	37%	14	8%	3	18%	7	38
City		31%	37	36%	43	6%	7	27%	32	119
Queens		25%	43	31%	53	5%	9	39%	66	171
	Totals	30%	532	44%	774	3%	59	23%	401	1766

Table 29 - Availability of Small Internal Grants

Part-Time Faculty, Ranked by College, Spring 2009, City University of New York

			God	od or	Res	ource			
College	Poor	or Fair		ellent		vailable	Don't	know	Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	N
Lehman	14%	10	33%	23	3%	2	49%	34	
Hostos CC	31%	9	28%	8		4	28%		69
KBCC	16%	13	26%	21	9%	7		8	29
CSI	22%	20	24%	21	6%		50%	41	82
Hunter	25%	49	22%			5	48%	43	89
QCC	21%	25	22%	44	6%	12	46%	91	196
ВМСС	28%			26	3%	4	53%	63	118
Bronx CC		44	22%	35	3%	5	47%	75	159
NYC Tech	27%	14	21%	11	6%	3	46%	24	52
Brooklyn	26%	34	20%	26	5%	7	49%	64	131
	26%	37	19%	28	3%	5	52%	75	145
Baruch	26%	30	19%	22	7%	8	48%	56	116
LAGCC	26%	30	18%	21	6%	7	50%	57	115
City	26%	31	17%	20	13%	15	45%	53	119
York	18%	7	16%	6	11%	4	55%	21	38
John Jay	33%	27	16%	13	5%	4	47%	39	
Queens	20%	34	12%	21	5%	9	63%		83
Medgar Evers	35%	13	8%	3	11%			107	171
Schl Profi Studies	0%	0 .	6%	1		4	46%	17	37
Totals	24%	427			25%	4	69%	11	16
iotals	2470	421	20%	350	6%	109	50%	879	1765

Table 30 - Satisfaction with Authority to Make Decisions About Content and Methods in Your Instruction

College	Ve Dissati Mile Dissat	sfied - dly	Neu	tral		Satisfied Satisfied	Don't	know			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
Lehman	1%	1	1%	1	96%	66	1%	1	6.4	0.9	69
Brooklyn	2%	3	3%	4	95%	140	0%	0	6.3	0.9	147
CSI	2%	2	3%	3	94%	83	0%	0	6.3	1.0	88
Queens	3%	5	3%	5	94%	163	0%	0	6.3	1.1	173
Schl Profi Studies	6%	1	0%	0	94%	15	0%	0	6.5	1.0	16
Baruch	5%	. 6	3%	3	92%	108	0%	0	6.2	1.2	117
QCC	3%	4	3%	4	92%	111	2%	2	6.3	1.1	121
John Jay	5%	4	4%	3	92%	76	0%	0	6.2	1.2	83
KBCC	5%	. 4	0%	0	91%	75	4%	3	6.3	1.2	82
City	3%	3	3%	4	91%	109	3%	4	6.4	1.1	120
Hunter	6%	11	5%	9	89%	177	1%	1	6.1	1.2	198
LAGCC '	4%	5	8%	9	87%	102	1%	1	6.0	1.2	117
Medgar Evers	3%	1	8%	3	86%	32	3%	1	5.9	1.3	37
Bronx CC	8%	4	6%	3	85%	44	2%	1	5.8	1.5	52
Hostos CC	14%	4	3%	1	83%	- 24	0%	0	5.8	1.7	29
ВМСС	6%	9	9%	14	83%	134	3%	5	5.9	1.3	162
NYC Tech	7%	9	11%	15	82%	109	0%	0	5.6	1.4	133
York	8%	3	16%	6	74%	28	3%	1	5.8	1.5	38
Totals	4%	79	5%	87	90%	1596	1%	20	6.1	1.2	1782

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 31 - Satisfaction with Authority to to Set Standards and Grading Policies

College	Dissa M Diss	Very atisfied - fildly atisfied	Ne	utral	Mildly - Very	Satisfied Satisfied	Don't	know			
Brooklyn	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	Totals
Lehman	1%	1	2%	3	97%	144	0%	0	6.4		N
Schl Profi Studies	3%	2	1%	1	96%	66	0%	0	6.4	.8	148
Queens	6%	1	0%	0	94%	15	0%	0	6.3	1.0	
John Jay	2%	4	4%	7	93%	161	1%	1	6.3	1.5	16
CSI	2%	2	5%	4	93%	77	0%		6.2	1.0	173
QCC	3%	3	4%	4	92%	82	0%	0		1.1	83
City	7%	.8	2%	2	91%	110	1%	1	6.2	1.2	89
KBCC	5%	6	2%	3	89%	108	3%	4	6.1	1.3	121
Baruch	5%	4	2%	2	89%	73	4%	3	6.3	1.3	121
Hunter	8%	. 9	3%	4	89%	104	0%	0	6.2	1.3	82
	7%	13	4%	8	88%	173	2%	3	6.0	1.3	117
Hostos CC	10%	3	3%	1	86%	25	0%	0	6.1	1.2	197
Medgar Evers York	3%	1	8%	3	86%	31	3%	1	5.7	1.5	29
	8%	3	5%	2	84%	32	3%	1	5.8	1.2	36
Bronx CC	13%	7	4%	2	81%	42	2%	1	5.8	1.5	38
LAGCC	9%	10	8%	9	79%	92	4%	5	5.5	1.6	52
BMCC	9%	14	10%	16	78%	126	4%		5.8	1.5	116
NYC Tech	8%	11	13%	17	77%	103	2%	6	5.7	1.4	162
Totals	6%	102	5%	88	88%	1564	2%	28	5.7 6.1	1.4	133

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 32 - Satisfaction with Class Size

College	Ve Dissat Mil Dissa	diy	Nei	utral		Satisfied Satisfied	Don't	know			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
Schl Profi Studies	6%	1 1	0%	0	94%	15	0%	0	6.3	1.3	16
Lehman	12%	8	1%	1	87%	60	0%	ol	5.8	1.4	69
KBCC	9%	. 7	6%	5	84%	69	1%	1	5.8	1.4	82
QCC	14%	17	3%	4	81%	98	2%	2	5.6	1.6	
York	11%	4	8%	3	79%	30	3%	1	5.6	1.5	121
Brooklyn	17%	25	3%	5	78%	116	1%	2	5.4	1.5	38 148
Hunter	18%	35	3%	6	78%	154	1%	2	5.4	1.6	197
CSI	16%	14	7%	6	77%	68	0%	0	5.3	1.8	88
Baruch	14%	16	9%	11	76%	89	1%	1	5.5	1.6	
City	13%	16	8%	10	76%	90	3%	3	5.5		117
NYC Tech	20%	27	8%	10	72%	96	0%	0	5.2	1.4	119
Queens	24%	41	4%	7	72%	124	1%	1	5.2	1.8	133
Medgar Evers	30%	11	3%	1	68%	25	0%		4.8	1.7	173
Bronx CC	21%	11	10%	5	67%	35	2%	1	5.0	1.8	. 37
LAGCC	26%	30	8%	9	66%	77	0%	0	4.8	1.6	52
Hostos CC	32%	9	7%	2	61%	1.7	0%	0		1.7	116
ВМСС	29%	47	10%	16	59%	96	2%		4.8	2.0	28
John Jay	28%	23	8%	7	59%	49	5%	3 4	4.7	1.9	162
Totals	19%	342	6%	108	74%	1308	1%	21	5.3	1.7	1779

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 33 - Satisfaction with Workload

College	Dissa M Dissa	/ery atisfied - ildly atisfied		eutral	Mildly - Very	Satisfied Satisfied	Don't	know			Totals
Schl Profi Studies	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
QCC	6%	1	0%	. 0	94%	15	0%	0	6.2	1.5	
KBCC	13%	16	2%	3	84%	102	0%	0	5.7		
Lehman	12%	10	2%	2	83%	. 67	2%	2		1.5	
	15%	10	3%	2	82%	56	0%		5.8	1.6	81
Baruch	11%	13	6%	7	82%	95	1%	0	5.8	1.6	68
CSI .	12%	11	7%	6	81%	72		1	5.6	1.4	116
Brooklyn	16%	23	5%	7	79%	117	0%	0	5.5	1.6	89
City	12%	14	8%	9	79%	93	1%	1	5.5	1.5	148
NYC Tech	13%	17	10%	13	77%		2%	2	5.6	1.5	118
York	13%	5	8%	3		102	1%	1	5.4	1.6	133
Queens	13%	22	11%		76%	29	3%	1	5.4	1.6	38
Medgar Evers	11%	4	14%		76%	132	0%	0	5.4	1.6	173
Hunter	18%	36		5	76%	28	0%	0	5.4	1.3	37
LAGCC .	19%	22	6%	12	76%	148	0%	0	5.2	1.6	196
Hostos CC	17%		8%	9	73%	. 85	0%	0	5.2	1.7	116
John Jay		5	10%	3	72%	21	0%	0	5.3	1.7	29
Bronx CC	16%	13	11%	9	72%	59	1%	1	5.3	1.6	82
BMCC	17%	9	12%	6	69%	36	2%	1	5.3	1.6	52
	18%	29	12%	19	69%	112	1%	2	5.1	1.7	
Totals	15%	260	8%	134	77%	1369	1%	12	5.4	1.6	162 1775

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satisfied, Satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 34 - Satisfaction with Salary

College	Ve Dissati Mil Dissat	sfied - dly	Neu	ıtral		Satisfied Satisfied	Don't i	(now			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	· N	%	N	M	SD	N
KBCC	15%	12	6%	5	78%	63	1%	1	5.4	1.6	81
Schl Profl Studies	25%	4	0%	0	75%	12	0%	ol	4.9	1.6	16
QCC	20%	24	5%	6	74%	90	1%	1	5.2	1.7	121
LAGCC	28%	33	6%	7	66%	77	0%	0	4.7	1.8	117
York	27%	10	5%	2	65%	24	3%	1	4.8	2.1	37
Lehman	29%	20	6%	4	65%	44	0%	0	4.5	2.1	68
Hostos CC	33%	9	4%	1	63%	17	0%	0	4.7	2.0	27
CSI	31%	28	9%	8	60%	53	.0%	0	4.5	2.0	89
NYC Tech	35%	47	6%	8	59%	78	0%	ol	4.4	1.9	133
Medgar Evers	39%	14	3%	1	58%	21	0%	ol	4.3	1.8	36
Brooklyn	34%	50	8%	12	58%	86	0%	0	4.4	1.9	148
Bronx CC	35%	18	8%	4	56%	29	2%	1	4.5	1.9	52
ВМСС	40%	64	6%	10	53%	84	1%	2	4.2	2.0	160
City	39%	47	8%	10	51%	61	1%	1	4.2	2.0	119
Queens	44%	75	6%	11	50%	86	0%	0	4.0	2.0	172
lohn Jay	34%	28	17%	14	48%	39	1%	1	4.2	1.9	82
Baruch	45%	53	7%	8	46%	54	2%	2	3.9	1.9	117
Hunter	46%	91	10%	19	44%	87	0%	0	3.8	1.9	197
Totals	35%	627	7%	130	57%	1005	1%	10	4.4	1.9	1772

^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 35 - Availability of Travel Funds to Attend Professional Meetings

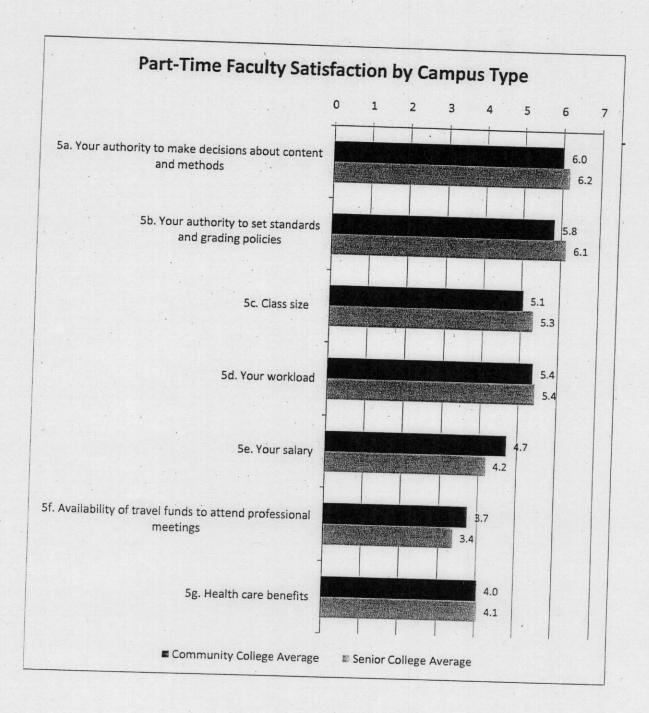
College	Dissat Mi	ery tisfied - Idly tisfied	Ne	utral		Satisfied Satisfied	Don't	know			
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		.,		Totals
Schl Profl Studies	7%	1	7%	1	0%	0		. N	М	SD	N
Bronx CC	13%	7	4%	2	15%	8	87%	13	7.3	2.0	15
CSI	14%	. 12	8%	7	13%		67%	35	6.7	2.1	52
York	16%	6	8%	3	11%	11	66%	58	6.5	2.4	88
Queens	20%	35	7%	12	8%	4	66%	25	6.4	2.5	38
QCC	13%	15	8%	9		13	65%	113	6.3	2.5	173
LAGCC	18%	21	13%	15	17%	20	63%	75	6.6	2.2	119
Brooklyn	21%	30	9%		11%	13	58%	67	6.1	2.5	116
KBCC	11%	9		13	13%	19	57%	83	6.1	2.5	145
Hostos CC	24%	7	11%	9	22%	18	56%	45	6.5	2.2	81
John Jay	30%		10%	3	10%	3	55%	16	5.8	2.8	29
_ehman		24	11%	9	5%	4	54%	44	5.6	2.8	81
Baruch	18%	12	12%	8	18%	12	53%	36	6.1	2.5	68
BMCC	22%	26	12%	14	14%	16	52%	61	5.8	2.6	117
City	26%	42	11%	18	12%	19	51%	81	5.7	2.6	160
Medgar Evers	25%	29	12%	14	14%	16	50%	59	5.8	2.6	118
NYC Tech	22%	8	11%	4	17%	6	50%	18	5.9	2.5	36
	28%	37	8%	10	14%	18	50%	65	5.7	2.7	130
Hunter	28%	54	13%	.26	11%	21	48%	94	5.5	2.7	195
Totals	21%	375	10%	177	13%	221	56%	988	6.0	2.6	1761

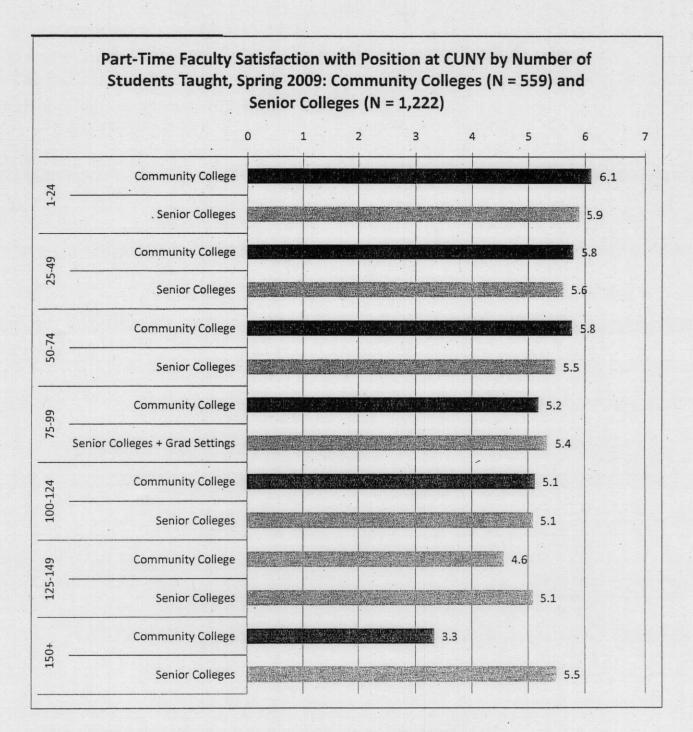
^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satisfied, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calculation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

Table 36 - Satisfaction with Health Care Benefits

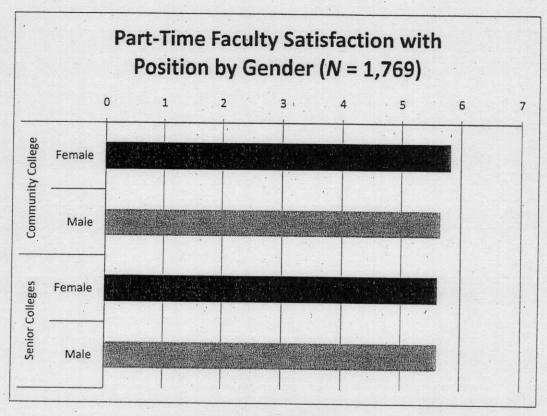
College	Dissat	dly	Neu	ıtral	Mildly S		Don't	know			Totals
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	М	SD	N
York	14%	5	5%	2	14%	5	68%	25	6.6	2.4	37
Schl Profl Studies	25%	4	6%	1	6%	1 1	63%	10	6.1	2.9	16
CSI	10%	9	12%	10	20%	17	58%	50	6.4	2.2	86
QCC	12%	14	9%	11	24%	28	55%	66	6.4	2.2	119
Brooklyn	17%	25	14%	21	14%	20	54%	79	6.0	2.5	145
KBCC	10%	8	15%	12	21%	17	54%	43	6.3	2.2	80
Queens	20%	. 33	8%	13	20%	34	53%	89	6.1	2.5	169
Medgar Evers	11%	. 4	17%	6	22%	8	50%	18	6.1	2.1	36
City	14%	17.	13%	15	24%	29	49%	58	6.0	2.4	119
Baruch	19%	22	11%	13	22%	25	48%	55	5.8	2.5	115
Lehman	15%	10	18%	12	22%	15	45%	30	5.9	2.4	67
Hunter	21%	40	13%	26	21%	41	45%	86	5.7	2.5	193
NYC Tech	16%	21	9%	11	32%	41	43%	55	6.1	2.2	128
LAGCC	23%	26	10%	12	24%	28	43%	49	5.7	2.5	115
ВМСС	23%	37	10%	16	26%	42	41%	66	5.6	2.5	161
John Jay	18%	15	12%	10	34%	28	36%	30	5.8	2.3	83
Hostos CC	32%	9	7%	2	29%	8	32%	9	5.1	2.7	28
Bronx CC	29%	15	13%	7	27%	14	31%	16	5.1	2.6	52
Totals	18%	314	11%	200	23%	401	48%	834	5.9	2.4	1749

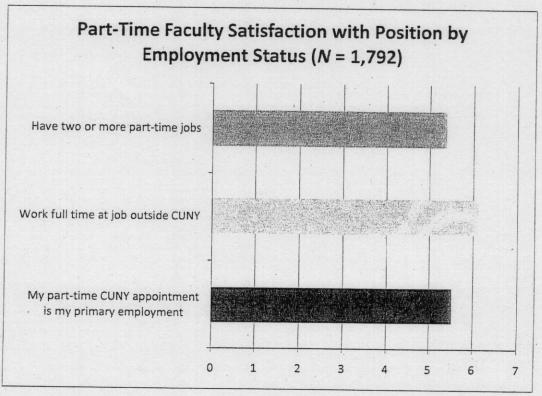
^{*} Higher scores (i.e., raw scores, means) indicate greater satisfaction. The means (M) and standard deviations (SD) are derived from respondents who chose one response (Very disatisfied, Disatisfied, Mildly disatisfied, Neither satisfied or disatisfied, Mildly satsfied, Satisifed, Very satisfied). Each response was valued from 1 (Very disatisfied) to 7 (Very satisfied) and were used in the calcuation of means and standard deviations. The percentage of respondents who answered otherwise (e.g., "Don't know" or "Not important to me," etc.) are presented but these responses are not utilized in deriving means and standard deviations. Therefore the sample size is smaller for these calculations.

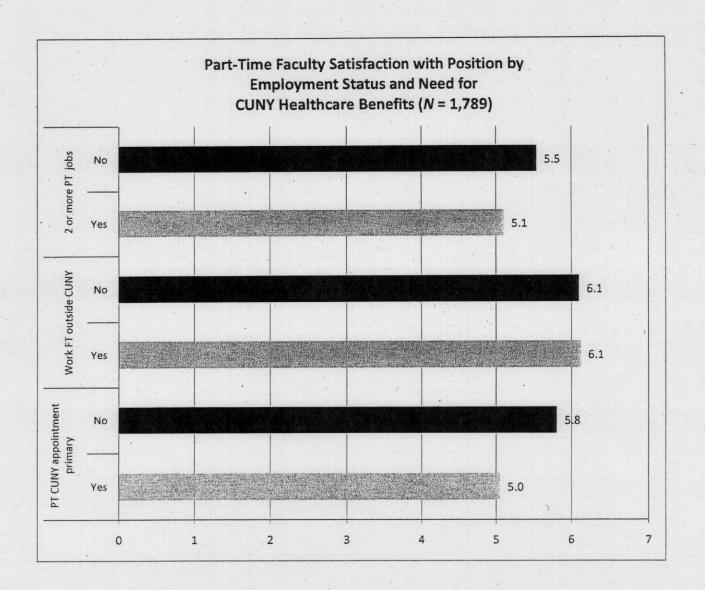


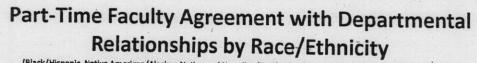


Note: Ratings for class sizes of 150+ are based on 3 individuals in community colleges and 14 in senior colleges.

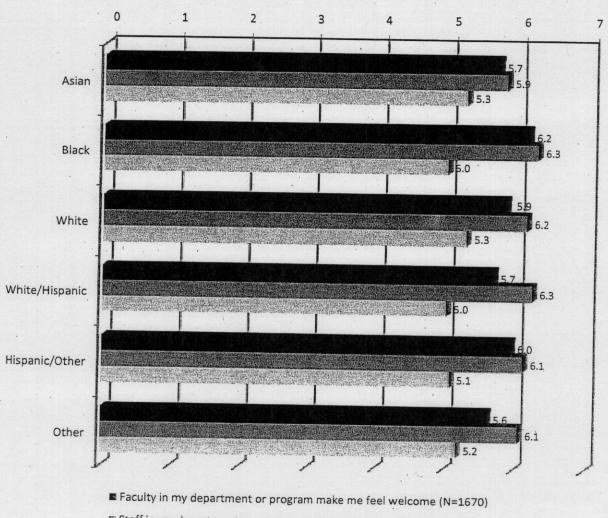








(Black/Hispanic, Native American/Alaskan Native and Hawaiian/Pacific Islander sample sizes are too small to present)



- Staff in my department or program make me feel welcome (N=1668)
- Have a voice in determining teaching assignments & schedule (N=1662)

APPENDIX O

JOHN JAY COLLEGE

Selected Survey Items and CUNY Comparisons

The University Faculty Senate of The City University of New York SPRING 2009



APPENDIX O

Selected Survey Items and CUNY Comparisons Part 1. Full-Time Faculty

Section 1. Your Campus: John Jay College

(In reporting results, totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.)

	CUNY	Survey N*	Return Rate %	% of Al
•	512	195	38.1%	7.7
Baruch	410	152	37.1%	6.0
BMCC		111	40.5%	4.4
Bronx CC	274			
Brooklyn	533	208	39.0%	8.2
City	572	201	35.1%	7.9
CSI	351	119	33.9%	4.7
CUNY Law	43	16	37.2%	.6
Graduate Center	156	58	37.2%	2.3
Hostos CC	172	53	30.8%	2.1
Hunter	680	274	40.3%	10.8
John Jay	422	125	29.6%	4.9
KBCC	311	105	33.8%	4.1
LAGCC	300	124	41.3%	4.9
Lehman	369	114	30.9%	4.5
Medgar Evers	192	61	31.8%	2.4
NYC Tech	402	142	35.3%	5.6
Queens	624	236	37.8%	9.3
QBCC .	309	149	48.2%	5.9
School of Journalism	20	5	25%	.2
School of Professional Studies	2	2	100%	.1
York	208	96	46.2%	3.8
Totals	6862	2546	37.1%	
Partial Complete/Non-Consents	173	,		
IRB Refusals				
Average Postcard Returned: All Waves	249			
Adjusted Total	6613	38.5%		

^{*} The final full-time faculty sample was reduced to 2,542 respondents. Four respondents were identified as non-faculty.

Section 2. Facilities, Programs and Resources

In terms of your own use or access, how would you rate each of the following facilities, programs, or resources at your college during the Spring of 2009?	CUNY: Good-Excellent	John Jay: Good-Excellent	H Comparison with % CUNY: Good-Excellent
2a. Office space	57.0	% 54.8	-2.2
2b. Office computers including available software			
& Internet connections	65.8	62.9	-2.9
2c. Tech support for computer-related activities	58.5	59.7	1.2
2d. Library holdings: printed books and journals	43.4	46.8	3.4
2e. Library holdings: electronic resources	60.9	69.9	9.0
2f. Computer labs and "smart" classrooms	42.6	51.6	9.0
2g. Access to your office/lab after hours & on weekends	74.4	80.6	6.2
2h. Off-campus access to your campus email	80.3	91.1	10.8
2i. Physical plant conditions (including escalators, elevators, classrooms, common areas)	29.5	28.2	-1.3
2j. Bathrooms	31.7	37.1	5.4
2k.Laboratory/research space & supplies	18.5	11.6	-6.9
2l. Basic research equipment	19.7	15.8	-3.9

Section 3. Services, Functions and Grant Support

In terms of your own experiences, how would you rate each of the following at your college during the Spring of 2009?	CUNY: Good-Excellent	John Jay: Good-Excellent	Comparison with CUNY: Good-Excellent
	%	%	±%
3a. Telephone service (including voice mail)	74.8	74.2	6
3b. Mail service (access to mail, promptness of delivery)	70.1	78.2	8.1
3c. Photocopying	57.3	58.1	.8
3d. Security	68.2	66.1	-2.1
3e. Bookstore	42.9	50.0	7.1
3f. Cafeteria/Food services	28.3	33.1	4.8
3g. Enforcement of health and safety regulations	40.3	36.3	-4.0
3h. Faculty development activities	51.3	46.8	-4.5
3i. Availability of small internal grants	53.3	58.9	5.6
3j. Help with grant applications at your college	48.6	63.7	15.1
3k. Administration of outside grants by CUNY	24.8	28.2	3.4

Note: Except for Section 6, campus comparisons that are 1% or more below the CUNY average appear in **bold**. Campus comparisons that are more than 5% below the CUNY average appear in **bold** with an asterisk.

Section 4. Elements of Job Satisfaction

How satisfied are you with each of the following?	CUNY: Satisfied	John Jay: Satisfied	Comparison with CUNY: Satisfied
	%	%	生%
4a. Your authority to make decisions about content & methods in your instruction	91.2	94.4	3.2
4b. Your authority to set standards and grading policies	88.1	90.2	2.1
4c. Class size	64.9	62.6	-2.3
4d. Family leave	31.5	22.1	-9.4 *
4e. Your workload	48.4	39.5	-8.9 *
4f. Your salary	48.8	57.7	8.9
4g. Availability of travel funds to attend professional meetings	30.6	50.8	20.2
4h. Health care benefits	58.4	61.0	2.6
4i. Institutional recognition of technology- based instructional activities	20 F	25.0	-5.5 *
(e.g., in terms of tenure and promotion)	30.5		-5.5
4j. Availability of sabbaticals4k. Availability of reassigned time for research	42.7 39.3	37.9 34.7	-4.8 -4.6

Section 5. Satisfaction with College Culture

How satisfied are you with each of the following aspects of your college's culture?	CUNY: Satisfied	John Jay: Satisfied	Comparison with CUNY: Satisfied
	%	%	±%
5a. Faculty influence on college policies	43.5	58.1	14.6
5b. Faculty influence on the direction and development of curriculum	66.5	69.4	2.9
5c. Faculty influence on hiring new faculty	65.1	72.6	7.5
5d. Faculty influence on hiring top level administrators	23.9	43.5	19.6
5e. Support by administration for faculty decisions on academic integrity (cheating, plagiarism, and	54.8	53.2	-1.6
5f. Level of respect shown to faculty by college President	60.4	77.4	17.0
5g. Level of respect shown to faculty by college Provost/Chief Academic Officer	57.3	77.4	20.1
5h. Administrative support for intellectual life	50.0	61.2	11.2
5i. Administrative support for free expression of ideas	54.2	67.5	13.3
5j. Transparency of budget allocations (lines and other funds) within the college	27.1	29.3	2.2

Section 6. Attitudes Toward CUNY-Wide Initiatives

What do you think about some existing and possible major CUNY-wide initiatives and policy changes?	CUNY: Opposed	CUNY: Ambivalent	CUNY: Support in principle but have reservations about implementation	CUNY: Support in principle & as implemented	CUNY: Don't Know/ Haven't thought about it
	%	%	%	%	%
6a. Raising of admission standards	7.5	13.7	36.9	35.8	6.1
6b. CUNY Proficiency Exam (CPE)	8.4	15.8	25.1	25.9	24.8
6c. Centralization of Blackboard	24.2	19.3	20.7	17.3	18.5
6d. CUNY-wide McCauley Honors College	6.5	15.8	17.4	25.2	35.2
6e. Centralized on-line bachelor's degree	33.7	19.0	12.5	7.9	26.8
6f. Proposed equivalency of courses across all colleges	18.6	14.2	32.5	17.7	17.0
6g. Possible further integration of the colleges into a single CUNY university	36.0	16.9	18.3	8.1	20.7
6h. Possible creation of an additional community college	20.1	19.5	22.6	15.1	22.7

John Jay: Opposed	John Jay: Ambivalent	John Jay. Support in principle - have reservations about implementation	John Jay: Support in principle & as implemented	John Jay: Don't Know/ Haven't thought about it
%	%	%	%	%
3.3	13.1	36.9	43.4	3.3
3.3	17.4	26.4	31.4	21.5
18.9	23.8	17.2	18.0	22.1
4.1	16.5	20.7	19.0	39.7
33.3	23.3	10.8	5.8	26.7
9.1	15.7	37.2	17.4	20.7
26.4	24.0	16.5	10.7	22.3
15.6	26.2	22.1	16.4	19.7

Section 7. Opinions About New CUNY Initiatves:
In Principle and Implementation at Your College

How do you feel about new initiatives with respect to teaching - first, in principle, and secondly, how each has been implemented at your college?	% CUNY: In Favor	% John Jay: In Favor	+ Comparison with % CUNY: In Favor
IN PRINCIPLE			
7a. Revision of core curriculum	63.1	76.4	13.3
7b. Writing across the curriculum	76.8	84.3	7.5
7c. Use of technology for teaching and learning	85.4	86.1	0.7
7d. Offer courses partially online ("blended learning")	57.9	49.6	-8.3 *
7e. Offer courses fully online	34.5	38.2	3.7
IMPLEMENTATION AT YOUR COLLEGE			
7f. Revision of core curriculum	47.0	54.5	7.5
7g. Writing across the curriculum	57.2	62.6	5.4
7h. Use of technology for teaching and learning	65.2	63.9	-1.3
7i. Offer courses partially online ("blended learning")	34.9	28.7	-6.2 *
7j. Offer courses fully online	20.9	20.7	-0.2

Section 8. Department or Program Decision-Making

How much do you agree to disagree with the following statements about the decision-making process within your primary department or program?	CUNY: Agree	John Jay: Agree	Comparison with CUNY: Agree
program:	%	%	±%
8a. I feel like a full and equal participant in the problem- solving and decision-making process	67.1	71.8	4.7
8b. I have a voice in how resources are allocated	49.6	58.1	8.5
8c. Meetings allow for all participants to share their views	75.2	79.8	4.6
8d. Committee assignments are shared fairly to allow participation of all full-time faculty	64.2	64.5	.3
8e. My department or program or campus is working to help me improve the quality of my teaching	59.7	61.3	1.6

Section 9. Recruiting for Diversity and Climate for Women Faculty and Faculty of Color

With respect to CUNY's recritment of and institutional environment for women faculty and faculty of color, how much would you agree or disagree with the following statements about your primary department or program?	CUNY: Agree	John Jay: Agree	Comparison with CUNY: Agree
primary department of program.	%	%	. ±%
9a. My department actively recruits women faculty	72.0	77.4	5.4
9b. My department actively recruits faculty of color	66.5	74.2	7.7
9c. My department takes steps to enhance the climate for women faculty	58.5	59.7	1.2
9d. My department takes steps to enhance the climate for faculty of color	53.8	58.9	5.1

Section 10. Satisfaction with your CUNY Career and its Progression

How satisfied are you, in general, with:	% CUNY; Satisfied	% John Jay: Satisfied	H Comparison with % CUNY: Satisfied
10a. Your position at CUNY?	81.4	84.7	3.3
10b. The way your career has progressed at CUNY?	77.5	78.2	.7

Selected Survey Items and CUNY Comparisons Part 2. Part-Time Faculty

Section 1. Your Campus: John Jay College

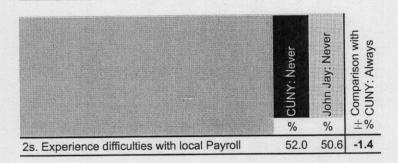
(In reporting results, totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.)

1. Which is your college, the one where you spent most of your time during the Spring of 2009?

	CUNY	Survey N	Unadjusted Response Rate %	% of Total Rs
Baruch	470	125	26.6%	6.4
BMCC	835	169	20.2%	8.7
Bronx CC	313	53	16.9%	2.7
Brooklyn	714	157	22.0%	8.1
City	777	140	18.0%	7.2
CSI	514	99	19.3%	5.1
CUNY Law	11	3	27.3%	.2
Graduate Center	19	6	31.6%	.3
Hostos CC	154	30	19.5%	1.5
Hunter ·	926	212	22.9%	10.9
John Jay	540	88	16.3%	4.5
KBCC	459	90	19.6%	4.6
LAGCC	585	124	21.2%	6.4
Lehman	481	82	17.0%	4.2
Medgar Evers	228	43	18.9%	2.2
NYC Tech	607	146	24.1%	7.5
Queens	773	189	24.5%	9.7
QCC	496	127	25.6%	6.5
School of Journalism	11	5	45.5%	.3
School of Professional Studies	77	17	22.1%	.9
York	292	43	14.7%	2.2
Totals	9282	1948	21.0%	
Non-Consent IRB Refusals	136			
Average Postcard Returned: All Waves	283			and the second second second second
Adjusted	8999		21.6%	

Section 2. Selected Work Conditions

	CUNY: Always	John Jay: Always	Comparison with CUNY: Always	
	%	%	±%	
2q. Timely Notification of Reappointment	50.3	41.7	-8.6	*
2r. Receive Schedule for Next Term in prior term	40.6	36.9	-3.7	



Section 3. Facilities, Programs and Resources

In terms of your own use or access, how would you rate each of the following facilities, programs, or resources at your college during the Spring of 2009?	CUNY: Good-Excellent	% Good-Excellent	Comparison with + CUNY: Good- Excellent
3a. Office space	28.9	26.2	-2.7
3b. Office computers including available software & Internet connections	40.1	45.8	5.7
3c. Tech support for computer-related activities	49.3	59.0	9.7
3d. Library holdings: printed books and journals	52.7	61.4	8.7
3e. Library holdings: electronic resources	51.1	64.3	13.2
3f. Computer labs and "smart" classrooms	45.3	54.2	8.9
3g. Access to your office/lab after hours & on weekends	46.1	56.6	10.5
3h. Off-campus access to your campus email	71.1	81.3	10.2
3i. Physical plant conditions (including escalators, elevators, classrooms, common areas)	49.7	52.4	2.7
3j. Bathrooms	50.9	56.6	5.7

Section 4. Services, Functions and Grant Support

In terms of your own experiences, how would you rate each of the following at your college during the Spring of 2009?	CUNY: Good-Excellent	John Jay: Good-Excellent	Comparison with CUNY: Good-Excellent
AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SER	%	%	±%
4a. Telephone service (including voice mail)	37.4	35.7	-1.7
4b. Mail service (access to mail, promptness of delivery)	62.3	65.1	2.8
4c. Photocopying	55.9	59.0	3.1
4d. Security	68.8	73.2	4.4
4e. Bookstore	50.8	57.1	6.3
4f. Cafeteria/Food services	34.2	39.8	5.6
4g. Enforcement of health and safety regulations	42.5	39.8	-2.7
4h. Faculty development activities	43.8	44.6	.8
4i. Availability of small internal grants (e.g., PSC-CUNY or grants for part-time faculty)	19.8	15.7	-4.1

Section 5. Elements of Job Satisfaction

	CUNY: Satisfied	John Jay: Satisfied	Comparison with CUNY: Satisfied	
How satisfied are you with each of the following?	%	%	±%	
5a. Your authority to make decisions about content & methods in your instruction	89.5	91.6	2.1	
5b. Your authority to set standards and grading policies	87.8	92.8	5.0	
5c. Class size	73.5	59.0	-14.5	*
5d. Your workload	77.2	72.0	-5.2	*
5e. Your salary	56.9	47.6	-9.3	*
5f. Availability of travel funds to attend professional meetings	12.5	4.9	-7.6	*
5g. Health care benefits	22.8	33.7	10.9	

ATTACHMENT B-1

Vision Statement by Provost Jane Bowers

John Jay @ 50

John Jay @ 50 will be, as it has always been, a college dedicated to educating for justice. When founded in 1964, John Jay College of Criminal Justice brought to life the novel and inspired idea that police officers could most fully realize their potential to contribute to the social good if they were educated in the liberal arts and sciences at an institution of higher education dedicated to influencing their actions by opening their minds. Three core principles informed that vision, define our identity, and distinguish us from other colleges. First and foremost, John Jay faculty, staff, students, and community partners share a commitment to ethical conduct, social justice, and the public good that daily influences our decision-making, informs our teaching and learning, and sustains us as a community. Second, the John Jay College curriculum integrates the liberal arts and sciences and professional education, promoting collaboration across disciplines to solve problems and create knowledge from an interdisciplinary perspective. Third, members of the John Jay community link theory and practice, intentionally building bridges between the world of the intellect and imagination and the world of practice.

Over the decades since its founding, John Jay College has moved beyond its beginnings as a "college for cops" while keeping faith with its founding principles. These principles have supported us and provided continuity in the past five years as the College has undergone a remarkable transformation. We have changed the profile of our students by phasing out associate degree admissions and raising baccalaureate admissions standards, changed our academic profile by reintroducing liberal arts majors, and changed our faculty profile by hiring over one hundred new faculty to support the new majors, bring new energy to the curriculum, and advance research and scholarship. As we look toward our fiftieth birthday, we honor the college we are, as we design the college we wish to become. Our transformation is not finished; we commit to continuing to pursue innovation and to following a program of continuous self-assessment and improvement in order to best achieve our goals and best prepare our institution to meet the challenges of the coming years. Specifically, we aspire to increasing excellence in five overlapping and interdependent domains: student success, teaching, research, strategic partnerships, and institutional effectiveness.

In the past we interpreted our mission as the transmission of knowledge to promote justice and focused our attention on delivering instruction and measuring our students' mastery of subject matter. This model of education will no longer serve. To produce graduates with the flexibility, creativity, competence, and self-confidence to be successful in the twenty-first century, we must shift our focus from transmitting knowledge to producing learning, from delivering instruction to empowering students to become co-producers of knowledge, and from counting credit hours to assessing student learning. We must provide the best possible learning environment for our students, public school graduates who reflect the diversity of our city and who commute daily to the college from its boroughs and surrounding communities. We will

ATTACHMENT B-1 - p. 2

evaluate our effectiveness as an institution by the extent to which we have given these students, our graduates, the tools they need to become lifelong learners. To accomplish this shift in focus, we must become a community in which each and every member is dedicated to the goal of student learning. To create such a community, we must cross the borders and dissolve the boundaries that often fragment academic institutions and impede change.

One such border is the invisible but powerful line that is sometimes drawn between teaching and research. We will erase that line by creating an environment in which the teacher/scholar can flourish. We will recruit, support and reward faculty who aspire to excellence in teaching; who are active and productive scholars engaged in research; who value the participation of students, including undergraduates, in their research; who create assignments and adopt pedagogies that encourage students to discover and construct knowledge for themselves; who connect students to academic and professional circles; and who model how to be lifelong learners and how to subject ideas to the rigorous scrutiny of peers.

Graduates of John Jay College @ 50 will be expected to move beyond the single academic discipline in which they majored to solve problems from an interdisciplinary perspective, most often as part of a team. We cannot develop such graduates unless we become an institution that supports interdisciplinary inquiry and expects collaboration across organizational domains. Building on our history of cross-disciplinary scholarship and interdisciplinary pedagogy, we will create structures for and shift resources toward projects and programs that are crossdisciplinary and trans-institutional. We will increase collaboration among academic disciplines and between the strictly academic activities of the College and its other functions. In particular, we will take a holistic approach to student success, working not only to help students achieve their specific academic goals, but also to promote their personal and social development and maturation. We understand that students learn best when they are supported as they meet their life challenges and when they are provided with a healthy environment free of nonacademic impediments to learning. Making this possible will require the cooperation of many people who do not usually think of themselves as colleagues -- front-line staff and distinguished professors, registrars and researchers, technicians and tutors. We will all play a role in student learning and success - and the more successful our graduates, the greater our impact on the world.

We also want to have a strong and positive impact on the world directly, by becoming an institution of consequence, which means transforming the College into an incubator for ideas that change people's thinking and enhance the public good. Achieving this means taking a new approach to partnerships, one that rejects the characterization of the rest of the world as external to the core business of the college. It means having professionals--community organizers and advocates, cultural, civic, and business leaders, and our alumni--join the members of the College community as philanthropic partners and active participants in producing knowledge. It means having students move outside the classroom to engage the

ATTACHMENT B-1 - p. 3

world directly. We will blur the distinction between inside and outside and harness the intellectual power of these mutually enriching spheres of knowledge and action to design and initiate strategies for improving individual lives and remedying social problems not just in New York City, but around the world. John Jay @ 50 will translate ideas into social justice and action on a global scale.

To make sure we are successful, we will create a culture of continuous self-assessment and improvement. We will gather data about the extent to which our actions and programs produce student learning, and we will provide regular, public, transparent, and useful feedback on institutional performance to our community. Positive impact on student learning will be the yardstick by which we measure institutional effectiveness. Having the data in hand, we will hold all members of our community, including students, accountable for learning.

These data on student learning will inform strategic decisions about academic direction and programmatic and institutional investments. We will have the courage of our convictions, and the willingness to make hard decisions and stand firmly behind them. Student success is the touchstone that will guide the College's financial planning and budget processes, our space planning, and our academic, managerial, and enrollment decision-making going forward.

To be sure, there will be challenges ahead, especially in gathering the means necessary to realize our visionary ends. To meet this challenge, we commit to increasing the resources of the College by developing new streams of revenue, increasing our efficiency and effectiveness, and linking our institutional strengths with community and university needs and priorities. Most importantly, we commit to aligning our resources with our priorities so that our assets support student learning and success.

The accomplishments of the past five years have shown us that we are capable of great change and that the institutional center holds as structures, processes, and people are transformed. We count on the strength of our commitment to learning, the energy and spirit of our colleagues, and the firm foundation on which we stand as we look forward to the half-century mark—John Jay @ 50.

ATTACHMENT B-2

Proposed Revision of the Provost's Vision Statement by Professors Ned Benton, Allison Kavey, and Tom Litwack (with contributions from Professors Marny Tabb and Karen Kaplowitz) John Jay @ 50

In 1964, John Jay College of Criminal Justice was founded upon the idea that police officers could most fully realize their potential to contribute to the social good if they were educated in the liberal arts and sciences at an institution of higher education. Three core principles informed that vision and continue to define our identity: a commitment to ethical conduct, social justice, and the public good; integration of the liberal arts and sciences and education for professional careers; and a commitment to link theory and practice.

These principles have continued to inspire and support us during the past five years as the College has undergone a remarkable transformation. We have changed the profile of our students by phasing out associate degree admissions and raising baccalaureate admissions standards, changed our academic profile by reintroducing liberal arts majors, and changed our faculty profile by hiring over one hundred new faculty members to support the new majors, bring new energy to the curriculum, and further advance research and scholarship.

As we look toward our fiftieth birthday, we honor the college we are as we design the college we wish to become. Our transformation is not finished; we commit to pursuing innovation linked with a program of continuous self-assessment in order to best achieve our goals and prepare our institution to meet new challenges. Specifically, we aspire to increasing excellence in five overlapping and interdependent domains: student success, teaching, research and scholarship, strategic partnerships, and institutional effectiveness. In doing so, we will further build and support our exciting and often unique liberal arts and science programs, while maintaining our commitment to be the preeminent national and international leader in education and scholarship in criminal justice and related areas of public safety and public service.

Student Success

To produce graduates with the flexibility, creativity, competence, and self-confidence to be successful in our society, we must enhance our focus on encouraging and producing learning, empower students to become co-producers of knowledge, and continually assess student achievement.

Educating students to attain the knowledge foundation, flexibility, competence, and self-confidence required for success in the twenty-first century requires a renewed focus on how we evaluate the ways we teach. We must enhance our focus on evaluating how our curriculum

ATTACHMENT B-2 - p. 2

meshes with students' interests and needs, emphasize students' responsibilities inside and outside the classroom, and maximize their opportunities to [function as] be both learners and co-producers of knowledge.

Teaching

We must provide the best possible learning environment for our students, who have busy and demanding lives and who are, for the most part, public school graduates whose backgrounds reflect the diversity of our city. We will evaluate our effectiveness as an institution by the extent to which we have given these students, our graduates, the tools they need to become lifelong learners.

Graduates of John Jay College @ 50 will be expected to move beyond the single academic discipline in which they majored to solve problems using a variety of analytical tools. These tools are derived from all of the academic disciplines, so the College must continue to teach and support both disciplinary and interdisciplinary analytical inquiry and encourage cooperation in problem-solving. As a result, we will emphasize effective teaching of analytical skills throughout the curriculum and encourage faculty to reinforce the universal efficacy of reading, writing, and analytical thinking for life after college.

Research and Scholarship

This college will only be as successful as its faculty, and our commitment to faculty research productivity will enhance the college's standing across the academic disciplines. Furthermore, we promote success in teaching by creating an environment in which the teacher/scholar can flourish. We will continue to recruit, support and reward faculty who aspire to excellence in teaching and who are active and productive scholars. We will continue to support faculty research through faculty development programs, and we will also expand our support for faculty research that includes undergraduates as research partners and introduces students to academic and professional opportunities within their fields. Good teachers who are also successful researchers are role models for our students, as they are lifelong learners who manifest the benefits of lifelong learning and who continually subject their thought to self reflection and the scrutiny of their peers.

Strategic Partnerships

John Jay College should be an incubator for innovative ideas that will enhance the public good. Achieving this means taking a new approach to partnerships, one that rejects the characterization of the rest of the world as external to the core business of the college. It

ATTACHMENT B-2 - p. 3

means having professionals--community organizers and advocates, cultural, civic, and business leaders, and our alumni--join the members of the College community as philanthropic partners and active participants in producing knowledge. It means having students move outside the classroom to engage the world directly. We will harness the intellectual power of these mutually enriching spheres of knowledge and action to design and initiate strategies for improving individual lives and remedying social problems. John Jay @ 50 will aim to_translate ideas into social justice and action on a global scale.

Institutional Effectiveness

We will provide regular, public, transparent, and useful feedback on institutional performance to our community. To make sure we are effective as a college, we will create a culture of continuous self-assessment and improvement. We will gather data about the performance of our actions and programs, and the extent to which our actions and programs produce student learning. Positive impact on student learning will be the primary yardstick by which we measure institutional effectiveness. Having the data in hand, we will hold all members of our community, including students, accountable for learning.

These data on student learning will inform strategic decisions about academic direction and programmatic and institutional investments. We will have the courage of our convictions, and the willingness to make hard decisions and stand firmly behind them. Student success is the touchstone that will guide the College's financial planning and budget processes, our space planning, and our academic, managerial, and enrollment decision-making going forward.

To be sure, there will be challenges ahead, especially in gathering the means necessary to realize our visionary ends. To meet this challenge, we commit to increasing the resources of the College by developing new streams of revenue, increasing our efficiency and effectiveness, and linking our institutional strengths with community and university needs and priorities. Most importantly, we commit to aligning our resources with our priorities so that our assets best support student learning and success.

ATTACHMENT C

To: The Faculty Senate

From: Janice Dunham, Sealy Library

At one time John Jay College required the APA citation style for all classes. Indeed, I believe officially it still does. Many years ago, in the 1980s, the College Council approved a proposal from the Curriculum Committee requiring all faculty (except Science) to teach and require the APA citation method.

With the advent of our new majors and many new faculty members, various citation formats have come into use. Students come to the library all the time with questions about the various styles of documentation, even though the Sealy Library's brief APA Guide is still one of the most accessed items on our website.

I think the rationale for one approved style still exists: students will not have to learn more than one style as they travel from course to course and discipline to discipline and they may therefore be free to gain a better appreciation of why we cite and how citation functions as academic communication and language. The present situation is unclear to us in the Library and, as I understand it, to the Writing Center, and certainly to students and faculty, some of whom believe there is a College standard and many of whom use or endorse whatever citation formats they know and like.

It may or may not be relevant that many databases, including the CUNY-supplied RefWorks, now include citations within their offerings. Our library experience is that there are sometimes errors and extraneous material in these automatic citators, so the fact that they exist does not obviate the need for knowing scholarly citation format.

I think it would be very beneficial to all of us at John Jay to get some clear idea on this issue. Undoubtedly there are other aspects I haven't mentioned.

I would like to see a thoughtful exchange of ideas and some solution endorsed or adopted College-wide. I do not necessarily endorse the APA method, which the Library has supported so long – there might be two approved formats, for instance – but the present situation gets more and more chaotic and is a disservice to our students.

Vice President for Enrollment Management

Period	Begin	End
1 st	8:15 AM	9:30 AM
2nd	9:40 AM	10:55 AM
3rd	11:05 AM	12:20 PM
4 th	12:30 PM	1:45 PM
5 th	1:55 AM	2:55 PM
Free time	E Free time	Free time
6 th	3:35 PM	4:50 PM
7 th	5:00 PM	6:15 PM
8 th	6:25 PM	7:40 PM
9th	7:50 PM	9:05 PM

There is an error in the "Current Schedule" grid to the left. 5th period ends at 3:10 PM, not at 2:55 PM. Thus, currently, the free period is 25 minutes, not 40 minutes. KK.

Please Note:

Free time from 2:55 PM-3:35 PM - 40 minutes Proposal 1 - Same Schedule All Days - Begin at 8:00 AM

Period	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesd Thursday Friday	Thursday	Friday
1st	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM
2 nd	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AM
3 rd	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM
4 th	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM
5 th	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM
Free time	2:55-4:05	2:55-4:05	2:55-4:05	2:55-4:05	2:55-4:05
	PM	PM	PΜ	PM	PM
6 th	4:05 PM	4:05 PM	4:05 PM	4:05 PM	4:05 PM
7 th	5:30 PM	5:30 PM	5:30 PM	5:30 PM	5:30 PM
8 th	6:55 PM	6:55 PM	6:55 PM	6:55 PM	6:55 PM
oth 9	8:15 PM	8:15 PM	8:15 PM	8:15 PM	8:15 PM

Community hour five days a week for an hour and 10 minutes beginning at 2:55 and ending at 4:05. 7th period would begin at 5:30PM. Classes begin at 8:00 AM five days a week

Proposal 1.A - Later start time for 6th period

Period	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesd	Wednesd Thursday Friday	Friday
			ay		
1st	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM
2 nd	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AM	9:25 AW
3rd	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM
4 th	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM	12:15 PM
5 th	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM	1:40 PM
Free time	2:55-4:15	2:55-4:15	2:55-4:15	2:55-4:15	2:55-4:15
	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM
6 th	4:15 PM	4:15 PM	4:15 PM	4:15 PM	4:15 PM
7 th	5:40 PM	5:40 PM	5:40 PM	5:40 PM	5:40 PM
8th	7:05 PM	7:05 PM	7:05 PM	7:05 PM	7:05 PM
oth	8:25 PM	8:25 PM	8:25 PM	8:25 PM	8:25 PM

Community hour five days a week for an hour and 20 minutes beginning at 2:55 and ending at 4:15. 7th period would begin at 5:40PM. Classes begin at 8:00 AM five days a week

Proposal 2 Alternate day schedule

Period	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesd Thursday Friday	Thursday	Friday
			ay		
st	8:15 AM	8:00 AM	8:15 AM	8:00 AM	8:15 AM
2 nd	9:40 AM	9:25 AM	9:40 AM	9:25 AM	9:40 AM
3 rd	11:05 AM	10:50 AM	11:05 AM	10:50 AM	11:05 AM
4 th	12:30 PM	12:15 PM	12:30 PM	12:15 PM	12:30 PM
5 th	1:55 PM	1:40 PM	1:55 PM	1:40 PM	1:55 PM
Free time	3:10-3:35	2:55-4:05	3:10-3:35	2:55-4:05	3:10-3:35
	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM
e th	3:35 PM	4:05 PM	3:35 PM	4:05 PM	3:35 PM
th.	5:00 PM	5:30 PM	5:00 PM	5:30 PM	5:00 PM
8 th	6:25 PM	6:55 PM	6:25 PM	6:55 PM	6:25 PM
9 th	7:50 PM	8:15 PM	7:50 PM	8:15 PM	7:50 PM

Community hour two days a week (Tuesday/Thusday) for an hour and 10 minutes. Classes would have twoschedules. 7th period would alternate between 5:00 PM and 5:30 PM. Classes begin at

Proposal 3 Change Start Time of 6th Period five days a week

Period	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesd Thursday Friday	Thursday	Friday
8:15 AM	8:15 AM	8:15 AM	8:15 AM	8:15 AM	8:15 AM
9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM
11:05 AM	11:05 AM	11:05 AM	11:05 AM	11:05 AM	11:05 AM
12:30 PM	12:30 PM	12:30 PM	12:30 PM	12:30 PM	12:30 PM
1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM
3:10-4:20	3:10-4:20	3:10-4:20	3:10-4:20	3:10-4:20	3:10-4:20
PM	bM Md	ЬМ	bM	PM	PM
4:20 PM	4:20 PM	4:20 PM	4:20 PM	4:20 PM	4:20 PM
5:45 PM	5:45 PM	5:45 PM	5:45 PM	5:45 PM	5:45 PM
7:10 PM	7:10 PM	7:10 PM	7:10 PM	7:10 PM	7:10 PM
8:35 PM	8:35 PM	8:35 PM	8:35 PM	8:35 PM	8:35 PM

Classes start at 8.15 AM. The start time of 6th period is adjusted. 6th period will begins at 4.20 PM. Community hour four days a week from 3.10 to 4.20 PM (1 hour and 10 minutes). 7th period begins at 5.45 two days a week. 9th period ends at 9.50 PM.

Proposal 3A Alternate start time for 6th period

8:15 AM 8:15 AM 9:40 AM 9:40 AM 9:40 AM 11:05 AM 11:05 PM 11:55 PM	Period	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesd	Thursday Friday	Friday
8:15 AM 8:15 AM 8:15 AM 8:15 AM 8:15 AM 9:40 AM 9:40 AM 9:40 AM 11:05 AM 11				ay		
9:40 AM 9:40 AM 9:40 AM 11:05 PM 1:55	1 st	8:15 AM		8:15 AM	8:15 AM	8:15 AM
11:05 AM 11:05 AM 11:05 AM 1 12:30 PM 12:30 PM 12:30 PM 1 1:55 PM 1:55 PM 1:50 PM 1:	2 nd	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM	9:40 AM
a time 3:10-3:35 PM 12:30 PM 12:55 PM 1:55 PM	3 rd	11:05 AM			11:05 AM	11:05 AM
e time 3:10-3:35 3:10-4;20 3:10-3:35 3: PM	4 th	12:30 PM		-	12:30 PM	12:30 PM
a time 3:10-3:35 3:10-4:20 3:10-3:35 3: PM	5 th	1:55 PM		1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM
3:35 PM 4:20 PM 3:35 PM 5:00 PM 5:45 PM 5:00 PM 7:10 PM 6:25 PM 7:50 PM 7:50 PM	Free time	3:10-3:35	3:10-4:20	3:10-3:35	3:10-4:20	3:10-3:35
3:35 PM 4:20 PM 3:35 PM 5:00 PM 5:45 PM 5:00 PM 6:25 PM 7:10 PM 6:25 PM 7:50 PM 8:35 PM 7:50 PM		Md	PM	PM	PM	PM-W4
5:00 PM 5:45 PM 5:00 PM 6:25 PM 7:10 PM 6:25 PM 7:50 PM	6 th	3:35 PM			4:20 PM	3:35 PM
6:25 PM 7:10 PM 6:25 PM 7:50 PM 8:35 PM 7:50 PM	7 th	5:00 PM		5:00 PM	5:45 PM	5:00 PM
8-35 PM 7-50 PM	8 th	6:25 PM		6:25 PM	7:10 PM	6:25 PM
11110000	9 th	7:50 PM	8:35 PM	7:50 PM	8:35 PM	7:50 PM

Classes start at 8:15 AM. The start time of 6th period is adjusted.
Two days a week 6th period begins atr 4:20 PM. Community hour two days a week from 3:10 to 4:20 PM (1 hour and 10 minutes).

7th period begins at 5:45 two days a week

Proposal 4 - Classes are not scheduled 5th Period on Thursday

1 st 2 nd	0	Molinay	Inesnay	wednesda	Inursday	rriday
2 nd	8:15 AM					
- red	9:40 AM					
3.5	11:05 AM					
4 th 1	12:30 PM					
5 th	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	1:55 PM	Free time	1:55 AM
Free time Fr	Free time					
6 th	3:35 PM					
7 th	5:00 PM					
8 th	6:25 PM					
9 th	7:50 PM					

There would be no change in the current class periods. Classes would continue to meet as currently scheduled. No classes would be scheduled during what is currently Thursday 5th period. Community hour Thursday is